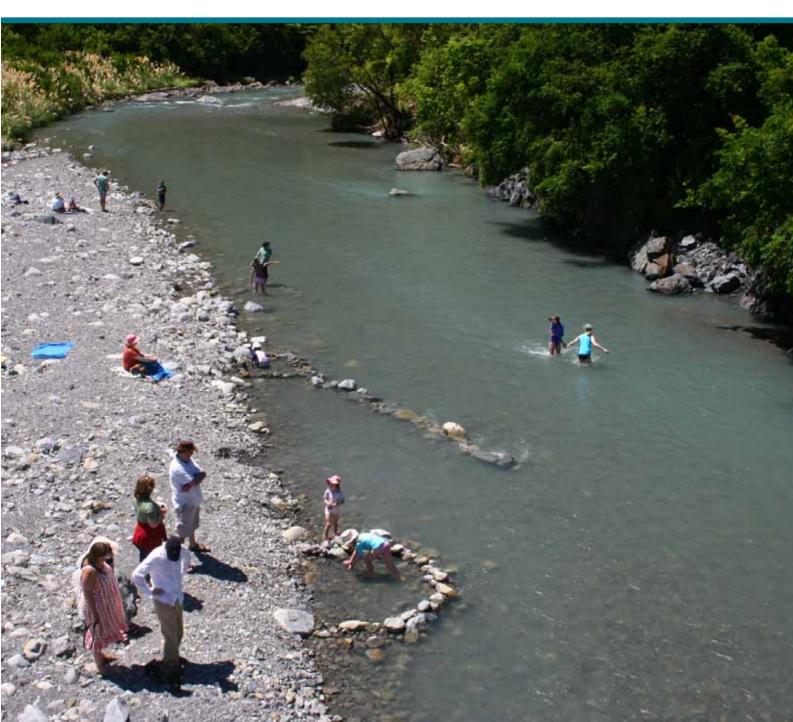
# On the beaches 2008/09

Annual recreational water quality monitoring report for the Wellington region

**Quality for Life** 







# On the beaches 2008/09

Annual recreational water quality monitoring report for the Wellington region

Summer Warr Environmental Monitoring and Investigations Department

Greater Wellington in association with:









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June 2009



## Erratum (issued 29 January 2010)

The entries for the two Robinson Bay bathing sites in the marine waters table in Appendix 3 (pp. 29-30) have been transposed. The correct data entries are as follows:

| Pathing Site                     | Total<br>no. of | No. sample results<br>(Enterococci/100 mL) |                    |                  | Beach grading (2004/05 – 2008/09 data) |   |      |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--------------------|------------------|--|---|------|
| Bathing Site                     | samples         | Surveillance<br>(≤140)                     | Alert<br>(141-280) | Action<br>(>280) | SIC<br>Grade                           | MAC Grade<br>(95 <sup>th</sup> %-ile value) | SFRG |
| Robinson Bay @ HW Shortt Rec Grd | 21              | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | C (489)                                     | Fair |
| Robinson Bay @ Nikau St          | 21              | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (125)                                     | Good |

Also note that the "Surveillance" and "Action" headings in the marine waters table in Appendix 3 of this web-version report have been updated – the headings were transposed in the original report released in June 2009.

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### 1. Introduction

Regional and territorial authorities monitor recreational water quality to identify risks to public health from disease-causing organisms and advise the public of these risks. People can then make informed decisions about where, when, and how they use rivers and the marine environment for recreation.

Recreational water quality monitoring in the Wellington region over 2008/09 was once again a joint effort involving the Greater Wellington Regional Council (Greater Wellington) and its constituent local councils, in particular the Kapiti Coast District Council, Porirua City Council, Hutt City Council and Wellington City Council. Regional Public Health and Wairarapa Public Health were consulted on occasions when the results of the monitoring indicated a serious health risk might exist. During the summer bathing season, weekly water test results were collated by Greater Wellington and displayed at www.gw.govt.nz/on-the-beaches.

This report summarises the results of routine sampling undertaken over the 2008/09 summer bathing season (1 November 2008 to 31 March 2009 inclusive).

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# 2. Recreational water quality monitoring in the Wellington region

From the start of the 2000/01 summer, recreational water quality monitoring in the Wellington region has been a joint effort involving Greater Wellington and its constituent local councils. The sites monitored reflect their use by the public for contact recreation; in particular, swimming, canoeing, rafting, surfing, and boating.

## 2.1 Monitoring objectives

The aims of Greater Wellington's recreational water quality monitoring programme are to:

- 1. Determine the suitability of selected sites in marine and fresh waters for contact recreation;
- 2. Determine the suitability of marine water in designated areas for the gathering of shellfish for human consumption;
- 3. Assist in safeguarding public health and the environment;
- 4. Provide a mechanism to determine the effectiveness of regional plans;
- 5. Provide information to assist in determining spatial and temporal changes in the environment (State of the Environment (SoE) monitoring); and
- 6. Provide information to assist in targeted investigations where remedial action or mitigation of poor water quality is desired.

## 2.2 Microbiological water quality indicators and guidelines

Water contaminated by human or animal excreta may contain a diverse range of pathogenic (disease-causing) micro-organisms such as bacteria, viruses, and protozoa (e.g., salmonella, campylobacter, cryptosporidium, giardia, etc). These organisms may pose a health hazard when the water is used for recreational activities such as swimming. The most common illness from swimming in contaminated water is gastroenteritis, but recent evidence shows that respiratory illness and skin infections are also quite common. In most cases, the ill-health effects from exposure to contaminated water are minor and short-lived, although the potential for more serious diseases such as Hepatitis A, Giardiasis, Cryptosporidiosis, Campylobacteriosis, and Salmonellosis can not be discounted. It is likely that many cases of illness contracted through contact recreation activities in contaminated water go unreported.

In 2003 the Ministry for the Environment (MfE) and the Ministry of Health (MoH) finalised microbiological water quality guidelines for recreational waters which are based on an assessment of the risk from exposure to contaminated water. These guidelines use bacteriological indicators associated with the gut of warm-blooded animals to assess the risk of faecal

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contamination and therefore the potential presence of harmful pathogens<sup>1</sup>. The indicators used are:

- Freshwater (including estuarine waters): Escherichia coli (E. coli)
- Marine waters: Enterococci
- Recreational shellfish-gathering waters: Faecal coliforms

Compliance with the MfE/MoH (2003<sup>2</sup>) microbiological water quality guidelines (from this point on referred to as *the recreational water quality guidelines*) should ensure that people using water for contact recreation are not exposed to significant health risks. The guideline values are outlined in Sections 3 (fresh waters), 4 (marine waters), and 5 (shellfish gathering waters) of this report. The guidelines for fresh and marine waters are essentially "trigger" values to help water managers determine when management intervention is required. The "trigger" values underpin a three-tier management framework analogous to traffic lights (Table 2.1).

Table 2.1: Three-tier management framework for recreational waters advocated by MfE/MoH (2003)

| Mode               | Management Response  |
|--------------------|--|
| Green/Surveillance | Routine monitoring   |
| Amber/Alert        | Increased monitoring, investigation of source and risk assessment          |
| Red/Action         | Closure, public warnings, increased monitoring and investigation of source |

## 2.2.1 Beach grading

The MfE/MoH (2003) guidelines outline a process to grade the suitability of marine and fresh waters for recreational use from a public health perspective. This involves combining a qualitative assessment of the susceptibility of a recreational site to faecal contamination, and direct measurements of the appropriate bacteriological indicator at the site to generate a "Suitability for Recreation Grade" (SFRG) for the site. The SFRG describes the general condition of the water at a site at any given time.

SFRGs have already been determined for recreational sites in the Wellington region using microbiological data obtained from routine weekly sampling over the 2001/02 to 2005/06 summer bathing seasons (Milne & Wyatt 2006a). Updated SFRGs reflecting the 2008/09 microbiological water quality results are summarised in Appendix 3.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Indicator bacteria are monitored because individual pathogenic organisms are often present in very low numbers, can be hard to detect, and the analytical tests are expensive.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The guidelines were published in June 2002 and updated in June 2003.

## 3. Recreational water quality in fresh waters

#### 3.1 Introduction

Recreational water quality was monitored at 23 freshwater sites across the Wellington region over 2008/09 (Figure 3.1, Appendix 1), as follows:

- Kapiti Coast District 4 sites
- Hutt and Wainuiomata river catchments 7 sites
- Wairarapa 12 sites

The sites monitored reflect their use by the public for contact recreation; in particular, swimming, surfing, and boating.

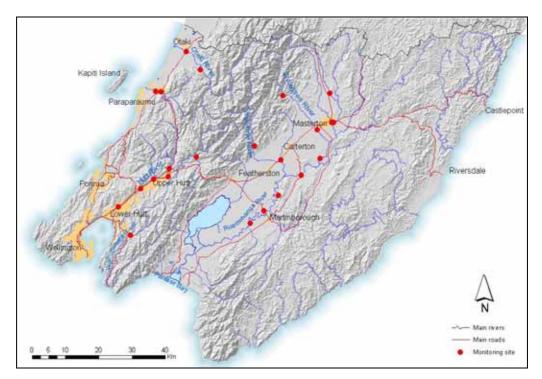


Figure 3.1: Freshwater recreation sites monitored over 2008/09

### 3.2 Monitoring protocol

Sites were sampled weekly during the bathing season, with the exception of the Otaki River at Pots (near Pukehinau on the Kapiti Coast) and the Waiohine River at Gorge (Wairarapa) which were sampled monthly under Greater Wellington's Rivers State of the Environment (RSoE) monitoring programme<sup>3</sup>. On each sampling occasion a single water sample was collected 0.2 metres below the surface in 0.5 metres water depth and analysed for *E. coli* indicator bacteria using a membrane filtration method. This analytical method provides

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Historically these sites were sampled separately under two Greater Wellington water quality monitoring programmes; recreational water quality and RSoE water quality. As both river sites have a "very low" to "low" risk of microbiological contamination and a high level of compliance with recreational water quality guidelines, Milne & Wyatt (2006) recommended that routine weekly sampling under the recreational water quality monitoring programme cease; the monthly microbiological water quality results obtained from these sites under the RSoE monitoring programme are now used to assess recreational water quality.

a result in 24 hours, therefore enabling prompt re-sampling in the event that a result exceeds recommended guideline values.

