

Summary of Decisions Requested on the Proposed Natural Resources Plan for the Wellington Region

Organised by Submitter Name

Submitter Names beginning with F

For more information, contact the Greater Wellington Regional Council:

www.gw.govt.nz/proposed-natural-resources-plan/
regionalplan@gw.govt.nz

Wellington
PO Box 11646

Masterton
PO Box 41

T 04 384 5708
F 04 385 6960

T 06 378 2484
F 06 378 2146

Summary of Decisions Requested: Submitter Names beginning with F

Submitter Name	Submission point number	Plan Provision	Support /oppose	Summary of decision requested
Falyn Kamana	S213/001	Rule R199: Motor vehicles in the fossil forest at Titahi Bay - prohibited activity	Oppose	Amend provision to allow blanket resource consent for motor vehicles in the boat shed areas at the end of the beach.
Fatima Al-Maery	S3/001	3.8 Air	Support	Air quality management.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/001	Introduction	Amend	Add words describing/quantifying individual and collective efforts and progress made [See original submission p5-6 for suggested wording].
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/002	1.3 Guiding principles of Te Upoko Taiao	Amend	Amend as follows or to similar effect: "ongoing collaboration between regulators, resource users, iwi, government and the wider community will be required <u>is already in place and can be further built on</u> to manage the region's natural and cultural resources effectively"
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/003	1.4 Integrated catchment management	Amend	Add the following or words to similar effect: "The first step in integrated catchment management is the identification of values and associated outcomes at catchment scale. <u>To support whaitua discussions and to assist readability for the community, proposed minimum flows and water allocation limits; water quality outcomes and priorities for indigenous species and contact recreation; and schedules of significant sites are located in the whaitua chapters</u> "
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/004	1.5.1 Statutory framework	Amend	Add key points from the NPS-FM to assist WRC staff and plan users [See original submission p7-8 for suggested wording].

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/005	1.5.2 Community views, scientific and technical information - identifying issues	Amend	Undertake more detailed cost-benefit analysis of options, in consultation with Federated Farmers and other parties, prior to the hearing to provide additional guidance to the hearing panel. Amend 1.5.2 to add words to summarise key themes expressed in consultation with iwi and community and identified through monitoring and research [See original submission p10-11 for suggested wording].
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/006	1.6 Values of water in the Plan	Amend	Add the following, or words to similar effect: " <u>The two compulsory national values are not prioritised above others: rather the NPS-FM directs that it is for regional communities, facilitated by regional councils, to consider values and priorities locally. Where values conflict, whitua committees, facilitated by WRC, will arrive at an agreed balance between the levels at which each value will be provided for, including where and when and to what level they apply across a catchment.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/007	1.6 Values of water in the Plan	Amend	Expand each of the values [in Table 1.1] with succinct, region-specific descriptors [see full submission for examples]
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/008	Entire Plan	Amend	Amend the plan structure to present objectives and policies together, grouped by values.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/009	2.1.3 Rules	Amend	Add the following text to give clear direction on GWRC intent or similar effect: <u>Rules in the pNRP are designed to maximise the use of permitted activities (PA) with clear effects-based conditions to provide maximum certainty at minimum cost for the regional community ...[please refer to submission p15 for full wording suggested]</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/010	2.1.2 Policies	Amend	Amend the plan structure to present objectives and policies together, grouped by values.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/011	2.1.4 Other methods	Amend	Re-structure the plan to locate methods before rules, and add [the text provided in the full submission]

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/012	2.1.5 Whaitua chapters	Amend	Amend to read: Chapters 7 to 11 contain the whaitua catchment specific provisions <u>for both water quantity and water quality.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/013	2.1.6 Definitions, schedules and maps	Amend	Amend as follows or to similar effect; <u>The schedules and maps present high resolution data which does not rely on data external to the plan for clear interpretation. Schedules and maps of significant sites are located in the whaitua chapters</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/014	Animal effluent	Amend	<u>For the purpose of Rule R83 , means -Dry or wet, liquid, -solid or semi-solid, treated or untreated faeces and urine from animals ...</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/015	Artificial farm drainage canal	Amend	An open (not piped) artificial watercourse, that is designed and constructed for the purpose of land drainage of surface or subsurface water <u>and does not form part of a natural stream network...</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/016	Break-feeding	Amend	<u>For the purpose of Rule R95, means</u> The feeding of livestock on pasture or forage where feed allocation is controlled by the frequent movement of an electric fence. <u>For the purpose of this plan, breakfeeding refers to winter months (June to September) where grazing results in significant de-vegetation.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/017	Aquatic ecosystem health	Amend	<u>Indigenous</u> Aquatic ecosystem health - The degree to which an <u>indigenous</u> aquatic ecosystem is able to sustain its ecological structure, processes, functions, and resilience within its range of natural variability.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/018	Category 1 surface water body	Amend	<p><u>For the purpose of Rule 97, Category 1 surface water body includes, and is limited to:</u></p> <p><u>(a) sites of with significant mana whenua value identified in Schedule C (mana whenua) which specify site specific restrictions on livestock access, and</u></p> <p><u>(b) inanga spawning habitat identified in Schedule F1b at peak spawning time identified in schedule F1a (March-May) (inanga spawning), and</u></p> <p>...</p> <p><u>(e) significant wetlands greater than 0.1 1.0 hectare in size identified in schedule F3</u></p> <p><u>(f) outstanding water bodies identified in Schedule A (outstanding water bodies), and</u></p> <p><u>(g) within ...</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/019	Category 2 surface water body	Amend	<p><u>For the purpose of Rule 97, Category 2 surface water body includes, and is limited to:</u></p> <p><u>...(b) within the mapped lowland areas shown on Map 29, rivers that have an active bed width of 1 metre or wider, and drains greater than 1m wide, and water races, and(c) rivers and streams important to trout spawning habitat identified in Schedule I (trout habitat), during spawning periods (31 May-31August) and...but excludes ephemeral and intermittent waterbodies and any surface water body that meets the definition of Category 1 surface water body.</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/020	Compost	Amend	<p>Any combination of solid or semi-solid vegetable and animal waste that has fully decomposed and matured to a stabilised product. For the purposes of this plan rule xx, compost does not contain human sewage, dead animals or animal parts.</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/021	Cultural impact assessment	Amend	<p><u>...A cultural assessment may include, but is not limited to, Māori history, Treaty claims and settlements, presence of significant sites, social effects <u>describing the site-specific effects of activities on site-specific values and recommendations for avoiding, remedying and mitigating adverse effects. options for arriving at an appropriate balance of values and uses.</u></u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/022	Cultivation	Amend	<p>Any process that involves turning over or tilling the soil for the preparation of growing crops, excluding:<u>(a) direct drilling and strip tilling</u>(b) no-till practices(c) harvesting of forage and crops including ground disturbance(d)...</p>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/023	Drain	Amend	Any <u>permanently flowing</u> artificial watercourse, open or piped, <u>shown in Map xx</u> that is ...Only for the purpose of Rule R121 (drain clearance) a drain also includes a highly modified watercourse or river and is channelled to such an extent that it has the characteristics of a farm drainage canal. <u>and is shown in Map xx</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/024	Earthworks	Amend	<u>For the purpose of Rule 99, The disturbance of a land surface ... does not include:</u> a).. d) the construction, repair or maintenance of i).. v) <u>firebreaks or fencelines or farm tracks</u> vi) <u>f arm drains or farm dams</u> e)...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/025	Ephemeral flow path	Amend	add <u>An ephemeral flowpath excludes a valley floor</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/026	Erosion prone land	Amend	The pre-existing slope of the land exceeds-20 <u>28 degrees on erosion-prone substrate as shown in Map xx Excludes land with stable greywacke base or other non-erosion prone substrates</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/027	Fertiliser	Amend	Add <u>For the purpose of Rule 82, lime is excluded</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/028	Good management practice	Amend	Practices, procedures or tools <u>normally developed by industry</u> (including rules) that are effective <u>and efficient</u> at achieving the desired performance while providing for desired environmental <u>sustainable management</u> outcomes. Good management practice is <u>context specific</u> . It evolves through time and results in continuous improvement as new information, technology and awareness of particular issues are developed and disseminated. <u>Industry agreed</u> Good Management Practice guidelines can be found on the Wellington Regional Council's website