Measurements of water temperature and turbidity, and visual estimates of periphyton (algae) cover, were also made at each site. Excessive amounts of periphyton, in particular filamentous algae, can reduce the amenity value of waterways by decreasing their aesthetic appearance, reducing visibility, and being a physical nuisance to swimmers. Some species of cyanobacteria (bluegreen algae) can also produce natural toxins (cyanotoxins) which are harmful to humans and animals, particularly dogs (Milne & Watts 2007).

An estimate of the daily rainfall in the catchment adjoining each site over the bathing season was made by obtaining records from the nearest rain gauge. Rainfall can have a significant impact on water quality, as a result of runoff from rural or urban land and re-suspension of riverbed sediments.

A list of field and laboratory methods can be found in Appendix 2.

## 3.3 Guidelines

As outlined in Section 2.2, the MfE/MoH (2003) recreational water quality guidelines use bacteriological "trigger" values to help water managers determine when management intervention is required. The "trigger" values underpin a three-tier management framework analogous to traffic lights (Table 3.1).

Table 3.1: MfE/MoH (2003) surveillance, alert and action levels for fresh waters

| Mode               | Guideline<br>E. coli (cfu/100 mL) | Management Response  |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Green/Surveillance | Single sample ≤ 260               | Routine monitoring   |
| Amber/Alert        | Single sample > 260 and ≤ 550     | Increased monitoring, investigation of source and risk assessment          |
| Red/Action         | Single sample > 550               | Closure, public warnings, increased monitoring and investigation of source |

When water quality falls in the "surveillance mode", this indicates that the risk of illness from bathing is acceptable (for freshwaters the accepted level of risk is 8 in every 1,000 bathers). If water quality falls into the "alert" category, this indicates an increased risk of illness from bathing, but still within an acceptable range. However, if water quality enters the "action" category, then the water poses an unacceptable health risk from bathing (MfE/MoH 2003). At this point, warning signs are erected at the bathing site, and the public is informed that it is unsafe to swim at that site. The only time a warning is unlikely to be issued is when an action level result is preceded by rainfall. This is because it is widely known that rainfall is highly correlated with elevated bacteria counts in rivers (see Section 3.6). For this reason Greater Wellington and the Ministry of Health advise avoiding swimming and other contact recreation activities in freshwaters during and for up to several days after heavy rainfall.

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## 3.3.1 Periphyton guidelines

The MfE (2000) periphyton<sup>4</sup> guidelines provide two maximum thresholds for periphyton cover in gravel/cobble bed streams managed for aesthetic and recreational values: 30% filamentous algae >2 cm long, and 60% cover for diatoms/cyanobacteria >0.3 cm thick. These thresholds relate to the visible areas of stream bed only.

## 3.4 Data analysis, limitations and cautionary notes

All sampling and evaluation of results have been undertaken in accordance with the MfE/MoH (2003) recreational water quality guidelines. However, the guidelines do not cover toxic algal blooms or proliferations, which in certain places and under certain conditions, may pose a significant risk to contact recreation. Toxic algae blooms were recorded at popular recreational spots in the Hutt and Waipoua rivers over much of the 2008/09 recreational season and were also present in several of Wellington's rivers over the 2007/08 and 2005/06 summers (Ryan & Warr 2008, Milne &Watts 2007). The response to toxic algal blooms is managed by a working party of Regional Public Health, Wairarapa Public Health, Territorial Authority and Greater Wellington staff. It includes close monitoring of 'flushing' river flows<sup>5</sup> and the use of two different warning signs (Figure 3.2):

- 'medium risk' when there have been no flushing flows for two weeks and flows are low or significant cover of cyanobacterial mats (20-30%) is present.
- 'high risk' where cyanobacterial mats cover more than 50% of the river bed, dislodged cyanobacterial mats are present in shallow waters or a dog or human illness is reported.





Figure 3.2: Medium (left) and high risk (right) warnings signs used to inform the public of the health risk from cyanobacterial mats

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Periphyton refers to the slime coating on a riverbed, composed largely of algae and cyanobacteria.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A 'flushing' flow is a high river flow (usually defined as 3x the median river flow) that generally follows a heavy rainfall event and can 'scour' periphyton from the riverbed.

#### 3.5 Results

Action level *E. coli* results recorded during routine monitoring over 2008/09 are summarised below for bathing sites in Kapiti Coast, Hutt, Wainuiomata and Wairarapa rivers. The number of surveillance, alert and action level results recorded at each of the 23 bathing sites are summarised in Appendix 3. Follow-up sampling is generally conducted when a routine sample returns a result that exceeds the alert or action guideline. The key exception is when routine sampling coincides with, or is followed by, heavy rainfall and elevated river flows. Only action level-related follow-up sampling results are discussed here.

## 3.5.1 Kapiti

Two of the four freshwater bathing sites on the Kapiti Coast exceeded the action guideline of 550 cfu/100 mL during the 2008/09 bathing season:

• 25 November 2008 – Waikanae River at State Highway 1 (1,100 cfu/100 mL) and Waikanae River at Jim Cooke Park (1,400 cfu/100 mL)

These exceedances coincided with 14.5 mm of rainfall in the 24 hours prior to sampling. Results from additional samples collected the following day at both sites complied with the surveillance guideline.

Coverage of mat algae was within guideline values on all sampling occasions at all sites. However, the guideline value for filamentous algae cover was exceeded at the Otaki River at State Highway 1 on 4 February 2009 (59%). Shortly after this a 'fresh' in the river cleared this filamentous algal cover.

Growth of potentially toxic cyanobacteria was observed in the Waikanae River at State Highway 1 and Jim Cooke Park from early December 2008 onwards. This prompted the Kapiti Coast District Council to erect 'medium risk' health warning signs at these sites as a precautionary measure. These signs remained in place for the rest of the summer bathing season.

#### 3.5.2 Hutt and Wainuiomata

All seven bathing sites in the Hutt and Wainuiomata river catchments exceeded the action guideline on at least one occasion during the summer bathing season. The Hutt River at Silverstream site exceeded the action guideline on four occasions. The action level events recorded in the Hutt and Wainuiomata river catchments during 2008/09 were:

- 18 November 2008 Wainuiomata River at Richard Prouse Park (800 cfu/100 mL)
- 25 November 2008 Hutt River at Silverstream (560 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Boulcott (980 cfu/100 mL)
- 9 December 2008 Pakuratahi River at Forks (820 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Silverstream (860 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Boulcott (780

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cfu/100 mL) and Wainuiomata River at Richard Prouse Park (3,100 cfu/100 mL)

- 16 December 2008 Pakuratahi River at Forks (960 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Birchville (2,100 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Maoribank Corner (2,300 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Poets Park (1,100 cfu/100 mL) Hutt River at Silverstream (2,400 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Boulcott (2,900 cfu/100 mL) and Wainuiomata River at Richard Prouse Park (1,600 cfu/100 mL)
- 10 February 2009 Hutt River at Birchville (580 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Maoribank Corner (1,800 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Poets Park (580 cfu/100 mL), Hutt River at Silverstream (1,800 cfu/100 mL) and Wainuiomata River at Richard Prouse Park (600 cfu/100 mL)

Most breaches of the action guideline coincided with at least 10 mm of rainfall in the 24 hours prior to sampling. For example, the action level *E. coli* results recorded at all sites on 16 December 2008 coincided with 46 mm and 23 mm of rain in the Hutt and Wainuiomata catchments respectively.

The action guideline exceedance in the Wainuiomata River at Richard Prouse Park coincided with 5.5 mm of rainfall in the 48 hours prior to sampling as well as rainfall on the day. There was little or no rainfall in the 72 hours prior to the action guideline exceedances at five sites on 10 February 2009 although rainfall was recorded in both the Hutt and Wainuiomata catchments on the day of sampling. Additional samples were collected following all breaches of the action guideline and most complied with the surveillance guideline.

Coverage of filamentous and mat algae was within guideline values on all sampling occasions at all sites. However, potentially toxic cyanobacterial mats were observed in the Hutt River at and downstream of Birchville from early December 2008 onwards (Figure 3.3) prompting Hutt City Council, Upper Hutt City Council and Greater Wellington to erect 'medium risk' warning signs at key access points to the river. These signs remained in place for the duration of the bathing season.

'High risk' warning signs were erected at the Hutt River at Silverstream site on 15 December 2009 following observations of widespread cyanobacterial cover as well as dislodged cyanobacterial mats (signs were also erected at sites at Kennedy Good and Ewan bridges). These signs were removed on 17 December following a 'fresh' in the river that successfully removed the mats from the river bed.

A report of a dog illness after being in the Hutt River at the Melling Bridge in late January prompted Hutt City Council to erect 'high risk' warning signs at several sites along the Hutt River downstream of the suburb of Belmont, including the Boulcott monitoring site. Samples of both attached and detached cyanobacterial mats were taken from the Hutt River at the Melling Bridge for toxin analysis on 30 January 2009. Toxin concentrations in these samples were either very low or below detection limits in all cases. 'High risk' warning signs remained in place at these sites until a 'fresh' occurred on 16 February 2009, clearing the mats from the river bed.

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Figure 3.3: Cyanobacterial mats along the left bank of the Hutt River at Silverstream

## 3.5.3 Wairarapa

Two of the 12 bathing sites monitored in Wairarapa rivers exceeded the action guideline during the summer bathing season:

• 2 March 2009 – Ruamahanga River at Te Ore Ore (1,300 cfu/100 mL) and Ruamahanga River at Bentleys Beach (580 cfu/100 mL)

These breaches of the action guideline coincided with extremely heavy rainfall (121.5 mm) in the 72 hours prior to sampling. Results from additional samples collected at both sites complied with the surveillance guideline.

The filamentous periphyton cover threshold was exceeded on one occasion at two sites; the Waiohine River at State Highway 2 and the Ruamahanga River at Bentleys Beach. Both of these exceedances occurred on 3 February 2009. Although there were no exceedances of the 60% cover threshold for matforming algae, potentially toxic cyanobacterial mats were widespread in the Waipoua River at Colombo Road (Masterton) for much of the bathing season, prompting the placement of 'high risk' warning signs at this site on 7 January 2009. These signs remained in place until the end of the bathing season.

On 29 January 2009, following a report of human illness after swimming, samples of cyanobacterial mats were taken for toxicity testing from a site in the Waipoua River at Kiriwhakapapa Road. It was concluded that the concentrations of toxins in these samples were high enough (100-230  $\mu$ g/kg) to cause human illness (Dr Susie Wood, Cawthron Institute, pers comm.). No warning signs were erected as the swimming hole is on private property and solely used by the landowner.

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## 3.6 Synthesis

Of the 21 freshwater sites monitored weekly over the 2008/09 summer bathing season, 11 (52%) exceeded the action guideline on at least one occasion (Table 3.2). Two sites (Hutt River at Silverstream and Wainuiomata River at Richard Prouse Park) exceeded the action guideline on four occasions.

Table 3.2: Summary of action guideline breaches from routine weekly monitoring at 21 freshwater sites over the 2008/09 summer bathing season<sup>†</sup>

| No. of Times             | No. o     | f Sites in each E       | Exceedance Category |       |               |
|--------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------|---------------|
| Site Exceeded the Action | Kapiti    | Hutt and<br>Wainuiomata | omata or Sites (21) |       | % of<br>Sites |
| Guideline                | (3 sites) | (7 sites)               | (11 sites)          | (= .) |               |
| 0                        | 1         | 0                       | 9                   | 10    | 47.6          |
| 1                        | 2         | 0                       | 2                   | 4     | 19.0          |
| 2                        | 0         | 4                       | 0                   | 4     | 19.0          |
| 3                        | 0         | 1                       | 0                   | 1     | 4.8           |
| 4                        | 0         | 2                       | 0                   | 2     | 9.5           |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> This analysis excludes the Otaki River at The Pots (Kapiti) and the Waiohine River at Gorge (Wairarapa); these sites are only sampled monthly under Greater Wellington's RSoE water quality monitoring programme.

A total of 23 (5.2%) routine sampling results exceeded the action guideline of 550 cfu/100 mL. The same number of exceedances were recorded during the 2007/08 summer (Ryan & Warr 2008).

The majority (17) of the 23 action level results were associated with at least 10 mm of rainfall in the 72 hours prior to sampling. This finding is consistent with previous observations; elevated *E. coli* counts in fresh water are typically related to diffuse-source runoff, urban stormwater (including sewer overflows), and re-suspension of sediments during rainfall events (Milne & Wyatt 2006, Milne 2005).

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## 4. Recreational water quality in marine waters

#### 4.1 Introduction

Recreational water quality was monitored at 77 marine sites across the Wellington region over 2008/09 (Figure 4.1, Appendix 1), as follows:

- Kapiti Coast District 20 sites
- Porirua City 15 sites
- Hutt City 15 sites
- Wellington City 22 sites
- Wairarapa 5 sites

The sites monitored reflect their use by the public for contact recreation; in particular, swimming, surfing, and boating.

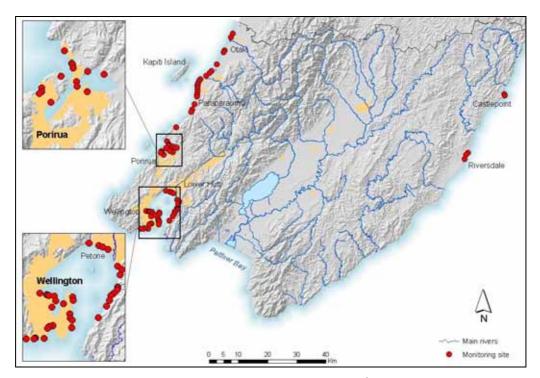


Figure 4.1: Marine recreation sites monitored over 2008/09

## 4.2 Monitoring protocol

Sites were sampled weekly during the bathing season, with the exception of Camp Bay (Hutt City), Breaker Bay (Wellington City), Princess Bay (Wellington City) and Riversdale Beach South (Wairarapa) which were sampled fortnightly<sup>6</sup>. On each sampling occasion a single water sample was collected 0.2 metres below the surface in 0.5 metres water depth and analysed for enterococci indicator bacteria using a membrane filtration method. This analytical method provides a result in 24 hours, therefore enabling prompt resampling in the event that a result exceeds recommended guideline values.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Milne & Wyatt (2006) recommended the frequency of sampling reduce from weekly to fortnightly from 1 November 2006 because these sites have a "very low" to "low" risk of microbiological contamination and a high level of compliance with recreational water quality guidelines.

Observations of weather and the state of the tide, and visual estimates of seaweed cover, were also made at each site to assist with the interpretation of the monitoring results. For example:

- Rainfall may increase enterococci counts by flushing accumulated debris from urban and agricultural areas into coastal waters.
- Wind direction can influence the movement of currents along the coastline and can therefore affect water quality at a particular site.
- In some cases, an increase in enterococci counts may be due to the presence of decaying seaweed. There is evidence that some strains of enterococci are able to replicate or persist in decaying seaweed (Anderson 2000).

An estimate of the daily rainfall in the catchment adjoining each site over the bathing season was made by obtaining records from the nearest rain gauge.

A list of field and laboratory methods can be found in Appendix 2.

#### 4.3 Guidelines

As outlined in Section 2.2, the MfE/MoH (2003) recreational water quality guidelines use bacteriological "trigger" values to help water managers determine when management intervention is required. The "trigger" values underpin a three-tier management framework analogous to traffic lights (Table 4.1).

| T     4 4 BACE/BA     /0000   | ***             |                  |                 |                     |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Table 4.1: MfE/MoH (2003)     | CHILANCE        | SIART SING SCTIC | IN IDVAIR TO    | ar marina watare    |
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| Mode               | Guideline<br>Enterococci (cfu/100 mL)         | Management Response  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Green/Surveillance | Single sample ≤ 140                           | Routine monitoring   |
| Amber/Alert        | Single sample > 140                           | Increased monitoring, investigation of source and risk assessment          |
| Red/Action         | Two consecutive samples within 24 hours > 280 | Closure, public warnings, increased monitoring and investigation of source |

When water quality falls in the "surveillance mode", this indicates that the risk of illness from bathing is acceptable (for marine waters the accepted level of risk is 19 in every 1,000 bathers). If water quality falls into the "alert" category, this indicates an increased risk of illness from bathing, but still within an acceptable range. However, if the water quality enters the "action" category, then the water poses an unacceptable health risk from bathing. At this point, warning signs are erected at the bathing site, and the public is informed that it is unsafe to swim at that site. The only time a warning is unlikely to be issued is when an action level result is preceded by heavy rainfall. This is because it is widely known that rainfall is often correlated with elevated bacteria counts in marine waters (see Section 4.6). For this reason Greater Wellington and the Ministry of Health advise avoiding swimming and other contact recreation activities in marine waters during and for up to several days after heavy rainfall.

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## 4.4 Data analysis, limitations and cautionary notes

All sampling and evaluation of results have been undertaken in accordance with the MfE/MoH (2003) recreational water quality guidelines. However, it is not possible to accurately specify the number of true exceedances of the red/action mode of the guidelines. The guidelines state that a marine bathing site only enters the action mode when *two consecutive samples* exceed 280 enterococci/100 mL but, in practice, there can be delays in collecting a second sample (e.g., bad weather). Therefore to ensure that recreational water quality is assessed on an equal basis across all 77 sites, the approach taken by Greater Wellington is to treat any single result greater than 280 enterococci/100 mL obtained from routine weekly monitoring as an exceedance of the red/action mode of the guidelines. This is also the approach taken by the Ministry for the Environment in its national recreational water quality monitoring reporting and means that a second consecutive action result is simply used to confirm the appropriate management response (e.g., erection of public warnings), (MfE 2005).

The MfE/MoH (2003) recreational water quality guidelines do not cover toxic algal blooms, which in certain places and under certain conditions may pose a significant risk to contact recreation. Such blooms have occurred in marine recreational waters in the Wellington region in the past.