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/029	Gully	Amend	Either clarify or delete.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/030	Hazard management strategy	Amend	Hazard <u>Risk</u> management strategy - A coherent, integrated framework for the management of <u>risks</u> a hazard , normally developed by a local authority or appropriately qualified agency, and including some or all of the following elements; hazard and risk identification...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/031	High risk soils	Amend	Either clarify or delete.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/032	Highly modified river or stream	Amend	For the purposes of Rule R121 only, means a river or stream that has been modified and channelled to the extent that it has the characteristics of (in form or function) an artificial farm drainage canal. For the purposes of this definition, the characteristics of a farm drainage canal are considered to include that; it has been channelled into a single flow, the channel is straight, with no 'natural curves', the channel is mechanically formed with straight or steeply angled banks, it is maintained to keep the water table at least 0.3m below the root zone of the surrounding pasture, and that it exhibits these characteristics for at least its entire length through the property in which the watercourse is being assessed. <u>Highly modified streams are shown in Map xx</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/033	Livestock	Amend	<u>For the purposes of Rule 97, means farmed dairy cows, cattle, deer and pigs.</u> Domestic animals, such as cattle or horses, raised for home use or for profit. For the purpose of this plan livestock does not include horses while they are being used for transportation, or bird species
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/034	Mahinga kai	Amend	The customary gathering of food and natural materials, the food and resources themselves and the places where those resources are gathered. <u>For example, species, species</u>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/035	Mana whenua	Amend	Mana whenua <u>Sites</u> -Māori with ancestral claims to a particular area of land and resources. Literally, translated as "authority over the land". Whanau, hapu and iwi are mana whenua of a particular rōhe, while Māori are tangata whenua of Aotearoa (New Zealand). <u>For the purposes of the plan, means sites significant to mana whenua located in public or private ownership listed in Schedule C</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/036	Natural processes	Amend	Either clarify or delete.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/037	Natural wetland	Amend	Is a permanently or intermittently wet area...and groundwater-fed wetlands (e.g. springs). <u>For the avoidance of doubt, the term does not apply to dry land that does not support a natural indigenous ecosystem of plants and animals that are adapted to wet conditions and that occurs within an area commonly referred to in its entirety as a wetland.</u> Natural wetlands do not include: (a) damp gully heads <u>or gullies, hill country seeps,</u> or wetted pasture, or pasture with patches of rushes, or <u>sedges or raupo</u> (b) areas of wetland habitat in or around bodies of water specifically designed, installed and maintained <u>including</u> for any of the... ...(iii) beautification, landscaping, amenity, <u>biodiversity</u> or...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/038	Offal pit	Amend	A hole excavated on a rural property for the sole purpose of disposing of offal from that property. <u>Does not include in-situ burial of single carcasses.</u> An offal pit should not contain farm refuse dump contents.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/039	Outstanding natural wetland	Amend	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/040	Point source discharge	Amend	The discharge of contaminants at a specific identifiable location (such as a factory- or property) or fixed facility such as a pipe, ditch, or smokestack.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/041	Property	Amend	<u>For the purpose of rules xx, a property is</u> Any contiguous area of land held in one ownership. <u>For the purpose of rules xx, means...</u>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/042	Regionally significant infrastructure	Amend	<p>Regionally significant infrastructure includes:</p> <p>...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Commercial Port Area ... and associated wharflines • <u>River and catchment flood protection schemes, rural drainage infrastructure, rural water infrastructure including water races</u> • <u>Rural transport infrastructure</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/043	Restoration management plan	Amend	<p>A plan required for managing the restoration of a wetland under Rule R106.... A restoration and management plan can be <u>developed by a landowner or catchment group or in partnership by Wellington Regional Council and relevant landowners and stakeholders</u>; Restoration management plans must be prepared in accordance with Schedule F3a (restoration plans)</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/044	River class	Amend	<p>Classification of the region's rivers based on size, nature of the catchment and substrate, <u>and length of accrual period</u>, described as:</p> <p>...</p> <p>River class 3 <u>4</u> Mid-gradient, soft sedimentary</p> <p>River class 4 <u>3</u> Lowland, large, draining ranges</p> <p>...</p> <p>River classes are mapped in Maps 21a-e, <u>and rivers are named by class in each whaitua chapter</u></p>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/045	Sensitive area	Amend	<p>For the purpose of rules xx, A sensitive area includes the following <u>means</u>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dwelling house • Educational facilities • Amenity areas and public places • Group drinking water supplies and community drinking water supply protection areas • Surface water bodies and associated riparian vegetation • Non-target plants, crops, which are sensitive to agrichemicals • Organically certified properties, e.g., Bio-Gro • Natural wetlands, outstanding waterbodies, and ecosystems with significant values listed in Schedule F
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/046	Significant natural wetland	Amend	<p>A natural wetland that <u>has been assessed against</u> meets one or more of criteria a) to d) ...</p> <p>Identified significant wetlands greater than 0.4 <u>1.0</u> ha from which livestock should be included are listed in schedule F3</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/047	Silage	Amend	<p>A fermented, high-moisture stored fodder which can be fed to ruminants. <u>Excludes baleage.</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/048	Stabilised	Amend	<p>Add:</p> <p><u>For the avoidance of doubt, does not apply to farm earthworks.</u></p>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/049	Stock crossing point	Amend	<u>For the purpose of the livestock access rule, means A location where livestock cross a surface water body from one bank to the other. The locations on each bank are directly opposite or adjacent to each other and are not more than 20 metres wide.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/050	2.2 Definitions	Amend	[Add New definition] <u>Stock drinking point - For the purpose of the livestock access rule, means a location where provision is made for livestock access to a surface water body for drinking water</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/051	Surface water body	Amend	A river, lake, wetland, estuary, drain or water race , and its bed. For the purpose of this plan, surface water body does not include drains, water races , ephemeral flow paths and bodies of water designed, installed and maintained for any of the following purposes:(a) water storage ponds <u>including but not limited</u> for(i) ... (b) water treatment ponds <u>including but not limited</u> for (i)...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/052	Vegetation clearance	Amend	The clearance or destruction of woody vegetation (exotic or native) by mechanical or chemical means, including felling vegetation, spraying of vegetation by hand or aerial means, hand clearance and the burning of <u>standing</u> vegetation. Excludes roller-crushing. <u>For the purposes of rule R100, does not include clearance of gorse or regenerating scrub including manuka/kanuka/tauhini</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/053	3.1 Ki uta ki tai: mountains to the sea	Amend	Amend [Title] 3.1: Ki uta ki tai: mountains to the sea <u>integrated catchment management</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/054	Objective O1: Ki uta ki tai	Amend	Amend as follows or to similar effect: "land, freshwater bodies and the coast are managed as integrated and connected resources <u>using the catchment as the management unit</u> "
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/055	Objective O2: Importance of land and water	Support	Retain

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/056	Objective O5: Fresh and coastal water	Amend	Amend as follows or to similar effect: "freshwater bodies and the coastal marine area, as a minimum, are managed to <u>a) safeguard aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai; and b) provide for contact recreation and maori customary use; and c) provide for the health needs of people</u> <u>provide an appropriate balance across values and uses in a catchment.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/057	Objective O6: Health needs of people	Amend	Amend as follows or to similar effect: Sufficient water of a suitable quality is available for the health needs of people. <u>The quality of drinking water sourced from rivers or groundwater is maintained or improved by:...[see original submission p29 for full suggested wording]</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/058	Objective O7: Water for livestock	Amend	Amend to the following or similar effect: Freshwater is available in quantities and is of a suitable quality <u>(e. coli not > 1000/100ml)</u> for the reasonable needs of livestock <u>The importance of reliable access to drinking water for livestock is recognised and provided for.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/059	Objective O8: Allocation regime	Amend	Amend to the following or similar effect: "The take, <u>storage</u> and use of water for social, economic, cultural and environmental benefits is recognised and provided for within the allocation regime set out in this Plan.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/060	Objective O9: Recreational values	Amend	Amend to the following or similar effect: The recreational values of the coastal marine area, rivers and lakes and their margins and natural wetlands are maintained and <u>or enhanced in (named) priority areas in partnership with landowners and community</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/061	Objective O10: Public access	Amend	Amend to the following or similar effect: Public access to and along the coastal marine area and rivers and lakes is maintained and <u>or enhanced in (named) priority areas in partnership with landowners and community</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/062	Objective O11: Maori customary use	Amend	Amend to the following or similar effect: Opportunities for Māori customary use of the coastal marine area, rivers and lakes and their margins and natural wetlands for cultural purposes are recognised, maintained and improved

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/063	Objective O12: Benefits of regionally significant infrastructure	Amend	The social, economic, cultural and environmental benefits of regionally significant infrastructure and renewable energy generation activities are recognised <u>and provided for</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/064	Objective O13: Protecting regionally significant infrastructure	Amend	Amend to the following or similar effect: The use and ongoing operation of regionally significant infrastructure and renewable energy generation activities in the coastal marine area are protected from new incompatible use and development occurring under, over, or adjacent to the infrastructure or activity.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/065	3.2 Beneficial use and development	Amend	[New Objective] <u>The social, economic, cultural and environmental benefits of primary production, manufacturing and processing activities are recognised and provided for.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/066	3.2 Beneficial use and development	Amend	[New Objective] <u>The use and ongoing operation of primary production, manufacturing and processing activities is protected from new or inappropriate development located alongside</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/067	Objective O16: Nga Taonga Nui a Kiwa	Amend	Amend as follows or to similar effect: the relationship of mana whenua with nga taonga nui a kiwa is recognised and provided for <u>by identifying the most significant waterbodies and the most significant relationships in schedule B to assist whaitua by reflecting iwi values in decision-making, and to support prioritising these sites for actions to restore their status by improving their condition over time</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/068	Objective O17: Natural character	Amend	Amend as follows: the natural character of the coastal marine area, <u>beds of rivers, and beds of lakes and their margins, and natural significant wetlands</u> is preserved and protected from inappropriate use and development <u>is maintained or enhanced and restored in partnership with landowners and community</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/069	Objective O18: Low energy receiving environments	Amend	The ecological, recreational, mana whenua, and amenity values of estuaries including their sensitivity as low energy receiving environments are recognised, and their health and function is restored over time <u>in partnership with landowners and community</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/070	Objective O19: Natural processes	Oppose	Delete