#### 4.5 Results

Action level enterococci results recorded during routine monitoring over 2008/09 are summarised below for marine waters in Kapiti, Porirua City, Hutt City, Wellington City and the Wairarapa. The number of surveillance, alert and action level results recorded at each of the 77 bathing sites are summarised in Appendix 3. In accordance with the MfE/MoH (2003) recreational water quality guidelines, follow-up sampling is conducted when a routine sample returns a result that exceeds the alert or action guideline. Only action level-related follow-up sampling results are discussed here. On occasion, alert level follow-up sampling returns a result above the action guideline, triggering additional sampling or investigation.

### 4.5.1 Kapiti

Only one of the 20 marine sites monitored along the Kapiti Coast exceeded the action guideline of 280 cfu/100 mL during the summer bathing season:

• 12 February 2009 - Otaki Beach at Surf Club site (490 cfu/100 mL)

This exceedance coincided with 13 mm of rainfall in the 72 hours prior to sampling and 44 mm on the day of sampling. A follow-up sample collected by Kapiti Coast District Council staff complied with the surveillance guideline ( $\leq$  140 cfu/100mL).

The number of action guideline exceedances at Kapiti Coast marine bathing sites was considerably lower in 2008/09 than in preceding bathing seasons.

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For example in 2007/08 and 2006/07 nine and seven sites exceeded the action guideline respectively.

#### 4.5.2 Porirua

Thirteen of the 15 sites monitored in Porirua City exceeded the action guideline during the bathing season, with one site (Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club) exceeding the guideline five times. The 2008/09 action events are summarised below:

- 25 November 2008 South Beach at Plimmerton (790 cfu/100 mL) and Pauatahanui Inlet at Browns Bay (1,900 cfu/100 mL)
- 2 December 2008 Titahi Bay at Access Rd (1,200 cfu/100 mL)
- 9 December 2008 Pukerua Bay (1,300 cfu/100 mL), Karehana Bay at Cluny Rd (900 cfu/100 mL), Pauatahanui Inlet at Water Ski Club (850 cfu/100 mL), Paremata Beach at Pascoe Avenue (400 cfu/100 mL), Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club (1,200 cfu/100 mL) and Titahi Bay at Access Road (1,500 cfu/100 mL)
- 16 December 2008 Karehana Bay at Cluny Rd (490 cfu/100 mL), Plimmerton Beach at Bath Street (540 cfu/100 mL), Plimmerton Beach at Queens Avenue (600 cfu/100 mL), South Beach at Plimmerton (380 cfu/100 mL), Pauatahanui Inlet at Motukaraka Point (1,400 cfu/100 mL), Pauatahanui Inlet at Browns Bay (470 cfu/100 mL), Titahi Bay at Bay Drive (390 cfu/100 mL), Titahi Bay at Toms Road (380 cfu/100 mL) and Titahi Bay at Access Road (500 cfu/100 mL)
- 22 December 2008 Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club (820 cfu/100 mL)
- 3 February 2009 South Beach at Plimmerton (480 cfu/100 mL)
- 17 February 2009 Pauatahanui Inlet at Water Ski Club (310 cfu/100 mL) and Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club (1,600 cfu/100 mL)
- 24 February 2009 Plimmerton Beach at Bath Street (310 cfu/100 mL), Pauatahanui Inlet at Water Ski Club (290 cfu/100 mL) and Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club (1,200 cfu/100 mL)
- 3 March 2009 Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club (800 cfu/100 mL)

Most of these action guideline exceedances coincided with at least 10 mm of rainfall in the 72 hours prior to sampling. For example, exceedance of the action guideline at nine sites on 16 December 2008 coincided with 37.5 mm of rainfall in the 24 hours prior to sampling.

However, no significant rainfall was recorded in the 72 hours prior to action guideline exceedances on 2 December 2008, 24 February and 3 March 2009. The exceedances recorded on 24 February were particularly unusual; there was no significant rainfall before sampling and results from follow up samples

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continued to exceed guidelines (the alert guideline at Plimmerton at Bath Street and Pauatahanui at Water Ski Club, and the action guideline at Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club). A further follow-up sample collected at Plimmerton at Bath Street complied with the surveillance guideline but results exceeded the alert threshold at the Pauatahanui Inlet at Water Ski Club and Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club sites. No cause for these exceedances is apparent from the field observations recorded during sampling although turbidity was high (59.7 NTU) at the Pauatahanui Inlet at Water Ski Club site on 24 February 2009.

Health warning signs were erected at the Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club site following consecutive action mode exceedances on 23 December 2008, 12 February and 25 February 2009 and remained in place until sample results complied with the surveillance guideline.

The high frequency of exceedances of the microbiological water quality guidelines at the Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club site is of concern. In addition to the five exceedances of the action threshold, the alert threshold was also exceeded on three routine sampling occasions at this site. On many of these occasions enterococci counts also exceeded the alert or action thresholds in one or two consecutive follow up samples.

A sample was taken near the mouth of an unnamed stream that enters the Porirua Harbour immediately adjacent to the Rowing Club site on 16 January 2009. The *E. coli* count in this sample was 6,400 cfu/100 mL indicating that contamination of the stream may be linked to the ongoing breaches at the Rowing Club site. A further five samples were collected from the lower reaches of the stream by Porirua City Council staff on 3 March 2009 following repeated exceedances of the action and alert thresholds at the Rowing Club site. The *E. coli* counts from these samples ranged from 450 cfu/100 mL 200m from the stream mouth to 2,200 cfu/100 mL at Dimock Street (approximately 600m from the stream mouth). Further sampling is to be undertaken in the stream catchment to identify the source of these high indicator bacteria counts.

#### 4.5.3 Hutt

Only one of the 15 marine sites monitored in Hutt City exceeded the action guideline of 280 cfu/100 mL during the summer bathing season:

• 11 November 2008 - Days Bay at Wellesley College site (450 cfu/100 mL)

The reason for this exceedance is unclear. A follow-up sample collected the next day complied with the surveillance guideline ( $\leq 140 \text{ cfu}/100 \text{ mL}$ ).

The number of action guideline exceedances at Hutt City marine bathing sites was considerably lower in 2008/09 than preceding bathing seasons. For example in 2007/08 and 2006/07 fourteen and eight sites exceeded the action guideline respectively.

On 26 March 2009, two days after the final routine summer sampling was conducted at Hutt City coastal recreational sites, five major leaks were found in the main sewer pipeline that runs along the eastern bays to the main discharge

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outfall at Pencarrow. In order to repair the leaks, treated sewage from the Seaview Wastewater Treatment Plant was diverted to the mouth of the Waiwhetu Stream. Hutt City Council erected health warning signs at bathing beaches in the vicinity of the Waiwhetu Stream mouth and overflow sites between Seaview and Pencarrow. The identification of further leaks during the repair process meant that the discharge to the Waiwhetu Stream continued until 19 May. Regular monitoring of coastal water quality was undertaken in the vicinity of the Waiwhetu Stream and the overflow sites until repairs were completed and discharge at the Pencarrow outfall reinstated.

On 27 May a further crack in the sewer was detected and treated sewage was again discharged at the mouth of the Waiwhetu Stream. At the time of publication it was estimated that this discharge would continue until at least the end of June.

## 4.5.4 Wellington City

Only two of the 22 marine sites monitored in Wellington City exceeded the action guideline during the bathing season. This is a similar result to the 2006/07 season when three sites exceeded the action guideline. Eleven sites exceeded the action guideline during the 2007/08 season. The 2008/09 action events are summarised below:

- 22 December 2008 Mahanga Bay (500 cfu/100 mL)
- 19 January 2009 Owhiro Bay (630 cfu/100 mL)
- 9 March 2009 Owhiro Bay (340 cfu/100 mL)

All three of these action guideline exceedances coincided with more than 10 mm of rainfall in the 72 hours prior to sampling; 32.5 mm, 19.4 mm and 16.4 mm for exceedances on 22 December 2008, 19 January and 9 March 2009 respectively.

The Wellington City Council collected additional samples following all exceedances of the action guideline. All but one of the follow-up sample results complied with the surveillance guideline. The exception was the result from sampling following the breach at Owhiro Bay on 19 January 2009 which exceeded the alert guideline. The result from a second follow-up sample complied with the surveillance guideline.

### 4.5.5 Wairarapa

Castlepoint Beach at Castlepoint Stream was the only one of the five marine bathing sites in the Wairarapa that exceeded the action guideline of 280 cfu/100 mL during the 2008/09 summer:

8 December 2008 – Castlepoint Beach at Castlepoint Stream (890 cfu/100 mL)

The cause of this exceedance is unclear as no rainfall was recorded in the 72 hours prior to sample collection though 1.2 mm of rainfall was recorded on the

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day of sampling, and rotting seaweed and a dead seagull were also recorded at this site. The result of a follow-up sample collected by Greater Wellington staff complied with the surveillance guideline.

## 4.6 Synthesis

Eighteen of the 77 marine sites (23%) monitored over the 2008/09 summer bathing season exceeded the action guideline, although many of these (10 sites) exceeded the guideline on only one occasion (Table 4.2).

Table 4.2: Summary of action guideline breaches from routine weekly monitoring at 77 marine sites over the 2008/09 summer bathing season<sup>†</sup>

| No. of Times                             | N                    | o. of Sites           | s in each E        | xceedance Ca             | tegory                 | Total No.        | % of<br>Sites |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Site Exceeded<br>the Action<br>Guideline | Kapiti<br>(20 sites) | Porirua<br>(15 sites) | Hutt<br>(15 sites) | Wellington<br>(22 sites) | Wairarapa<br>(5 sites) | of Sites<br>(77) |               |
| 0  | 19                   | 2                     | 14                 | 20                       | 4                      | 59               | 76.6          |
| 1  | 1                    | 6                     | 1                  | 1                        | 1                      | 10               | 13.0          |
| 2  | 0                    | 3                     | 0                  | 1                        | 0                      | 4                | 5.2           |
| 3  | 0                    | 3                     | 0                  | 0                        | 0                      | 3                | 3.9           |
| 4  | 0                    | 0                     | 0                  | 0                        | 0                      | 0                | 0             |
| 5  | 0                    | 1                     | 0                  | 0                        | 0                      | 1                | 1.3           |

<sup>†</sup> includes four sites (one in Hutt City and the Wairarapa and two in Wellington City) sampled fortnightly.

A total of 32 (2%) routine sampling results exceeded the action guideline of 550 cfu/100 mL. This is approximately half the number of exceedances recorded during the 2007/08 summer (66) (Ryan & Warr 2008).

The majority (24) of the 32 action events were associated with at least 10 mm of rainfall in the three days prior to sampling; 14 were associated with more than 10 mm of rainfall in the 24 hours prior to sampling. This finding is consistent with previous observations; elevated enterococci counts in marine waters are often related to urban stormwater (including sewer overflows), diffuse-source runoff into rivers and streams and re-suspension of sediments during rainfall events. Re-suspension of sediments (due to winds and/or tidal action) can also affect some beaches in dry weather as can poor water quality in rivers, streams and drains discharging directly to the coast (Milne & Wyatt 2006).

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## 5. Recreational shellfish gathering water quality

#### 5.1 Introduction

Recreational shellfish gathering water quality was monitored at nine marine sites across the Wellington region over 2008/09 (Figure 5.1, Appendix 1), as follows:

- Kapiti Coast District 3 sites
- Porirua City 3 sites
- Hutt City 1 site
- Wellington City 2 sites

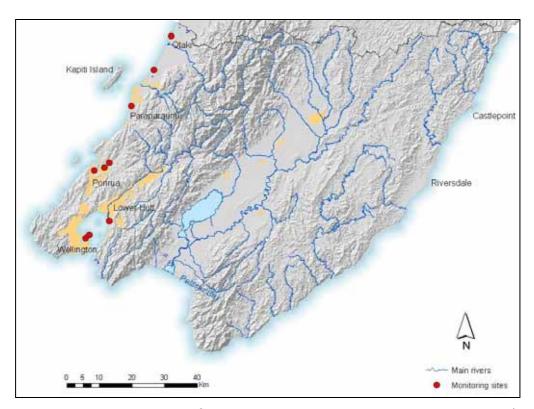


Figure 5.1: Recreational shellfish gathering water quality monitoring sites, 2008/09

## 5.2 Monitoring protocol

Sites were sampled weekly during 1 November 2008 to 31 March 2009 inclusive and at least monthly during the remainder of the year, at the same time as marine recreational water quality sampling (all nine sites are also marine bathing sites). On each sampling occasion a single water sample was collected 0.2 metres below the surface in 0.5 metres water depth and analysed for faecal coliform indicator bacteria using membrane filtration. Although the MfE/MoH (2003) guidelines recommend the five-tube decimal dilution test (known as the Most Probable Number (MPN) method), membrane filtration produces an equivalent result in colony forming units (cfu) and is a faster test, providing a result in 24 hours.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> These sites, introduced in July 2007, are not recommended shellfish gathering sites but are monitored in response to community interest.

#### 5.3 Guidelines

As outlined in Section 2.2, the MfE/MoH (2003) recreational water quality guidelines use faecal coliform bacteria as indicators of microbiological contamination in shellfish-gathering waters. The guidelines state:

- The median faecal coliform content of samples taken over a shellfish-gathering season shall not exceed 14 MPN/100 mL; and
- Not more than 10% of samples collected over a shellfish gathering season should exceed 43 MPN/100 mL.

The MfE/MoH (2003) guidelines also state the guideline values above should be applied in conjunction with a sanitary survey. Sanitary surveys are presented for each site in Appendix 3 in the form of the Sanitary Inspection Categories (SICs) which indicate the susceptibility of these sites to faecal contamination. More information on how these SICs were assigned can be found in Milne & Wyatt (2006).

## 5.4 Cautionary note

The MfE/MoH (2003) guidelines only address microbiological contamination. They do not address marine biotoxins, heavy metals, or harmful organic contaminants which in certain places and locations can pose a significant risk to people gathering shellfish. For this reason, the guidelines can not be used to determine whether shellfish are actually safe to eat. Monitoring of microbiological contaminants in *shellfish flesh* is needed to provide a direct measure of the risks associated with consuming shellfish. Greater Wellington periodically undertakes shellfish flesh monitoring; the most recent monitoring was undertaken in early 2006 (Milne 2006).

## 5.5 Data analysis and limitations

All sampling and evaluation of results have been undertaken in accordance with the MfE/MoH (2003) recreational water quality guidelines where possible. However, the guidelines do not define a shellfish gathering season, nor do they provide any guidance on the minimum number of samples that should be used to calculate compliance with the median guideline. In the absence of such guidance, the approach taken in this report is to align the shellfish gathering season with the summer bathing season (i.e., 1 November to 31 March inclusive), even though it is acknowledged that shellfish gathering is likely to occur year round at many sites to some degree.

In some cases, additional sampling was undertaken in conjunction with resampling of bathing sites following an exceedance of the alert or action levels of the marine recreational water quality guidelines. The results of these follow-up samples were excluded from the calculation of compliance with the recreational shellfish gathering water quality guidelines (i.e., only routine weekly sampling results are discussed here).

During data processing, any faecal coliform counts reported as less than or greater than detection limits were replaced by values one half of the detection

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limit or the detection limit respectively (i.e., counts of <4 cfu/100 mL and >400 cfu/100 mL were treated as 2 cfu/100 mL and 400 mL respectively).

### 5.6 Results

Compliance with the shellfish gathering water quality guidelines over the 2008/09 summer season is summarised below for marine waters in Kapiti, Porirua City, Wellington City and Hutt City.

## 5.6.1 Kapiti

None of the three monitoring sites on the Kapiti Coast complied with the recreational shellfish gathering water quality guidelines for the 2008/09 summer period (Table 5.1). Although the median faecal coliform count at the Peka Peka Beach monitoring site did not exceed the guideline of 14 cfu/100mL, more than 10% of water samples exceeded 43 cfu/100 mL. Otaki Beach at Surf Club and Raumati Beach at Hydes Road exceeded both guideline criteria

Table 5.1: Analysis of faecal coliform counts obtained from routine weekly monitoring during the 2008/09 summer months against the MfE/MoH (2003) guideline levels for recreational shellfish-gathering waters

| Site                       | Median<br>(cfu/100 mL) | Maximum<br>(cfu/100 mL) | No. (and percentage) of results >43 cfu/100 mL | Total<br>no. of<br>samples |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Otaki Beach – Surf Club    | 16                     | 570                     | 6 (28.6%)                                      | 21                         |
| Peka Peka Beach – Road End | 10                     | 120                     | 8 (38.1%)                                      | 21                         |
| Raumati Beach – Hydes Rd   | 15                     | 170                     | 5 (23.8%)                                      | 21                         |

The maximum faecal coliform counts recorded at Peka Peka on 3 March 2009 and Raumati Beach on 23 February 2009 both coincided with more than 10 mm of rainfall in the 72 hours prior to sampling.

The maximum faecal bacteria count recorded at Otaki Beach (570 cfu/100 mL on 12 February 2009) coincided with a small amount of rainfall both prior to (<10 mm in previous 72 hours) as well as on the day of sampling.

#### 5.6.2 Porirua

None of the three monitoring sites in Porirua complied with the recreational shellfish gathering water quality guidelines for the 2008/09 summer period. Although the median faecal bacteria guideline of 14 cfu/100 mL was not exceeded at any site, more than 10% of samples exceeded 43 cfu/100 mL at all three sites (Table 5.2).

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Table 5.2: Analysis of faecal coliform counts obtained from routine weekly monitoring during the 2008/09 summer months against the MfE/MoH (2003) guideline levels for recreational shellfish-gathering waters

| Site                                     | Median<br>(cfu/100 mL) | Maximum<br>(cfu/100 mL) | No. (and percentage)<br>of results >43<br>cfu/100 mL | Total no. of samples |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Pauatahanui Inlet at Browns Bay          | 8                      | 770                     | 9 (42.9%)  | 21                   |
| Pauatahanui Inlet at<br>Motukaraka Point | 4                      | 860                     | 3 (14.3%)  | 21                   |
| Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club           | 12                     | 610                     | 9 (42.9%)  | 21                   |

The maximum faecal bacteria counts recorded at Browns Bay on 25 November 2008, Motukaraka Point on 16 December 2008 and at the Porirua Harbour at Rowing Club site on 17 February 2009 all coincided with more than 10 mm of rainfall in the 72 hours prior to sampling. The maximum faecal bacteria count recorded at Browns Bay also coincided with high turbidity and a strong northerly wind.

## 5.6.3 Wellington City

Of the monitoring sites in Wellington City, only Shark Bay complied fully with the recreational shellfish gathering water quality guidelines for the 2008/09 summer period. The median faecal count for Mahanga Bay did not exceed the guideline of 14 cfu/100 mL but more than 10% of water samples exceeded 43 cfu/100 mL (Table 5.3).