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/071	Objective O20: Risk from natural hazards	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/072	Objective O22: Hard engineering	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/073	Objective O23: Maintain or improve water quality	Amend	Amend as follows: the <u>overall</u> quality of water... is maintained or improved
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/074	Objective O24: Contact recreation and Maori customary use	Amend	Amend O24 as follows: Rivers, lakes, natural wetlands and coastal water are suitable for contact recreation and Māori customary use, including by: a. maintaining <u>overall</u> water quality, or b.... iii. all other rivers and lakes and natural wetlands to meet, as a minimum, the secondary contact recreation objectives in Table 3.2. Amend Table 3.1 monitoring period: September to April <u>November to March</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/075	3.6 Biodiversity, aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Amend title: <u>Indigenous</u> biodiversity, aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/076	Objective O25: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Amend O25 as follows or to similar effect: To safeguard <u>indigenous</u> aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai in fresh water bodies and coastal marine area: a)... b) Restoration of aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai is encouraged c) Where an objective in Tables 3.4-3.8 is not met, a fresh water body is <u>less than chlorophyll 200 or MCI 80</u> , it will be improved over time to meet that objective <u>d) Indicative priorities for whaitua attention include (named waterbodies)</u>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/077	Objective O25: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	<p>Amend title to read: <u>Indigenous Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai objectives</u> Add explanation as follows or to similar effect: <u>regional objectives for safeguarding indigenous species and mahinga kai start from the basis of current water quality and indicate priorities for whaitua attention where waterbodies are currently below national bottomlines.</u> <u>Whaitua objectives and supporting attributes will be developed in the context of economic, environmental, social and cultural considerations, and with a full set of relevant catchment evidence. Where the relevant whaitua sections contain an objective on the same subject matter, the more specific whaitua objective will take precedence</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/078	Objective O25: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	<p>Amend Table 3.4 as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change the order of river classes 3 and 4 • Clarify that the river classes include consideration of accrual periods • Delete the following columns: macrophytes, fish, mahinga kai, significant rivers • Amend the numeric outcomes as follows (all numbers equal to or greater than): <p>- River class 1 (excellent) : chlorophyll 50, MCI 120 - River class 2 (good) : chlorophyll 120, MCI 105 <u>100</u> - River class 4 (good) : chlorophyll 120, MCI 110 <u>100</u> - River class 3 (fair) : chlorophyll 120 <u>200</u>, MCI 105 <u>80</u> - River class 5 (fair) : chlorophyll 120 <u>200</u>, MCI 100 <u>80</u> - River class 6 (fair) : chlorophyll 120 <u>200</u>, MCI 100 <u>80</u></p> <p>Restructure and locate in the whaitua chapters with the names of rivers in each class.</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/079	Objective O25: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	<p>[Table 3.5 Lakes] amend as follows or to similar effect: Delete the following columns: macrophytes, fish, mahinga kai Amend the phytoplankton and nutrient columns consistent with the NOF banded framework; and identify any below national bottomlines on specific attributes Restructure and locate in whaitua chapters.</p>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/080	Objective O25: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	[Table 3.6 Groundwater] Delete the following columns: nitrate, quantity Retain the objective guarding against saltwater intrusion: to the extent any aquifers are currently at risk, they should be noted here as priorities for whaitua attention.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/081	Objective O25: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Oppose	Delete table 3.7 or re-structure to highlight priorities for whaitua attention
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/082	3.6 Biodiversity, aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Restructure [Table 3.8] to express objectives as numerics where possible, and to indicate priorities for whaitua attention.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/083	Objective O26: Mahinga kai	Amend	Amend as follows or to similar effect: The availability of mahinga kai species, to support maori customary harvest is increased in quantity, quality and diversity. <u>Restoration of indigenous aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai is encouraged in high value systems prioritised for active management in partnership with landowners, iwi and community</u> <u>Indicative priorities for whaitua attention - removing barriers to fish passage, restoring riparian margins or wetlands and reducing adverse impacts of introduced aquatic fauna and flora - include:</u> <u>- Wairarapa Moana, Porirua Harbour, Lake Waitawa: wetland restoration, managing impacts of introduced species</u> <u>- Mangatarere, Parkvale, Taueru, Kopuaranga, Huangarua and Whareama rivers: riparian planting</u> <u>- Lamprey and short-jaw kokopu populations in locations x and y</u> <u>- High value migration pathways in locations x and y</u> <u>- Mahinga kai and/or taonga species a and b in locations x and y</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/084	Objective O27: Riparian margins	Oppose	Delete

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/085	Objective O28: Extent of wetlands	Amend	Amend as follows or to similar effect: the extent <u>and functioning</u> of natural <u>or constructed</u> wetlands is maintained or increased and their condition is restored <u>in (named) priority catchments in partnership with landowners and community</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/086	Objective O29: Fish passage	Amend	Use and development provides for the passage of <u>indigenous</u> fish and koura, and the passage of <u>indigenous</u> fish and koura is restored <u>in (named) priority areas in partnership with landowners.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/087	3.6 Biodiversity, aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Add new title for Objective O30 - <u>Recreational fishing</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/088	Objective O30: Trout	Amend	The habitat of trout identified in Schedule I (trout habitat) is maintained and improved
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/089	Objective O31: Outstanding water bodies	Amend	Amend to read: <u>the significant values of Outstanding water bodies to be identified in accordance with M7</u> and their significant values are protected <u>from inappropriate use and development.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/090	Objective O32: Outstanding natural features and landscapes	Amend	Amend to read: <u>The values of Outstanding natural features and landscapes to be identified in accordance with M24</u> are protected from inappropriate use and development.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/091	Objective O33: Significant mana whenua values	Amend	<u>The values of Sites with significant mana whenua values identified in Schedule C</u> are protected <u>managed to respect the values while respecting landowner use and enjoyment of their land</u> and or <u>restored in partnership with landowners and community.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/092	Objective O34: Significant historic heritage values	Amend	Amend to read: Significant historic heritage values are protected from inappropriate modification, use and development <u>or restored in partnership with landowners and community</u>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/093	Objective O35: Significant indigenous biodiversity values	Amend	Amend to read: Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values are protected maintained and <u>or restored in partnership with landowners and community.</u> <u>Priorities for whaitua attention are (named ecosystems and habitats)</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/094	Objective O38: Special amenity landscapes	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/095	Objective O39: Ambient air quality	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/096	Objective O41: Nuisance discharges to air	Amend	Amend as follows: The <u>significant</u> adverse effects of odour, smoke and dust on amenity values and people's well-being are reduced.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/097	3.8 Air	Amend	Add new objective: <u>New sensitive activities should not locate near landuses or activities that emit odour, smoke or dust</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/098	Objective O42: Soil health and erosion	Amend	Soils are healthy and productive, and accelerated soil erosion i <u>n (named) priority catchments is reduced over time in partnership with landowners, industry and community</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/099	Objective O44: Land use impacts on soil and water	Amend	The adverse effects on soil and water <u>indigenous ecosystem and human health values from land use activities are minimised will be managed principally through an expanded non-regulatory programme in priority catchments, supported by rules prioritised to manage significant adverse effects from significant activities.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/100	Objective O45: Livestock access to waterbodies	Amend	Amend as follows: The adverse effects of livestock access on surface water bodies <u>indigenous ecosystem and human health values are reduced over time, while maintaining reliable access to drinking water for stock</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/101	3.11 Discharges	Amend	Amend title to Discharges <u>to Land</u>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/102	Objective O46: Discharges to land	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/103	Objective O47: Sediment runoff	Amend	Amend as follows: The amount of sediment-laden runoff entering water <u>from major infrastructure and subdivision developments</u> is reduced
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/104	3.11 Discharges	Amend	[Add new title for objectives O48-O50] Discharges <u>to water</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/105	Objective O48: Stormwater networks	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/106	Objective O49: Wastewater discharges to land	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/107	Objective O50: Wastewater discharges to fresh water	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/108	Objective O52: Efficient allocation	Amend	Amend as follows: The <u>reliability and efficiency</u> of allocation and use of water is improved and maximised through time, including by means of: a).. d) enabling <u>water sharing and temporary transfers</u> to be transferred between <u>catchment users</u> , and e) enabling water storage outside river beds . f) <u>providing consent durations of at least 25 years to support certainty of investment in water infrastructure</u>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/109	4.1 Ki uta ki tai and integrated catchment management	Amend	Amend to the following or similar effect: Land and water will be managed recognising ki uta ki tai by using principles of integrated catchment management, including a) <u>decision-making using the catchment as the spatial unit and prioritising catchments over the short to medium term for coordinated community action</u> b) <u>applying an adaptive management approach to ... of catchments, with appropriate timeframes for monitoring progress and testing management approaches</u> c) <u>coordinated catchment management building forward from the existing river, lake and catchment schemes and coordinating with TAs and industry to support with science, resources and extension services; with decisions based on best available information and robust cost-benefit analysis of catchment options</u> d) <u>taking into account ... natural processes and communities within a catchment...</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/110	Policy P2: Cross-boundary matters	Amend	Amend as follows: the effects of use and development across jurisdictional boundaries shall be managed by having particular regard to relevant provisions in any bordering territorial authorities district plans <u>when developing pNRP or WIP provisions and when assessing a resource consent</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/111	Policy P3: Precautionary approach	Amend	Amend as follows or to similar effect: P3 : <u>Precautionary Approach Balancing Values</u> <u>The pNRP establishes a framework for whaitua communities, facilitated by WRC, to consider values and priorities locally. Where values conflict, whaitua will arrive at an agreed balance between the levels at which each value will be provided for, including where and when and to what level they apply across a catchment.</u> Use and development shall be managed with a precautionary <u>proactive</u> approach to <u>research and monitoring</u> where there is <u>currently</u> limited information regarding the receiving environment and the adverse effects the activity may have on this environment; <u>within a coherent integrated framework including risk identification, probability/impact assessment, and cost benefit analysis of options</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/112	4.1 Ki uta ki tai and integrated catchment management	Amend	Add new policy for research and monitoring: <u>The regional research programme will prioritise: ...</u> [Refer to original submission p54 for full suggested wording]:

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/113	Policy P4: Minimising adverse effects	Amend	<p>P4 -minimising <u>managing</u> adverse effects</p> <p>Where minimisation <u>management</u> of adverse effects is required by policies in the plan, minimisation <u>management</u> means <u>progressively</u> reducing adverse effects to the smallest amount practicable <u>support achievement of pNRP and WIP objectives</u> and shall include <u>consideration of</u>:</p> <p>a) <u>the nature, objectives and functional requirements of the activity</u></p> <p>b) Consideration of <u>practicality of</u> alternative locations and methods</p> <p>c) <u>practicality of</u> Locating away from areas identified in schedule A, schedule C, schedule E, schedule F</p> <p>d) Timing of the activity</p> <p>e) Using good management practices <u>and best practicable options</u> for reducing effects</p> <p>f) Designing the activity so the scale or footprint is as small as practicable</p> <p>g) <u>Developing strategies for priority catchments to support prioritising effective and cost-effective interventions</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/114	Policy P6: Synchronised expiry and review dates	Amend	Resource consents may be granted with a common expiry or review date within a whaitua or sub-catchment, if: ...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/115	4.1 Ki uta ki tai and integrated catchment management	Amend	[Add new policy] <u>WRC consent administration will adhere to the provisions of operative plans. To the extent consent applications are discretionary, strong policy direction will be provided within the pNRP to guide WRC staff and plan users. WRC Compliance programmes will be prioritised to identified risk areas and to support early corrective actions, and will minimise duplication of industry led programmes Prosecutions will generally be employed as a last option, where there is unambiguous evidence of a knowing breach of an operative rule and/or unambiguous evidence of a significant and actual adverse effect, and/or when other compliance/enforcement steps have been exhausted</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/116	Policy P7: Uses of land and water	Amend	The cultural, social <u>environmental</u> and economic benefits of using land and water for: a) aquaculture, and b) treatment, dilution <u>attenuation</u> and disposal of wastewater and stormwater <u>and animal effluent, and diffuse contaminants</u> and c)...f) food <u>primary production, and harvesting, and processing</u> g)...