Table 5.3: Analysis of faecal coliform counts obtained from routine weekly monitoring during the 2008/09 summer months against the MfE/MoH (2003) guideline levels for recreational shellfish-gathering waters

| Site        | Median<br>(cfu/100 mL) | Maximum<br>(cfu/100 mL) | No. (and percentage) of results >43 cfu/100 mL | Total<br>no. of<br>samples |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Shark Bay   | 2                      | 52                      | 1 (4.8%)                                       | 21                         |
| Mahanga Bay | 2                      | 320                     | 3 (14.3%)                                      | 21                         |

Although no rainfall was recorded in the 72 hours prior to the maximum faecal bacteria count recorded at Mahanga Bay on 8 December 2008, rain fell on the day of sampling.

#### 5.6.4 Hutt

In Hutt City, recreational shellfish gathering water quality was monitored at one site in Sorrento Bay. This site complied fully with the recreational shellfish gathering water quality guidelines for the 2008/09 summer period, despite two faecal coliform counts exceeding 43 cfu/100 mL (Table 5.4). The cause of the maximum faecal bacteria count recorded at Sorrento Bay (420 cfu/100 mL on 11 November 2008) is unclear as no rainfall occurred prior to or on the day of sampling.

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Table 5.4: Analysis of faecal coliform counts obtained from routine weekly monitoring during the 2008/09 summer months against the MfE/MoH (2003) guideline levels for recreational shellfish-gathering waters

| Site         | Median<br>(cfu/100 mL) | Maximum<br>(cfu/100 mL) | No. (and percentage) of results >43 cfu/100 mL | Total<br>no. of<br>samples |
|--------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Sorrento Bay | 2                      | 420                     | 2 (9.5%)                                       | 21                         |

## 5.7 Synthesis

Porirua City and Kapiti Coast sites had high faecal coliform counts compared with other areas. Although Mahanga Bay did not fully comply with the MfE/MoH (2003) guidelines, water quality was consistently higher at Wellington and Hutt City monitoring sites. These results are consistent with those from the 2007/08 bathing season (Ryan & Warr 2008).

Analysis of rainfall records indicates that most elevated faecal coliform results coincided with significant rainfall events prior to sampling. As discussed in section 4.6, it is advisable to avoid contact with marine recreational waters for several days after heavy rain.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Published June 2002, updated June 2003.

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# **Appendix 1: Monitoring sites**

| Area             | Site Name  | NZ Ma              | NZ Map Grid        |                   |  |  |
|------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| 7                |  | Easting            | Northing           | Туре              |  |  |
| Hutt             | Petone Beach @ Water Ski Club  | 2665765            | 5996304            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Petone Beach @ Sydney Street   | 2667067            | 5995961            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Petone Beach @ Settlers Museum   | 2667577            | 5995770            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Petone Beach @ Kiosk   | 2668348            | 5995425            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Sorrento Bay   | 2669654            | 5993098            | Marine*           |  |  |
| Hutt             | Lowry Bay @ Cheviot Road   | 2670228            | 5992605            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | York Bay   | 2669999            | 5991874            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Days Bay @ Wellesley College   | 2669639            | 5990243            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Days Bay @ Wharf   | 2669677            | 5990027            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Days Bay @ Moana Road  | 2669605            | 5989834            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Rona Bay @ N end of Cliff Bishop Park                                    | 2669132            | 5989367            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Rona Bay @ Wharf   | 2668753            | 5989084            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Robinson Bay @ HW Shortt Rec Ground                                      | 2668542            | 5988387            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Robinson Bay @ Nikau Street  | 2668154            | 5987569            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Camp Bay   | 2667013            | 5986001            | Marine            |  |  |
| Hutt             | Hutt River @ Silverstream Bridge   | 2677619            | 6004887            | Freshwater        |  |  |
| Hutt             | Hutt River @ Boulcott  | 2670941            | 5999283            | Freshwater        |  |  |
| Hutt             | Wainuiomata River @ Richard Prouse Park                                  | 2674559            | 5990855            | Freshwater        |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Otaki Beach @ Surf Club  | 2688639            | 6050044            | Marine*           |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Otaki Beach @ Rangiuru Road  | 2688028            | 6048783            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Te Horo Beach S of Mangaone Stream                                       | 2685797            | 6044192            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Te Horo Beach @ Kitchener Street   | 2685513            | 6043648            | Marine            |  |  |
| =                | Peka Peka Beach @ Road End   | 2683233            | 6039620            | Marine*           |  |  |
| Kapiti           |  | 2681406            | 6037299            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti<br>Kapiti | Waikanae Beach @ William Street Waikanae Beach @ Tutere St Tennis Courts | 2680673            | 6036577            | Marine            |  |  |
| =                | Waikanae Beach @ Ara Kuaka Carpark                                       | 2679532            | 6035693            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           |  | 2677561            | 6034477            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Paraparaumu Beach @ Ngapotiki Street                                     |                    |                    |                   |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Paraparaumu Beach @ Nathan Avenue  | 2677051            | 6033889<br>6032982 | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Paraparaumu Beach @ Maclean Park   | 2676712            | ******             | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Paraparaumu Beach @ Toru Road  | 2676595<br>2676521 | 6032430            | Marine<br>Marine  |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Paraparaumu Beach @ Wharemauku Road                                      |                    | 6031785            |                   |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Raumati Beach @ Tainui Street  | 2676549            | 6030944            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Raumati Beach @ Marine Gardens   | 2676535            | 6030156            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Raumati Beach @ Aotea Road   | 2676433<br>2676337 | 6029244<br>6028550 | Marine<br>Marine* |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Raumati Beach @ Hydes Road   |                    |                    | Marine*           |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Paekakariki Beach @ Whareroa Road  | 2675617            | 6025843            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Paekakariki Beach @ Surf Club  | 2674810            | 6023988            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Paekakariki Beach @ Memorial Hall  | 2674452            | 6023305            | Marine            |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Otaki River @ The Pots   | 2695461            | 6040455            | Freshwater        |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Otaki River @ State Highway 1  | 2691326            | 6046120            | Freshwater        |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Waikanae River @ State Highway 1   | 2683770            | 6034011            | Freshwater        |  |  |
| Kapiti           | Waikanae River @ Jim Cooke Park  | 2682173            | 6034092            | Freshwater        |  |  |
| Porirua          | Pukerua Bay  | 2669309            | 6017968            | Marine            |  |  |
| Porirua          | Karehana Bay @ Cluny Road  | 2666113            | 6013074            | Marine            |  |  |
| Porirua          | Plimmerton Beach @ Bath Street   | 2666726            | 6012030            | Marine            |  |  |
| Porirua          | Plimmerton Beach @ Queens Avenue   | 2666790            | 6011888            | Marine            |  |  |
| Porirua          | South Beach @ Plimmerton   | 2666830            | 6011588            | Marine            |  |  |
| Porirua          | Paremata Beach @ Pascoe Avenue   | 2667137            | 6010447            | Marine            |  |  |
| Porirua          | Pauatahanui Inlet @ Water Ski Club                                       | 2668094            | 6011307            | Marine            |  |  |
| Porirua          | Pauatahanui Inlet @ Motukaraka Point                                     | 2669506            | 6011052            | Marine*           |  |  |
| Porirua          | Pauatahanui Inlet @ Paremata Bridge                                      | 2667173            | 6009998            | Marine            |  |  |

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| Area                     | Site Name                              | NZ Ma   | NZ Map Grid |            |  |
|--------------------------|--|---------|-------------|------------|--|
|                          |  | Easting | Northing    | Туре       |  |
| Porirua                  | Pauatahanui Inlet @ Browns Bay         | 2668059 | 6009547     | Marine*    |  |
| Porirua                  | Porirua Harbour @ Rowing Club          | 2664911 | 6008661     | Marine*    |  |
| Porirua                  | Titahi Bay @ Bay Drive                 | 2664152 | 6009883     | Marine     |  |
| Porirua                  | Titahi Bay @ Toms Road                 | 2664130 | 6009571     | Marine     |  |
| Porirua                  | Titahi Bay @ South Beach Access Road   | 2663926 | 6009396     | Marine     |  |
| Porirua                  | Onehunga Bay                           | 2665816 | 6010895     | Marine     |  |
| Upper Hutt               | Pakuratahi River @ Forks               | 2694308 | 6014337     | Freshwater |  |
| Upper Hutt               | Hutt River @ Birchville                | 2686216 | 6010807     | Freshwater |  |
| Upper Hutt               | Hutt River @ Maoribank Corner          | 2685902 | 6008412     | Freshwater |  |
| Upper Hutt               | Hutt River @ Poets Park                | 2681482 | 6007807     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Ruamahanga River @ Double Bridges      | 2734363 | 6033494     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Ruamahanga River @ Te Ore Ore          | 2735543 | 6024638     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Waipoua River @ Colombo Road           | 2735010 | 6024610     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Waingawa River @ Kaituna               | 2720341 | 6032867     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Waingawa River @ South Road            | 2730565 | 6022599     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Ruamahanga River @ The Cliffs          | 2731492 | 6013902     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Ruamahanga River @ Kokotau             | 2725774 | 6008913     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Waiohine River @ Gauge                 | 2711871 | 6017655     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Waiohine River @ State Highway 2       | 2719683 | 6013431     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Ruamahanga River @ Morrisons Bush      | 2718938 | 6002829     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Ruamahanga River @ Waihenga            | 2714631 | 5998182     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Ruamahanga River @ Bentleys Beach      | 2710556 | 5994533     | Freshwater |  |
| Wairarapa                | Castlepoint Beach @ Castlepoint Stream | 2781366 | 6029287     | Marine     |  |
| Wairarapa                | Castlepoint Beach @ Smelly Creek       | 2781670 | 6028931     | Marine     |  |
| Wairarapa                | Riversdale Beach @ Lagoon Mouth        | 2768974 | 6009275     | Marine     |  |
| Wairarapa                | Riversdale Beach Between the Flags     | 2768445 | 6008680     | Marine     |  |
| Wairarapa                | Riversdale Beach South                 | 2767844 | 6007246     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Aotea Lagoon                           | 2659007 | 5989395     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Oriental Bay @ Freyberg Beach          | 2659942 | 5989176     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Oriental Bay @ Wishing Well            | 2660140 | 5989098     | Marine     |  |
| _                        | Oriental Bay @ Band Rotunda            | 2660265 | 5989087     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington<br>Wellington | Balaena Bay                            | 2660980 | 5988979     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Kio Bay                                | 2661163 | 5988311     | Marine     |  |
|                          | •                                      |         |             |            |  |
| Wellington               | Hataitai Beach                         | 2660654 | 5987442     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Shark Bay                              | 2662233 | 5987909     | Marine*    |  |
| Wellington               | Mahanga Bay                            | 2663490 | 5988828     | Marine*    |  |
| Wellington               | Scorching Bay                          | 2663539 | 5988360     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Worser Bay                             | 2663097 | 5986535     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Seatoun Beach @ Wharf                  | 2663152 | 5985946     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Seatoun Beach @ Inglis Street          | 2663428 | 5985706     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Breaker Bay                            | 2663335 | 5984682     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Lyall Bay @ Tirangi Road               | 2660770 | 5984942     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Lyall Bay @ Onepu Road                 | 2660309 | 5984828     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Lyall Bay @ Queens Drive               | 2660013 | 5984580     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Princess Bay                           | 2659609 | 5983216     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Island Bay @ Surf Club                 | 2658400 | 5983302     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Island Bay @ Reef St Recreation Ground | 2658252 | 5983254     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Island Bay @ Derwent Street            | 2658178 | 5983127     | Marine     |  |
| Wellington               | Owhiro Bay                             | 2657145 | 5983174     | Marine     |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Water quality is also monitored for recreational shellfish gathering purposes