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/117	Policy P8: Beneficial activities	Amend	<p>The following activities are recognised as beneficial and generally appropriate <u>and shall generally be enabled</u>:</p> <p>A)...</p> <p>D) removal of aquatic weeds or pest plants, <u>and invasive fauna</u></p> <p>E) the establishment of river crossings (culverts, <u>fords</u> and bridges)...</p> <p>G) the retirement <u>or planting</u> of erosion prone land from stock access, and...</p> <p>M) <u>construction of stock watering dams</u></p> <p>N) <u>cleaning drains to maintain the water table and reduce flooding risks</u></p> <p>O) <u>ground spreading and aerial topdressing of lime and fertiliser</u></p> <p>P) <u>returning nutrients to the land including effluent, manure, bedding and compost</u></p> <p>Q) <u>making and storing hay, baleage and silage</u></p> <p>R) <u>maintenance and development of farm tracks for the safe and efficient movement of people and stock</u></p> <p>S) <u>farm infrastructure and buildings for holding stock off paddocks</u></p> <p>T) <u>clearance of annual or perennial weed species and clearance of regenerating scrub</u></p> <p>U) <u>clearance of manuka/kanuka for the establishment of hive sites and access to them</u></p> <p>V) <u>enhancement of natural wetlands or construction of new wetlands to support nutrient and sediment attenuation, including regular cleaning and harvest of plant material to support ongoing function</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/118	Policy P10: Contact recreation and Maori customary use	Amend	<p>The management of natural resources shall have particular regard to the actual and potential adverse effects on contact recreation and Māori customary use in fresh and coastal water, including by:</p> <p>a) providing water quality and flows suitable for the community's objectives for contact recreation and Māori customary use, and</p> <p>b) managing...</p> <p>c) encouraging improved access to suitable swimming locations <u>identified by whaitua</u>, and ...</p>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/119	Policy P11: In-stream water storage	Amend	Policy P11 in-stream water storage - The benefits associated with the damming and storing of water within the bed of a river are recognised <u>including</u> when: a) there are significant social and economic benefits for <u>the enterprise, catchment or region</u> , and b) water remains available for multiple in-stream and out of stream uses concurrently, and c) the reliability of water supply improves as a result, and d) the damming and storage of water contributes to the efficient allocation and use of water.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/120	Policy P12: Benefits of regionally significant infrastructure and renewable electricity generation facilities	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/121	Policy P13: Existing regionally significant infrastructure and renewable electricity generation facilities	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/122	Policy P14: Incompatible activities adjacent to regionally significant infrastructure and renewable electricity generation activities	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/123	Policy P15: Flood protection activities	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/124	Policy P16: New flood protection and erosion control	Support	Retain

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/125	4.2 Beneficial use and development	Amend	<u>[NEW Policy] Primary Production - The benefits of primary production, manufacturing, distribution and processing are recognised and provided for by: (a) Recognising existing land uses and investments, including capital and operational investments in sustainable farming practices and environmental stewardship (b) Supporting the ongoing use and development of land, recognising the need for flexibility to respond to seasonal fluctuations and changing markets (c) Providing for any requirements for significant new capital investments to be made only in the context of robust cost-benefit analysis (d) Providing transition times to meet new requirements or catchment limits (e) Working alongside industry and landowner/catchment groups to support the ongoing development of sustainable farming systems, and to enable collective or cross-catchment solutions to meet objectives</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/126	4.2 Beneficial use and development	Amend	<u>[NEW policy] The benefits of irrigation are recognised and provided for by: (a) Recognising existing uses, and existing capital investments in water takes, pumping, storage, reticulation and application systems (b) Providing for investment certainty with consent durations of at least 25 years (c) Providing for reliability of supply in determining minimum flow and allocation regimes (d) Providing for any changes to minimum flow or allocation regimes impacting reliability of water takes to be made only in the context of robust cost-benefit analysis (e) Providing transition times to meet new minimum flow or allocation limits, or to transition to more efficient systems (f) Providing for rootstock protection to be exempt from minimum flow restrictions (g) Working alongside industry and water user groups to promote water efficiency technologies, and to enable water sharing and temporary transfers between catchment users</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/127	Policy P11: In-stream water storage	Amend	[submission referred to Policy P7] The benefits associated with the damming and storing of water <u>outside or</u> within the bed of a river are recognised...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/128	4.2 Beneficial use and development	Amend	<u>[NEW Policy] - drainage infrastructure - The use and maintenance of drainage systems to provide the required outfall and water table levels for agricultural productivity and to protect from flooding are beneficial and shall generally be enabled</u>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/129	4.2 Beneficial use and development	Amend	<u>[NEW Policy] Reverse sensitivity - Primary production activities shall be protected from new incompatible use and development occurring under, over or adjacent to it, by the location and design of any new use and development to avoid, remedy or mitigate any reverse sensitivity effects.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/130	Policy P20: Exercise of kaitiakitanga	Amend	amend to following or similar effect: Kaitiakitanga shall be recognised and provided for by: a) — managing natural and physical resources— working with landowners in sites with significant mana whenua values listed in Schedule C (mana whenua) <u>to identify opportunities to respect mana whenua values in accordance with tikanga and kaupapa Māori as exercised by mana whenua, alongside respecting landowners use and enjoyment of their land and</u> b)...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/131	Policy P22: Ecosystem values of estuaries	Amend	Significant adverse effects on the ecosystem values of estuaries...shall be avoided <u>The ecological health and significant values of estuaries will be restored over time in partnership with landowners and communities</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/132	Policy P23: Restoring Te Awarua-o-Porirua Harbour, Wellington Harbour (Port Nicholson), and Lake Wairarapa	Amend	The ecological health and significant values of Porirua Harbour, Wellington Harbour and Lake Wairarapa will be restored over time <u>in partnership with landowners and communities by...</u> Add new condition <u>d): undertaking research to assess and manage the effects of introduced species</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/133	Policy P24: Outstanding natural character	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/134	Policy P25: Natural character	Amend	Delete and replace as follows or to similar effect: <u>The natural character of the coastal marine area, and in the beds of lakes and rivers and their margins, is maintained or enhanced and restored in partnership with landowners and community, by identifying priorities for progressive improvement in whaitua implementation plans</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/135	Policy P26: Natural processes	Oppose	Delete

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/136	Policy P28: Hazard mitigation measures	Amend	amend as follows or to similar effect: hard engineering mitigation and protection methods s shall be avoided except <u>may be appropriate</u> where it is necessary to protect existing development from unacceptable risk, assessed using the risk-based approach <u>and cost/benefit assessment of options</u> , and the works either form part of a hazard management strategy or the environmental effects are considered to be no more than minor
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/137	Policy P30: Natural buffers	Amend	The adverse effects of use and development on natural features such as beaches, dunes or wetlands that buffer development from natural hazards shall be minimised.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/138	4.5 Biodiversity, aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Amend heading of Section 4.5 to read: <u>Indigenous</u> Biodiversity, aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/139	Policy P31: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	[Replace "minimise adverse effects" with "avoid, remedy or mitigate significant adverse effects" in conditions (a)-(d) and (f)]. Amend (e): ...e) avoid <u>remedy or mitigate</u> creating barriers to the migration or movement of indigenous aquatic species, and restore the connections between fragmented aquatic habitats where appropriate, and...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/140	Policy P32: Adverse effects on aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	d) where <u>significant</u> residual adverse effects remain, it is appropriate to consider the use of biodiversity offsets.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/141	Policy P33: Protecting indigenous fish habitat	Amend	The more than minor adverse effects of activities on the <u>resilience of species</u> known to be present in any water body identified in Schedule F1 (rivers/lakes) as habitat for indigenous fish species, and Schedule F1b (inanga spawning habitats), particularly at the relevant <u>peak</u> spawning and migration times identified in Schedule F1a (fish spawning/migration) for those species, shall be avoided, <u>remedied or mitigated</u> . These activities include ... c) damming, diversion or taking of water which leads to significant loss of flow or which makes the river impassable to migrating indigenous fish.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/142	Policy P34: Fish passage	Amend	The construction or creation of new barriers to the passage of fish and koura species shall be avoided, <u>remedied or mitigated</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/143	Policy P35: Restoring fish passage	Amend	The passage of indigenous fish and koura shall be restored <u>in partnership with landowners and community</u> where this is appropriate <u>identified as a priority</u> for the management and protection of indigenous fish and koura populations.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/144	Policy P36: Effects on indigenous bird habitat	Amend	The adverse effects of use and development on the habitats of indigenous birds in the coastal marine area, wetlands and beds of lakes and rivers and their margins for breeding, roosting, feeding, and migration <u>particularly at peak breeding times</u> shall be minimised <u>avoided, remedied or mitigated</u> .
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/145	Policy P37: Values of wetlands	Amend	Activities in and adjacent to natural wetlands shall be managed to maintain <u>or enhance</u> their values including: a) as habitat for indigenous flora and fauna, and b) ——— for their significance to mana whenua, and c) for their role in the hydrological cycle including flood protection, and d) for <u>sediment trapping and nutrient attenuation</u> , and e) as a fisheries resource, and f) for recreation.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/146	Policy P38: Restoration of wetlands	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/147	Policy P40: Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Amend	The adverse effects of use and development <u>on the significant values of outstanding water bodies</u> and their significant values <u>to be identified in Schedule A (outstanding water bodies) in accordance with M7</u> shall be avoided, <u>remedied or mitigated</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/148	Policy P40: Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Amend	Protect and <u>Maintain or restore</u> the following ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values:...c) significant natural wetlands, including the significant natural wetlands ...

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/149	Policy P41: Managing adverse effects on ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Amend	<p>...d) where <u>significant</u> residual adverse effects remain it is appropriate to consider the use of biodiversity offsets.</p> <p>... A precautionary approach shall be used when assessing the potential for adverse effects on ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values. Where more than minor significant adverse effects on ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values identified in Policy P40 cannot be avoided, remedied, mitigated or redressed through biodiversity offsets, the activity is inappropriate.</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/150	Policy P42: Protecting and restoring ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Amend	<p>Protecting and Maintaining or restoring ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values</p> <p>In order to protect <u>maintain or restore</u> the ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values identified in Policy P40 Schedule F, particular regard shall be given to <u>managing the adverse effects of introduced aquatic species and/or</u> to managing the adverse effects ...</p> <p>b) provide for the enhancement of ecological connectivity between fragmented habitats <u>including</u> through biodiversity offsets, and</p> <p>c) <u>work in partnership with landowners and community</u> to provide adequate buffers around ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values, and</p> <p>d) avoid cumulative adverse effects on, and the incremental loss of the values of these ecosystems and habitats <u>including as a result of competition and predation by introduced species.</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/151	Policy P43: Restoration and management plans	Support in part	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/152	Policy P44: Protection and restoration of sites with significant mana whenua values	Amend	<p><u>Protection or restoration of Sites with significant mana whenua values identified in Schedule C (mana whenua) shall be</u> protected and/or restored <u>encouraged in partnership with landowners.</u></p>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/153	Policy P45: Managing adverse effects on sites with significant mana whenua values	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/154	Policy P48: Protection of outstanding natural features and landscapes	Amend	The <u>values of outstanding natural features and landscapes</u> (including seascapes) of the coastal marine area, <u>beds of rivers</u> , and <u>beds of lakes</u> and their margins and natural wetlands <u>to be identified in accordance with M7</u> , shall be protected from inappropriate use and development by: a) avoiding <u>remedying or mitigating</u> adverse effects of activities <u>on the values of</u> outstanding natural features and landscapes, and b) avoiding significant adverse effects and avoiding, remedying or mitigating other adverse effects of activities on natural features and landscapes.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/155	Policy P49: Use and development adjacent to outstanding natural features and landscapes and special amenity landscapes	Oppose	Delete

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/156	4.8 Discharges to land and water	Amend	<p>[New Policy] Land and Water Management Framework</p> <p><u>WRC will work with territorial authorities and industry to address priorities identified in the pNRP and Whaitua Implementation Plans, including:</u></p> <p>a) <u>prioritise catchments for coordinated community action</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <u>including indicative priorities in M8, M9 and M12</u> <p>b) <u>prioritise key pressures and sources, including</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <u>supporting industry/landowner initiatives to reduce hill country erosion and sediment losses, particularly during high-flow events</u> - <u>supporting industry/landowner initiatives to reduce lowland nitrogen leaching losses to groundwater</u> - <u>supporting territorial authority initiatives to reduce phosphorous discharges to surface water, particularly during summer low-flows</u> <p>c) <u>prioritise effective and cost-effective management interventions</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <u>informed by expanded research and monitoring, including through M2 and M10</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/157	Policy P55: Managing air amenity	Amend	Include the FIDO framework (frequency, intensity, duration, offensiveness) for assessing offensive and objectionable emissions.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/158	4.8 Discharges to land and water	Amend	Re-title policies to more clearly distinguish discharges to water from discharges to land - <u>4.8.2A Discharges to Water</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/159	Policy P63: Improving water quality for contact recreation and Maori customary use	Support	... Note: Whaitua committees will identify methods and timeframes to improve water quality in <u>indicative</u> all-first and second priority water bodies listed in Schedule H2 (priority water bodies) within their whaitua. These may be incorporated into the Plan by a future plan change or variation.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/160	Policy P65: Minimising effects of nutrient discharges	Amend	Policy P65: Minimising <u>Managing</u> effects of nutrient discharges to land shift P65 to locate before P95, with amendments as below or to similar effect: The effects of nutrient discharges to land from agricultural activities that may enter water shall be minimised <u>prioritised to manage significant risks</u> through the use of: a) <u>good management practices, and</u> <u>catchment-scale infrastructure, eg, wetlands</u> b)...

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/161	Policy P67: Minimising effects of discharges	Amend	Minimising <u>Managing</u> effects of discharges <u>to water</u> The adverse effects of discharges of contaminants to land and water will be minimised <u>managed</u> by:a) avoiding ...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/162	Policy P68: Inappropriate discharges to water	Amend	Discharges to fresh and coastal water of:a) untreated wastewater, except as a result of extreme weather-related overflows or wastewater system failures or from recreational boating activities, andb) <u>untreated</u> animal effluent from an animal effluent storage facility or from an area where animals are confined, andc) untreated industrial or trade waste, andd) untreated organic waste or leachate from storage of organic materials shall be avoided <u>except as a result of extreme weather-related overflows or system failures</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/163	Policy P69: Human drinking water supplies	Amend	Replace with: The adverse effects from discharges to land and water on the quality of community drinking water supplies and group drinking water supplies shall be managed to avoid, remedy or mitigate to the extent practicable in accordance with the National Environmental Standards for Sources of Human Drinking Water 2007 and in consultation with the drinking water supply operator. The quality of drinking water sourced from rivers or groundwater shall be maintained or improved by: a) Source control - bore or abstraction point security and restrictions in the immediate zone b) Catchment management - assessment and prioritisation of risks in the capture zone - Examination of reasons for elevated nitrate in Riversdale, Te Ore Ore, Taratahi, Tauherenikau, Martinborough, Te Horo and Otaki

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/164	Policy P70: Managing point source discharges for aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Where an objective in Table 3.4, Table 3.5, Table 3.6 or Table 3.8 of Objective O25 is not met, point source discharges to water shall be managed in the following way: a) for ... i) the application for resource consent includes a defined programme of work for upgrading the activity, in accordance with good management practice <u>or best practicable options</u> , within the term of the resource consent, and ii) conditions on the resource consent require the reduction of adverse effects of the activity in order to improve water quality in relation to the objective within the term of the consent , and ... In assessing the appropriateness of a new or existing discharge, the ability to offset residual <u>significant</u> adverse effects may be considered.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/165	Policy P71: Quality of discharges	Amend	The adverse effects of point source discharges to rivers shall be minimised <u>managed</u> by the use of measures that result in the discharge meeting the following water quality standards in the receiving water after the zone of reasonable mixing:
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/166	Policy P76: Minimising wastewater and stormwater interactions	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/167	4.8 Discharges to land and water	Amend	Retitle: <u>4.8.8 Discharges to Land</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/168	Policy P65: Minimising effects of nutrient discharges	Amend	P65: Minimising <u>Managing</u> effects of nutrient discharges <u>to land</u> The effects of nutrient discharges <u>to land</u> from agricultural activities that may enter water shall be minimised <u>prioritised to manage significant risks</u> through the use of: a) good management practices, and <u>catchment-scale infrastructure, eg, wetlands</u> b)...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/169	Policy P95: Discharges to land	Oppose	Delete

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/170	Policy P94: Discharge of collected animal effluent	Amend	<p>Policy P94: Discharge <u>Application of collected animal effluent to land</u> Any existing system to store, treat or dispose of collected animal effluent <u>to return nutrients to the land</u> shall be designed, constructed and maintained so that: a) the collection, storage and distribution systems are sealed to avoid discharge of effluent outside the intended disposal area, and b) the discharge is to land, and: a. effluent is only discharged when the field capacity of the soil will not be exceeded, and b. effluent is discharged at a rate that can be absorbed and treated by the soil and plants without ponding or surface runoff and without directly discharging to groundwater or through tile drains, and c. sufficient storage is provided so that effluent can be stored when weather or soil conditions are unsuitable for irrigation, in order to meet the conditions (b)(i) and (b)(ii) above, and d. discharges do not pond or flow to any surface water, -and e. discharges avoid adverse effects on community drinking water supply protection areas shown on Map 26, Map 27a, Map 27b and Map 27c. <u>Any new system to store, treat or dispose of collected animal effluent shall be designed so that sufficient storage is provided for deferred irrigation, except in extreme weather events.</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/171	Policy P96: Managing land use	Amend	<p>Rural land use activities shall be managed <u>through an expanded non-regulatory programme delivered in partnership with industry and prioritised to key catchments and key issues to support</u> using good management practice. Note: A limit, target and <u>management or allocation</u> framework will be established through the whitua committee process and incorporated into the Plan through a future plan change or variation.</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/172	Policy P97: Managing sediment discharges	Amend	<p>The discharge of sediment to surface water bodies and coastal water from earthworks activities <u>associated with major infrastructure and subdivision developments</u> shall be minimised <u>managed by ...</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/173	Policy P98: Accelerated soil erosion	Oppose	Delete

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/174	Policy P99: Livestock access to surface water bodies	Amend	<p>Sedimentation,... shall be managed <u>to maintain reliable access to drinking water for livestock and to</u>:</p> <p>a) protect <u>maintain</u> aquatic habitat and water quality, and b) protect the significant values of Category 1 surface water bodies. Where livestock are not excluded from the bed (including the banks) of surface water bodies, the adverse effects of access are avoided, remedied or mitigated by methods, such as, but not limited to:</p> <p>c) r <u>estricting the types of livestock, and</u> d) — <u>restricting the numbers of animals, and</u> e) — <u>limiting <u>managing</u> the density, ...</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/175	Policy P100: Riparian margins for cultivation and break-feeding	Amend	The overland flow of contaminants to surface water bodies from the use of land for cultivation and break-feeding shall be minimised <u>managed</u> through the use of riparian set-backs and good management practices.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/176	Policy P105: Protecting trout habitat	Amend	Particular regard shall be given to the <u>maintenance</u> protection of trout habitat in rivers with important trout habitat identified in Schedule I (trout habitat). The effects of use and development in and around these rivers shall be managed to: a) maintain or improve <u>water quality in accordance with the objectives in Table 3.4 and Table 3.5 of Objective Q25, and b) —</u> <u>minimise changes in flow regimes that would otherwise prevent trout from completing their life cycle, and c) —</u> <u>maintain the amount of pool, run and riffle habitat, and d) —</u> <u>maintain fish passage for trout, where appropriate and e) —</u> <u>minimise <u>manage</u> adverse effects on the beds of trout spawning waters identified in Schedule I (trout habitat) <u>during spawning periods (31 May-31 August)</u></u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/177	Policy P107: The framework for taking and using water	Amend	The framework for the take and use of water recognises: a) <u>expanded low flow monitoring and validation/calibration of the models for groundwater connectivity to surface water shall be managed as described in Schedule P (groundwater connectivity), and <u>are required to support whaitua review of minimum flow and allocation regimes</u></u> b) the take and use of water does not exceed allocation amounts provided for in the <u>current operative RFP <u>Plan</u></u> , and c) minimum flows or water levels are managed in accordance with the <u>current operative RFP <u>Plan</u></u> provisions.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/178	Policy P111: Water takes at minimum flows and water levels	Amend	The take and use of water shall not occur when flows or water levels fall below minimum flows or water levels in the whaitua chapters (chapters 7-11) , <u>current operative RFP</u> with the exception that water ...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/179	Policy P112: Priorities in drought and serious water shortage	Amend	In times of drought and serious water shortage when flows or water levels fall below the minimum flows or water levels in the whaitua chapters of the Plan (chapters 7-11) , <u>current operative RFP</u> , water takes shall be limited to that required for firefighting, human health, animal drinking water and rootstock protection
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/180	Policy P113: Core allocation for rivers	Amend	The maximum allocation amounts for rivers (and their tributaries) and directly connected groundwater not listed in Rules R.R1, WH.R1 and K.R1 in the whaitua chapters of the Plan (chapters 7, 8 and 10) ; (a) for rivers with mean flows of greater than 5m³/sec, 50% of the mean annual low flow, or <u>is the current operative RFP allocations, or</u> (b) for rivers with mean flows of less than or equal to 5m³/sec, 30% of the mean annual low flow. <u>consented allocation at the date of notification of the pNRP whichever is greater</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/181	Policy P117: Supplementary allocation amounts at flows above the median flow	Amend	In addition to core allocation, water is available from rivers at flows above the median flow, <u>including the taking of water for storage outside a river bed</u> , provided flushing flows and a portion of flow above the median flow remains in the river to meet Objective O25.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/182	Policy P120: Taking water for storage	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/183	Policy P128: Transfer of resource consents	Amend	The temporary or permanent transfer of the whole or part of the amount allocated by a resource consent(s) to take and use water shall be enabled, provided: a) the adverse effects of the take and use of transferred water are the same or less, and b) ... e) the transferee's water take and use is reasonable and efficient for the intended use, including meeting the reasonable and efficient use criteria identified in Schedule Q (efficient use).