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## **Appendix 2: Laboratory and field methods**

Kapiti Coast District Council collected and analysed water samples collected in their district. Water samples collected in Porirua, Wellington City, Hutt City and the Wairarapa were analysed by Environmental Laboratory Services (ELS).

#### Methods and detection limits

| Determinant  | Method   | Detection Limit |
|--|--|-----------------|
| Escherichia coli at 44.5°C                                       | APHA Standard Methods (20th Ed.) 9213D,<br>Membrane filter on mTEC agar, Urea substrate  | 1-4/100 mL      |
| Enterococci at 41°C  | US EPA Method 1600, Membrane filter on mEI agar  | 1-5 cfu/100 mL  |
| Faecal coliforms at 44.5°C                                       | APHA Standard Methods (20th Ed.) 9222D,<br>Membrane filter on mFC agar   | 1-5 cfu/100 mL  |
| Water temperature  | Field meter or digital thermometer   | 0.1°C           |
| Turbidity  | APHA Standard Methods (20th Ed.) 2130B   | 0.1 NTU         |
| Periphyton cover<br>(both filamentous and mat-<br>forming algae) | Mean % of algae visually estimated (using a 20 cm diameter hoop) at 10 points on a single transect (or 5 points on two transects) across the river | 5%              |
| Seaweed cover  | Visual estimate within 5 m radius around sample point, including both floating and attached seaweed  | 5%              |

#### Rainfall stations

Freshwater Recreational Sites

- Kapiti Coast District Taungata Peak (Otaki River) and Waikanae Water Treatment Plant (Waikanae River)
- Hutt Kaitoke Headworks (Pakuratahi River), Te Marua (Hutt River), Wainuiomata Reservoir (Wainuiomata River)
- Wairarapa Mount Bruce (Ruamahanga River), Kaituna (Waipoua River, Waingawa River), Phelps (Waiohine River), Angle Knob (located in the upper Waingawa catchment and used as indicator of rainfall high in Tararua Range).

#### Marine Recreational Sites

- Kapiti Coast District Otaki Depot (Otaki Beach, Te Horo Beach), Waikanae Water Treatment Plant (Peka Peka Beach, Waikanae Beach), Paraparaumu Aerodrome\* (Paraparaumu Beach, Raumati Beach, Paekakariki Beach)
- Porirua City Whenua Tapu
- Hutt City Shandon
- Wellington City Wellington Airport\*
- Wairarapa Castlepoint\*

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<sup>\*</sup> NIWA rainfall stations

## **Appendix 3: Summary statistics and SFRGs**

Microbiological water quality data for the 2008/09 summer are summarised in the tables below. The Microbiological Assessment Category (MAC) values, and therefore the Suitability for Recreation Grades (SFRGs) determined by Milne and Wyatt (2006)<sup>9</sup>, have been updated using the 2004/05 – 2008/09 microbiological results.

## (a) Freshwaters

|                               | Total no.  | No. sample r           | esults ( <i>E. co</i> | /i/100 mL)       | Beach grading (2004/05 – 2008/09 data) |  |              |  |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|--|--------------|--|
| Bathing Site                  | of samples | Surveillance<br>(≤260) | Alert<br>(261-550)    | Action<br>(>550) | SIC Grade                              | MAC Grade<br>(95 <sup>th</sup> %-ile<br>value) | SFRG†        |  |
| Kapiti                        |            |                        |                       |                  |  |  |              |  |
| Otaki R @ Pots                | 5‡         | 5                      | 0                     | 0                | Low                                    | B (196)*                                       | Good*        |  |
| Otaki R @ SH 1                | 21         | 21                     | 0                     | 0                | Moderate                               | C (261   | Fair         |  |
| Waikanae R @ SH 1             | 21         | 20                     | 0                     | 1                | Moderate                               | C (317)  | Fair         |  |
| Waikanae R @ Jim Cooke Park   | 21         | 19                     | 1                     | 1                | Moderate§                              | C (276)  | Fair§        |  |
| Hutt & Wainuiomata            |            |                        |                       |                  |  |  |              |  |
| Pakuratahi R @ Forks          | 21         | 18                     | 1                     | 2                | Moderate                               | D (824)  | Poor         |  |
| Hutt R @ Birchville           | 21         | 18                     | 1                     | 2                | Moderate                               | D (968)  | Poor         |  |
| Hutt R @ Maoribank Corner     | 21         | 18                     | 1                     | 2                | Moderate                               | D (676)  | Poor         |  |
| Hutt R @ Poets Park           | 21         | 19                     | 0                     | 2                | Moderate                               | D (596)  | Poor         |  |
| Hutt R @ Silverstream         | 21         | 15                     | 2                     | 4                | Moderate                               | D (1,900)                                      | Poor         |  |
| Hutt R @ Boulcott             | 21         | 18                     | 0                     | 3                | Moderate                               | D (1,820)                                      | Poor         |  |
| Wainuiomata R @ RP Park       | 21         | 17                     | 0                     | 4                | Moderate§                              | D (1,760)                                      | Poor§        |  |
| Wairarapa                     |            |                        |                       |                  |  |  |              |  |
| Ruamahanga R @ Double Bridges | 21         | 21                     | 0                     | 0                | Mod/High                               | D (658)  | Poor/V. Poor |  |
| Ruamahanga R @ Te Ore Ore     | 21         | 20                     | 0                     | 1                | High                                   | D (1,369)                                      | Very Poor    |  |
| Ruamahanga R @ The Cliffs     | 21         | 20                     | 1                     | 0                | High                                   | D (720)  | Very Poor    |  |
| Ruamahanga R @ Kokotau        | 21         | 20                     | 1                     | 0                | High                                   | D (685)  | Very Poor    |  |
| Ruamahanga R @ Morrisons Bush | 21         | 20                     | 1                     | 0                | High                                   | C (470)  | Poor**       |  |
| Ruamahanga R @ Waihenga       | 21         | 21                     | 0                     | 0                | High                                   | C (495)  | Poor**       |  |
| Ruamahanga R @ Bentleys Beach | 21         | 19                     | 1                     | 1                | High                                   | D (635)  | Very Poor    |  |
| Waipoua R @ Colombo Rd        | 21         | 21                     | 0                     | 0                | High                                   | C (530)  | Poor**       |  |
| Waingawa R @ Kaituna          | 21         | 21                     | 0                     | 0                | Low                                    | B (221)  | Good         |  |
| Waingawa R @ South Rd         | 21         | 21                     | 0                     | 0                | Moderate                               | B (181)  | Good**       |  |
| Waiohine R @ Gorge (Gauge)    | 5‡         | 5                      | 0                     | 0                | Low                                    | A (114)*                                       | V. Good*     |  |
| Waiohine R @ SH 2             | 21         | 21                     | 0                     | 0                | Moderate                               | A (88)   | Good         |  |

<sup>†</sup> Note that the freshwater SFRGs better reflect the condition of the water during wet weather than dry weather when contact recreation would be greatest (see Milne & Wyatt 2006).

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<sup>‡</sup> from November 2006, sampled monthly under Greater Wellington's Rivers State of the Environment water quality programme.

<sup>\*</sup> based on 2001/02 - 2006/07 data as presented in Milne & Wyatt (2006).

<sup>\*\*</sup> indicates a change in MAC/SFRG from that determined by Milne & Wyatt (2006).

<sup>§</sup> interim grading (SIC grading based on previously graded sites in the same catchment or catchment knowledge, MAC grade based on 2 years of data, n=42)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The SFRGs are determined by the Sanitary Inspection Category (SIC) value and the MAC value. The SIC value (determined in 2006 and to be reviewed every five years) generally has the greatest influence on the SFRG. Milne & Wyatt (2006) provide a full explanation of the beach grades and the grading process.