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/184	5. Rules	Amend	Any and all default rules for rural activities currently classified discretionary, be amended to controlled or restricted discretionary status, with matters for control or discretion restricted to conditions breached and clearly specified
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/185	Rule R36: Agrichemicals - permitted activity	Amend	<p>The discharge of agrichemicals into air or onto or into land where it may enter water is a permitted activity, provided the following conditions are met:...</p> <p>e) there is no discharge into water or within a community drinking water supply protection area, and...</p> <p>g) the applicator, manager or owner of the property shall prepare a spray plan at least once per annum, and:</p> <p>a....</p> <p>b. notify adjacent neighbours <u>identified as sensitive</u> that a spray plan is available on request at start of a spray season, <u>and follow up with advice closer to planned spraying activities if requested</u></p> <p>c. gain written agreement from adjoining neighbours that notification is not required, and</p> <p>d. supply a copy of the spray plan at least 24 hours prior to the discharge of agrichemicals to the owner/occupier of a property identified as a sensitive area or likely to be directly affected by the discharge, or requests a copy, and ...</p> <p>i) for ground-based applications where the applicator is not a commercial applicator the applicator shall:</p> <p>a. hold a GROWSAFE® Introductory Certificate, <u>or Approved Handler...</u></p> <p>o) for <u>aerial</u> discharges adjacent to a sensitive area a risk assessment prior to the discharge shall be undertaken in accordance with NZS 8409:2004: Management of Agrichemicals.</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/186	Rule R37: Agrichemicals into water - permitted activity	Amend	e)(ii) each resource consent holder for taking water from a community drinking water supply protection area <u>within 1km</u> downstream of the discharge one week before.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/187	Rule R42: Minor discharges - permitted activity	Amend	<p>Rule R42: minor discharges <u>to water</u> - The discharge of contaminants into water, or onto or into land where it may enter water that is not permitted, controlled, restricted discretionary, discretion, non-complying or prohibited by any other rule in this Plan is a permitted activity provided the following conditions are met:</p> <p>a) where the discharge may enter groundwater, the discharge is not located within 50m of a bore used for water abstraction for potable supply or stock water, and</p> <p>b) where the discharge enters a surface water body or coastal water, the concentration of total suspended solids in the discharge shall not exceed:</p> <p>i) 50g/m³ where the discharge enters a site or habitat identified in Schedule A (outstanding water bodies), Schedule F1 (rivers/lakes), Schedule F3 (significant wetlands), or Schedule F4 (coastal sites), except when the background total suspended solids concentration in the receiving water is greater than 50g/m³ in which case the decrease in water clarity after the zone of reasonable mixing shall not exceed 20%, or</p> <p>ii) 100g/m³ where the discharge enters any other water, except when the background total suspended solids concentration in the receiving water is greater than 100g/m³ in which case the decrease in water clarity after the zone of reasonable mixing shall not exceed 33%, and</p> <p>c) ...</p> <p>e) iv) the fresh water is unsuitable for consumption by farm animals, <u>(e. coli > 1000/mg/L)</u> or...</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/188	Rule R48: Stormwater from an individual property - permitted activity	Amend	<p>Amend: The discharge of stormwater into water, or onto or into land where it may enter a surface water body or coastal water, from an individual property is a permitted activity, provided the following conditions are met:</p> <p>[Delete conditions (a) and (e)]</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/189	Rule R49: Stormwater to land - permitted activity	Support	Retain
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/190	Rule R59: Existing pumped drainage schemes	Support	Retain

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/191	Rule R70: Cleanfill material - permitted activity	Amend	(a) the cleanfill material is not located within 20m <u>5m</u> of a surface water body, or bore used for water abstraction for potable supply, and... d) the cleanfill material shall be managed (siting, design and operation) in accordance with Sections 5-8 in A Guide to the Management of Cleanfills (2002), and e) the volume of cleanfill material deposited at a property shall not exceed 100m³, and f) the volume and origin of the cleanfill material and the date the material has been deposited on this property, is recorded using GPS or mapped to an accuracy of at least 50m at a scale of 1:50,000; and a copy of this information is made available to the Wellington Regional Council upon request, and g) the cleanfill material shall be stabilised and re-vegetated within six months of completion of the activity.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/192	Rule R71: Pit latrine - permitted activity	Amend	...not located i) within 50m <u>20m</u> of a surface water body, coastal marine area, gully or bore used for potable supply
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/193	Rule R74: Existing on-site wastewater systems - permitted activity	Amend	d) the volume of domestic wastewater to be discharged from any one system shall not exceed 1,300L/day <u>2000L/day</u> (calculated as a weekly average)
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/194	Rule R75: New or upgraded on-site wastewater systems - permitted activity	Amend	e) i. 20m of a surface water body, coastal marine area, gully or bore used for water abstraction for potable supply, or... iv. a community drinking water supply protection area as shown on Map 26, Map 27a, Map 27b or Map 27c, and
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/195	Rule R76: New or upgraded on-site wastewater systems within community drinking water supply protection areas - controlled activity	Amend	Delete

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/196	Rule R82: Application of fertiliser from ground-based or aerial application - permitted activity	Amend	a) the discharge is not <u>directly</u> onto or into a surface water body or beyond the boundary of the property including as a result of wind drift , and
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/197	Rule R83: Discharge of collected animal effluent onto or into land - controlled activity	Amend	Amend title: Discharge <u>Application</u> of collected animal effluent onto or into land <u>from existing premises</u> _Amend wording [see original submission p95-96 for detailed changes requested].
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/198	Rule R83: Discharge of collected animal effluent onto or into land - controlled activity	Amend	Include new rule "Application of collected animal effluent onto or into land from new premises" [See original submission p96 for detail of wording].
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/199	Rule R84: Discharge of collected animal effluent to water - non complying activity	Amend	The discharge of collected animal effluent into water is a non-complying activity <u>except in extreme weather events</u> .
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/200	Rule R85: Application of compost to land - permitted activity	Amend	The discharge <u>application</u> of compost onto or into land, and the associated discharge of odour, is a permitted activity provided the following conditions are met: a....b. the discharge shall not pond on the surface of the ground or run off from the discharge area <u>into a surface water body</u> , and <u>cause a conspicuous change in colour or visual clarity beyond the zone of reasonable mixing</u> c. nitrogen loading on the discharge area from all sources to is less than 150kg N/ha/year, and
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/201	Rule R89: Farm refuse dumps - permitted activity	Amend	Amend: a. the contents of the farm refuse dump is from the property <u>or under the same ownership</u> where the farm dump is located, and b. the volume of a farm refuse dump shall not exceed 50m³ <u>100m³</u> , <u>excluding vegetation and clippings</u> and... Delete conditions c(ii), c(iii), d(ii), d(iii), f(ii), and (g)-(i).

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/202	Rule R90: Manufacture and storage of silage and compost - permitted activity	Amend	<p>a. the manufacture and storage area shall not be located within 20m <u>5m</u> of a surface water body, ...</p> <p>b. the discharge does not contain:</p> <p>i. hazardous substances, or</p> <p>ii. wastewater, offal or dead animal matter, and</p> <p>c. stormwater is prevented from entering into the manufacture or storage area, and</p> <p>d. the walls and floor of a silage storage area shall have an impermeable lining able to withstand corrosion, and there shall be no discharge of leachate to <u>a surface water body, and</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/203	Rule R91: Offal pit - permitted activity	Amend	<p>a. the offal pit shall only contain dead animal matter from the property <u>or under the same ownership</u> where the offal pit is located, and</p> <p>b. the offal pit shall not be located within:</p> <p>i. 50m <u>20m</u> of a surface water body, coastal marine area, gully, or bore used for water abstraction for potable supply, and</p> <p>ii. an area prone to flooding or ponding, and</p> <p>c. the offal pit shall be located in silty or clay soils, and</p> <p>d. the bottom of the offal pit is 0.6m above the seasonally highest water table, and</p> <p>f. stormwater is prevented from entering the offal pit, and</p> <p>g. the location is recorded, by GPS or mapped to an accuracy of at least 50m at a scale of 1:50,000; and a copy of this information is made available to the Wellington Regional Council upon request, and</p> <p>h. the offal pit is re-contoured and re-vegetated to a condition that is compatible with the surrounding land within six months of completion.</p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/204	Rule R92: All discharges to land within community drinking water protection areas - restricted discretionary activity	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/205	Rule R94: Cultivation or tilling of land - permitted activity	Amend	<p>a. cultivation shall not occur within 5m of a surface water body, and...</p> <p>c. sediment laden surface water resulting from cultivation does not flow <u>any run-off to a surface water body does not cause conspicuous change in colour or clarity beyond the zone of reasonable mixing</u></p>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/206	Rule R95: Break-feeding - permitted activity	Amend	a. break-feeding shall not occur within 5m of a surface water body, and b. sediment-laden surface water resulting from cultivation does not flow <u>any run-off to a surface water body does not cause conspicuous change in colour or clarity beyond the zone of reasonable mixing</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/207	Rule R97: Access to the beds of surface water bodies by livestock - permitted activity	Amend	[Amend Rule R97 as per original submission p102]
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/208	Rule R98: Livestock access to the beds of surface water bodies - discretionary activity	Amend	Recommend that R98 be controlled activity status.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/209	Rule R99: Earthworks-permitted activity	Support in part	Retain subject to changes to definitions [earthworks, property, stabilised, surface water body]
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/210	Rule R100: Vegetation clearance on erosion prone land - permitted activity	Support in part	Retain subject to changes in definitions [erosion prone land, property, surface water body, vegetation clearance]
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/211	5.5.2 Wetlands general conditions	Amend	Wetland general conditions for activities in natural wetlands, significant natural wetlands and outstanding natural wetlands are that:... [c]—all machinery, equipment and materials used for the activity shall be removed from the natural wetland every night and on completion of the activity. This includes any excess material from the construction operation, any materials used during construction of any structure but not part of that structure, and any material removed or demolished from any structure, and [d] structures are designed, installed and maintained, and activities are carried out in a manner to ensure that fish passage is maintained at all times, and

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/212	Rule R104: Structures in natural wetlands and significant natural wetlands - permitted activity	Amend	(f) only hand-held machinery is used in any area of the natural wetland, and (g) the activity shall comply with the wetland general conditions for activities in natural wetlands, significant natural wetlands and outstanding natural wetlands specified above in Section 5.5.2.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/213	Rule R105: Planting and pest plant control in natural wetlands, significant natural wetlands and outstanding natural wetlands - permitted activity	Amend	(f) only appropriate indigenous wetland species are deliberately introduced or planted <u>in significant wetlands</u> and...(j) only hand-held machinery is used in any area of the <u>significant wetland s</u> , and
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/214	Rule R106: Restoration of natural wetlands, significant natural wetlands and outstanding natural wetlands - controlled activity	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/215	Rule R107: Activities in natural wetlands and significant natural wetlands - discretionary activity	Amend	The following activities in a natural wetland or significant natural wetland except for those stipulated in <u>agreed</u> and carried out in accordance with a restoration management plan under Rule R106 Method M20...are <u>restricted discretionary</u> activities.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/216	Rule R108: Activities in natural wetlands and significant natural wetlands - non-complying activity	Amend	The following activities, in a natural wetland or significant natural wetland except for those stipulated <u>agreed</u> in and carried out in accordance with a restoration management plan under Rule R106 Method M20 ...are non-complying <u>restricted discretionary</u> activities.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/217	Rule R109: Activities in outstanding natural wetlands - discretionary activity	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/218	Rule R110: Activities in outstanding natural wetlands - non-complying activity	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/219	Rule R111: Reclamation of outstanding natural wetlands - prohibited activity	Oppose	Delete
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/220	5.5.4 Beds of lakes and rivers general conditions	Support in part	General conditions for activities in the beds of lakes and rivers that apply as specified in Rules R112 to R125 <u>except in the case of emergency maintenance and repairs:</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/221	Rule R112: Maintenance, repair, replacement, upgrade or use of existing structures (excluding the Barrage Gates) - permitted activity	Support in part	The maintenance, ... is a permitted activity, provided the following conditions are met <u>except in the case of emergency maintenance and repairs</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/222	Rule R113: Diversion of flood water by existing structures - permitted activity	Support	Retain

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/223	Rule R114: River crossing structures - permitted activity	Amend	<p>The placement or use of a river crossing structure, ... is a permitted activity, provided the following conditions are met: ... f) the river crossing that has any part of the structure fixed in or on the bed has a catchment area above the crossing of not more than: i) 200ha in any catchment in the region on the eastern side of the Ruamāhanga River, or ii) 50ha in any catchment in the region on the western side of the Ruamāhanga River, andg) the formed crossing shall be no wider than what is required for the purpose of the crossing and the total area of the structure in or on the bed of the river shall not exceed 20m2 <u>50m2 for bridges and 100m2 for fords</u> and h) the activity does not occur within a site identified in Schedule C (mana whenua) <u>which specifies site specific restrictions on river crossing structures</u></p>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/224	Rule R115: Culverts - permitted activity	Amend	<p>The placement or use of a culvert ... f) the activity does not occur within a site identified in Schedule C (mana whenua), <u>which specifies site specific restrictions on culverts</u> and g) where multiple culverts are placed side by side, the total cross-sectional area of the multiple culverts shall not be less than that of a single culvert which complies with this rule, and h) the culvert, associated fill and culvert placement shall comply with the following dimensions: i) a maximum culvert length of 20m, and ii) for circular culverts a culvert diameter of 0.3m to 1.2m (inclusive), and iii) for non-circular culverts a width and height of 0.3m to 1.2m each (inclusive), and iv) a culvert diameter, or width that is at least as wide as the river bed at the point at which the culvert is installed (and which complies with (h)(ii) and (h)(iii) above) v) a maximum fill height of 2m above the top of the culvert unless a spillway is constructed to enable the passage of a 5% annual exceedence probability (20 year return period) flood event without the fill being overtopped, and l) ... k) the culvert shall be constructed to allow: a. the flow from a 5% annual exceedence probability (20 year return period) flood event without overtopping, unless the overtopping flows to a specifically designed spillway, <u>or floodway</u> and ...</p>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/225	Rule R116: Establishing a small dam and existing dams - permitted activity	Amend	The placement of a new small dam... i. the activity does not occur within a site identified in Schedule C (mana whenua), <u>which specifies site specific restrictions on dams</u> and j. the small dam is not located in and does not cause water to pond in, a significant natural wetland identified in Schedule F3 (significant wetlands) or an outstanding water body identified in Schedule A (outstanding water bodies) , and k. the small dam shall not impound more than 20,000m ³ of water, <u>above natural ground level</u> and ... m. any new small dam does not have a catchment area above the dam of more than 20ha and...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/226	Rule R117: New structures - permitted activity	Amend	The placement or use of a new structure... is a permitted activity, provided the following conditions are met <u>except in the case of emergency works</u> :...f. the activity does not occur within a site identified in Schedule C (mana whenua), <u>which specifies site specific restrictions on new structures</u> excluding adding pipes or cables to an existing structure and...i. the catchment upstream of any sediment retention weir is not greater than 200ha, and...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/227	Rule R119: Clearing flood debris and beach recontouring - permitted activity	Amend	...is a permitted activity, provided the following conditions are met <u>except in the case of emergency works</u> :
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/228	Rule R120: Minor sand and gravel extraction - permitted activity	Amend	c. extraction in any 12 month period shall be limited to whichever is the lesser of:i. 15m³ 50m³ for an individual's needs, orii. 50m³ 150m³ for use on the property on which the river bed occurs or is adjacent to, <u>or up to 300m³ with the agreement of the WRC river operations manager</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/229	Rule R121: Maintenance of drains - permitted activity	Amend	[Amend Rule R121 as per original submission p114-115].

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/230	Rule R122: Removing vegetation - permitted activity	Amend	[Delete conditions (h), (k)-(m) and amend rule R122 as per original submission p115-116]
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/231	Rule R123: Planting - permitted activity	Amend	b. only native plants shall be used in a site identified in Schedule A (outstanding water bodies) , Schedule C (mana whenua) and Schedule F (indigenous biodiversity), <u>except poles and willows for erosion control</u> and
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/232	Rule R123: Planting - permitted activity	Amend	The placement of a river crossing structure, a culvert, new small dam, or other small structure that that is fixed in, on or under the bed of a river within a site identified in Schedule C (mana whenua) <u>which specified site specific restrictions on the placement of a river crossing structure, a culvert, new small dam, or other small structure</u> Matters for discretion1. Effects on the <u>values of sites</u> with significant mana whenua values
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/233	Rule R131: Damming or diverting water within or from rivers - discretionary activity	Amend	The damming or diverting of water within or from a river that does not meet Rules R112, R114, R115, R116, R117, R118, R119, R121, R122 and R123 and R140 is a <u>restricted</u> discretionary activity, provided the following conditions are met: a. the damming or diverting of water shall not result in river flows falling below <u>c urrent operative RFP</u> minimum flows in chapters 7 to 11 of the Plan, and b. the damming or diverting of water is not in any outstanding river identified in Schedule A1 (outstanding rivers).
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/234	Rule R136: Take and use of water - permitted activity	Amend	...c. fish are prevented from entering the water intake, fish screen to reduce risk of fish entering and... f. at the written request of the Wellington Regional Council a water meter is installed and daily water use records are kept and provided to the Wellington Regional Council.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/235	Rule R137: Farm dairy washdown and milk-cooling water - permitted activity	Amend	...(b) the total take shall be no more than 70L per day per stock unit based on the maximum herd size on the property at any time during the three years prior to the date of public notification of the Proposed Natural Resources Plan (31.07.2015), and...(d) fish screen to reduce risk of fish entering and ... (g) at the written request of the Wellington Regional Council a water meter is installed and daily water use records are kept and provided to the Wellington Regional Council.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/236	Rule R143: Temporary water permit transfers - controlled activity	Amend	The transfer of the whole or part of a water permit for the take and use of water to another location for a period of no more than one year is a controlled <u>permitted</u> activity
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/237	Rule R144: Transferring water permits - restricted discretionary activity	Amend	c. the take shall not occur when flows or water levels fall below the minimum flows or water levels in chapters 7-11 of the Plan, <u>the current operative RFP</u> and
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/238	6. Methods	Support in part	Amendments are recommended consistent with relief sought on other provisions, and to improve focus and clarity
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/239	6. Methods	Amend	b. guidance on permitted activities, such as the design and maintenance of on-site domestic wastewater treatment and discharge systems, earthworks, vegetation clearance and cleanfills, <u>culverts and river crossing structures</u> and c. information for the Plan users on the management of activities that have changed significantly from the first generation regional plans, <u>eg. specified materials</u> Wellington Regional Council will prepare protocols and definitions to guide changes to district and regional plans to avoid gaps, uncertainty and unnecessary overlap in regional and territorial regulations for the management of natural resources, <u>including for wetlands, earthworks and vegetation clearance</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/240	Method M7: Outstanding water bodies	Amend	a. review criteria in the Regional Policy Statement for the Wellington Region 2013 used to identify outstanding rivers and lakes for indigenous ecosystem values, <u>based on national guidance</u> , and b. use an expert panel to develop and apply criteria for outstanding recreational values of rivers and lakes in the region, <u>based on national guidance</u> and ...d. amend the Plan, after consultation with interested parties <u>and affected landowners</u> , through plan change or variation to include outstanding rivers and lakes identified in (a), (b) and (c) above.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/241	Method M8: Te Awarua-o-Porirua Harbour restoration	Amend	Wellington Regional Council will work in partnership with Ngāti Toa Rangatira, Porirua City Council, Wellington City Council, <u>landowners</u> and stakeholders to address ecological restoration in Te Awarua-o-Porirua Harbour. The parties will work with <u>landowners and catchment and community groups</u> in order to:
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/242	Method M9: Wairarapa Moana	Amend	Wellington Regional Council will work <u>in partnership</u> with Kahungunu ki Wairarapa and Rangitāne o Wairarapa, <u>landowners</u> and the community to restore the ecological values and improve the water quality of Wairarapa Moana. Management activities will include, but are not limited to: d) monitoring, including kaitiaki <u>and landowner</u> information and monitoring, and... f) managing pest plants and animals, <u>and introduced aquatic species impacting on indigenous biodiversity</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/243	Method M10: Water quality investigations and remediation actions	Amend	Wellington Regional Council will further investigate effects, establish or confirm causality, and develop appropriate remediation and/or containment programmes <u>in partnership with landowners and industry</u> to address ...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/244	Method M12: Sustainable land management practices	Amend	(c) developing <u>catchment plans for coordinating or supporting catchment activities and catchment-scale mitigations and innovations</u> , and assisting with ... <u>(iii) providing assistance to willing landowners outside the designated priorities</u> (d) collecting and providing biophysical information <u>in collaboration with catchment landowners</u> needed for <u>prioritising effective and cost-effective catchment action plans and adaptive management</u> , and ...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/245	Method M13: Wairarapa water races	Amend	Wellington Regional Council will work with Wairarapa district councils, <u>water race committees</u> and landowners to characterise the hydrology, water quality, ecology, and the <u>economic</u> , social, heritage and cultural values ...b. options for increasing efficiency including opportunities for <u>transfer trading</u> of water takes or providing alternatives to the use of water races, andc. options for retaining ecological values, and <u>options for maintaining reliable access to water for stock</u>