## (b) Marine waters

| Bathing Site                        | Total no. | No. sample results<br>(Enterococci/100 mL) |                    |                  | Beach grading (2004/05 – 2008/09 data) |   |       |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|--|--------------------|------------------|--|---|-------|
| Datining Site                       | samples   | Surveillance<br>(≤140)                     | Alert<br>(141-280) | Action<br>(>280) | SIC Grade                              | MAC Grade<br>(95 <sup>th</sup> %-ile value) | SFRG  |
| Kapiti                              |           |  |                    |                  |  |   |       |
| Otaki Beach @ Surf Club             | 21        | 20   | 0                  | 1                | Low                                    | C (276)                                     | Fair* |
| Otaki Beach @ Rangiuru Rd           | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | C (278)                                     | Fair* |
| Te Horo Beach S of Mangaone Strm    | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (355)                                     | Fair  |
| Te Horo Beach @ Kitchener St        | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (254)                                     | Fair  |
| Peka Peka Beach @ Rd End            | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (120)                                     | Good  |
| Waikanae Beach @ William St         | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (112)                                     | Good  |
| Waikanae Beach @ Tutere St T.C.     | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (110)                                     | Good  |
| Waikanae Beach @ Ara Kuaka C.P.     | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (196)                                     | Good* |
| Paraparaumu Beach @ Ngapotiki St    | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (321)                                     | Fair  |
| Paraparaumu Beach @ Nathan Ave      | 21        | 20   | 1                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (355)                                     | Fair  |
| Paraparaumu Beach @ Maclean Pk      | 21        | 19   | 2                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (298)                                     | Fair  |
| Paraparaumu Beach @ Toru Rd         | 21        | 20   | 1                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (237)                                     | Fair  |
| Paraparaumu Beach @ Wharemauku Ro   |           | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (167)                                     | Good* |
| Raumati Beach @ Tainui St           | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (134)                                     | Good* |
| Raumati Beach @ Marine Gardens      | 21        | 19   | 2                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (247)                                     | Fair  |
| Raumati Beach @ Aotea Rd            | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low/Mod                                | B (122)                                     | Good  |
| Raumati Beach @ Hydes Rd            | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (212)                                     | Fair  |
| Paekakariki Beach @ Whareroa Rd     | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (86)                                      | Good  |
| Paekakariki Beach @ Surf Club       | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (47)                                      | Good  |
| Paekakariki Beach @ Memorial Hall   | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (49)                                      | Good  |
|                                     |           | 21   | · ·                |                  | LOW                                    | В (43)                                      | 0000  |
| Porirua Pukerua Bay                 | 21        | 20   | 0                  | 1                | Low                                    | B (130)                                     | Good  |
| •                                   | 21        |  |                    | 2                |  | ` '   | Fair* |
| Karehana Bay @ Cluny Rd             | 21        | 17<br>19                                   | 0                  | 2                | Moderate                               | C (203)                                     |       |
| Plimmerton Beach @ Bath St          | -         | 19   |                    |                  | Moderate                               | C (257)                                     | Fair* |
| Plimmerton Beach @ Queens Ave       | 21        |  | 1                  | 1                | Moderate                               | C (206)                                     | Fair  |
| South Beach @ Plimmerton            | 21        | 16   | 2                  | 3                | Moderate                               | C (483)                                     | Fair* |
| Paremata Beach @ Pascoe Ave         | 21        | 18   | 2                  | 1                | Moderate                               | B (199)                                     | Good* |
| Pauatahanui Inlet @ Water Ski Club  | 21        | 16   | 2                  | 3                | Moderate                               | B (186)                                     | Good* |
| Pauatahanui Inlet @ Motukaraka Pt   | 21        | 17   | 3                  | 1                | Moderate                               | C (201)                                     | Fair* |
| Pauatahanui Inlet @ Browns Bay      | 21        | 15   | 4                  | 2                | Moderate                               | C (278)                                     | Fair* |
| Pauatahanui Inlet @ Paremata Bridge | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate§                              | B (124)                                     | Good§ |
| Porirua Harbour @ Rowing Club       | 21        | 13   | 3                  | 5                | Moderate                               | D (1,200)                                   | Poor  |
| Titahi Bay @ Bay Drive              | 21        | 18   | 2                  | 1                | Moderate                               | C (272)                                     | Fair* |
| Titahi Bay @ Toms Rd                | 21        | 20   | 0                  | 1                | Moderate                               | B (166)                                     | Good* |
| Titahi Bay @ South Beach Access Rd  | 21        | 18   | 0                  | 3                | Moderate                               | B (175)                                     | Good* |
| Onehunga Bay                        | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (63)                                      | Good* |
| Hutt                                |           |  |                    |                  |  |   |       |
| Petone Beach @ Water Ski Club       | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (202)                                     | Fair  |
| Petone Beach @ Sydney St            | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (130)                                     | Good* |
| Petone Beach @ Settlers Museum      | 21        | 20   | 1                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (203)                                     | Fair* |
| Petone Beach @ Kiosk                | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B(141)                                      | Good  |

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| Bathing Site                         | Total no. | No. sample results<br>(Enterococci/100 mL) |                    |                  | Beach grading (2004/05 – 2008/09 data) |   |          |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|--------------------|------------------|--|---|----------|
| batting Site                         | samples   | Surveillance<br>(≤140)                     | Alert<br>(141-280) | Action<br>(>280) | SIC Grade                              | MAC Grade<br>(95 <sup>th</sup> %-ile value) | SFRG     |
| Sorrento Bay                         | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (56)                                      | Good     |
| Lowry Bay @ Cheviot Rd               | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (195)                                     | Good*    |
| York Bay                             | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (53)                                      | Good     |
| Days Bay @ Wellesley College         | 21        | 20   | 0                  | 1                | Low                                    | B (100)                                     | Good     |
| Days Bay @ Wharf                     | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (139)                                     | Good     |
| Days Bay @ Moana Rd                  | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (131)                                     | Good     |
| Rona Bay @ N end of Cliff Bishop Pk  | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low/Mod                                | B (135)                                     | Good*    |
| Rona Bay @ Wharf                     | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low/Mod                                | B (193)                                     | Good*    |
| Robinson Bay @ HW Shortt Rec Grd     | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | C (281)                                     | Fair     |
| Robinson Bay @ Nikau St              | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (189)                                     | Good     |
| Camp Bay                             | 11        | 11   | 0                  | 0                | Very Low                               | B (66)                                      | V. Good  |
| Wellington City                      | 1         | l .  |                    |                  |  |   |          |
| Aotea Lagoon                         | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (130)                                     | Fair*    |
| Oriental Bay @ Freyberg Beach        | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (57)                                      | Good     |
| Oriental Bay @ Wishing Well          | 21        | 20   | 1                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (264)                                     | Fair     |
| Oriental Bay @ Band Rotunda          | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | C (226)                                     | Fair     |
| Balaena Bay                          | 21        | 20   | 1                  | 0                | Low                                    | A (40)                                      | V. Good* |
| Kio Bay                              | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (120)                                     | Good     |
| Hataitai Beach                       | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (133)                                     | Good*    |
| Shark Bay                            | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (61)                                      | Good     |
| Mahanga Bay                          | 21        | 20   | 0                  | 1                | Low                                    | B (191)                                     | Good     |
| Scorching Bay                        | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (58)                                      | Good     |
| Worser Bay                           | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (54)                                      | Good     |
| Seatoun Beach @ Wharf                | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low/Mod                                | B (85)                                      | Good     |
| Seatoun Beach @ Inglis St            | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low/Mod                                | B (47)                                      | Good     |
| Breaker Bay                          | 11        | 11   | 0                  | 0                | V. Low                                 | A (19)                                      | V. Good  |
| Lyall Bay @ Tirangi Rd               | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (192)                                     | Good     |
| Lyall Bay @ Onepu Rd                 | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (69)                                      | Good     |
| Lyall Bay @ Queens Drive             | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (57)                                      | Good     |
| Princess Bay                         | 11        | 11   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | A (16)                                      | V. Good  |
| Island Bay @ Surf Club               | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (182)                                     | Good     |
| Island Bay @ Reef St Recreation Grd  | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (194)                                     | Good     |
| Island Bay @ Derwent St              | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (101)                                     | Good‡    |
| Owhiro Bay                           | 21        | 19   | 0                  | 2                | Moderate                               | C (383)                                     | Fair     |
| Wairarapa                            |           |  |                    |                  |  |   |          |
| Castlepoint Beach @ Castlepoint Strm | 21        | 19   | 1                  | 1                | Moderate                               | B (150)                                     | Good     |
| Castlepoint Beach @ Smelly Creek     | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (122)                                     | Good**   |
| Riversdale Beach @ Lagoon Mouth      | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Moderate                               | B (56)                                      | Good     |
| Riversdale Beach Between the Flags   | 21        | 21   | 0                  | 0                | Low                                    | B (50)                                      | Good     |
| Riversdale Beach South               | 11        | 11   | 0                  | 0                | Very Low                               | A (31)                                      | V. Good* |

<sup>†</sup> from November 2006, sampled fortnightly.

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<sup>\*</sup> indicates a change in MAC/SFRG from that determined by Milne & Wyatt (2006).

<sup>§</sup> Interim grade (SIC grading based on that for other Pauatahanui sites, MAC grade based on 2 years of data, n=42)

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