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/246	Method M14: Maintenance of drains	Amend	Wellington Regional Council will develop agreed <u>good practice guidelines with landowners and industry</u> and implement an education programme including practices, procedures and tools in collaboration with industry, other relevant organisations and stakeholders <u>as soon as possible to support prior to the implementation of Rule R121: Maintenance of drains and to support development of agreed practices for Rule 122: Removing Vegetation</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/247	Method M17: Reduce waste and use water and energy efficiently	Amend	Wellington Regional Council will work with city and district councils <u>and industry</u> to reduce waste and encourage...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/248	Method M18: Water use groups	Amend	[Not stated; consistent with relief sought on other provisions, and improve focus and clarity].
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/249	Methods 19: Water management	Amend	c. promoting and providing advice on suitable models that consider <u>calibrated to Wairarapa</u> land use, crop use and other site physical factors that will meet <u>support</u> the efficient use criteria in Schedule Q (efficient use) of the Plan, andd. promoting <u>exploring</u> alternatives to the use of water races, and
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/250	Method M20: Wetlands	Amend	a. promote the value of wetlands and advocate for their management, restoration and protection, and <u>enhancement and construction</u> ...c. develop and implement Restoration Management Plans for <u>in partnership with</u> landowners with outstanding wetlands and significant wetlands as required, and
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/251	Method M21: Fish passage	Amend	b. providing training and guidance to landowners and managers <u>including on design or retro-fitting of culverts and river crossing structures</u> , andc. restoring fish passage in <u>(named)</u> priority areas.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/252	Method M24: Outstanding natural features and landscapes and high natural character	Amend	i) identify areas with outstanding/high natural character in the coastal environment, and j) produce a regional list of these features, landscapes and areas by 2017 for <u>consultation with landowners prior to</u> inclusion in the Plan by plan change or variation.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/253	Method M25: Understanding and providing for mana whenua values and relationships	Amend	Wellington Regional Council will work with mana whenua <u>and landowners</u> to assist communities in understanding and providing for mana whenua values and, in particular, their relationships with air, land and water within Ngā Taonga Nui a Kiwa.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/254	Method M27: Improving water quality in priority water bodies	Amend	Wellington Regional Council will <u>support whitua committees</u> to develop and implement a programme to improve water quality for <u>safeguarding indigenous species and</u> contact recreation and Māori customary use in the indicative first priority fresh and coastal water bodies identified in <u>Method M10 and</u> Schedule H1.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/255	Method M28: Development of good management practice guidelines.	Amend	Wellington Regional Council will continue to develop practices, procedures and tools (including rules) in collaboration with industry, other relevant organisations and stakeholders to support the implementation of policies which rely on good management practice to achieve desired environmental <u>sustainable management</u> outcomes.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/256	7 Ruamahanga Whitua	Amend	Recommend the operative minimum flows and core allocation apply as in the RFP pending more detailed whitua consideration. All recommendations for amendments made in respect of Ruamahanga apply also to other Whitua chapters
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/257	Policy R.P1: Minimum flows and water levels in the Ruamahanga Whitua	Amend	a) for rivers (including tributaries), <u>the current operative RFP minimum flows shown in Table 7.1, and b) for rivers not in Table 7.1, 90% of the seven-day mean annual low flow, and c) for Lake Wairarapa, the minimum water level in Table 7.2, the current operative RFP and...</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/258	Policy R.P2: Core allocation in the Ruamahanga Whitua	Amend	(b) the <u>current operative RFP</u> allocation amounts identified in Tables 7.3-7.5,...
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/259	Policy R.P3: Cumulative effects on river reaches of allocating water	Amend	Delete

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/260	Rule R.R1: Take and use of water in the Ruamahanga Whaitua - restricted discretionary activity	Amend	[Amend Rule R.R1 as per original submission p129-130]
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/261	Rule R.R3: Take and use of water that exceeds minimum flows, lake levels or core allocation - prohibited activity	Amend	The take and use of water from any river (including tributaries), Lake Wairarapa (including tributaries), or groundwater in Tables 7.3-7.5 in the Ruamāhanga River catchment that does not meet conditions (a) or (b) of Rule R.R1 is a prohibited <u>non-complying</u> activity.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/262	Table 7.1: Minimum flows for rivers in the Ruamahanga River and Lake Wairarapa catchments	Amend	Specify current operative RFP minimum flows
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/263	Table 7.2: Minimum lake levels and minimum water levels for Lake Wairarapa	Amend	Retain and specify current operative RFP levels
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/264	Table 7.3: Surface water allocation amounts for rivers and groundwater directly connected to surface water in the Ruamahanga River catchments above the Lake Wairarapa outflow	Amend	Delete, or specify current operative RFP allocation amounts

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/265	Table 7.4: Surface water allocation amounts for rivers, Lake Wairarapa and groundwater directly connected to surface water in the Lake Wairarapa catchment	Amend	Delete, or specify current operative RFP allocation amounts
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/266	Table 7.5: Groundwater allocation amounts for groundwater not directly connected to surface water in the Ruamahanga River catchment	Amend	Delete, or specify current operative RFP allocation amounts
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/267	Table 7.1: Minimum flows for rivers in the Ruamahanga River and Lake Wairarapa catchments	Amend	[Figure 7.1] Expanded low flow monitoring and management points
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/268	Table 7.3: Surface water allocation amounts for rivers and groundwater directly connected to surface water in the Ruamahanga River catchments above the Lake Wairarapa outflow	Amend	[Figures 7.2-7.9] Calibration and validation of the conjunctive framework for water management, including seasonal water balances, including at sub-catchment scale
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/269	Schedule A: Outstanding water bodies	Oppose	Delete Schedule A and delete all references to outstanding waterbodies in the rules pending a future plan change
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/270	Schedule B: Nga Taonga Nui a Kiwa	Amend	Restructure Schedule B to locate relevant sites in the whitua chapters

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/271	Schedule C: Sites with significant mana whenua values	Amend	Restructure Schedule C to locate relevant sites in the whitua chapters Amend Schedule C to include additional site-specific columns to enable proper debate of proposed restrictions within the public plan process, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Site held in public or private ownership • Site specific threats and pressures impacting on values; and • Proposed site specific restrictions (eg, culverts, fords, bridges or other activities)
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/272	Schedule F: Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Amend	Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values are those that meet <u>have been assessed against</u> the criteria set down in Policy 23 of the Regional Policy Statement for representativeness, rarity, diversity, and ecological context; <u>and where GWRC has engaged directly with landowners to identify areas, undertake field evaluations and assess significance in accordance with Policy 23 and Method 32</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/273	Schedule F1: Rivers and lakes with significant indigenous ecosystems	Amend	Re-prioritise Schedule F1 to identify high value systems for active management; and Restructure Schedule F1 to locate relevant sites and maps in the whitua chapters
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/274	13 Maps	Amend	[Maps 13a, b and c] - re-prioritise Schedule F1 to identify high value systems for active management; and - restructure Schedule F1 to locate relevant sites and maps in the whitua chapters
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/275	Schedule F2: Habitats for indigenous birds	Amend	Identify the range and peak periods for breeding birds
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/276	Schedule F3: Identified significant natural wetlands	Amend	That WRC furnish a complete dataset of proposed significant wetlands supported by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the Boffa-Miskell desktop assessments (where available), the Wildlands field assessments (where available) and analysis of any differences between the two; and • desktop or field evidence to support other wetlands on the schedule, Preliminary to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • deleting wetlands < 1.0 ha unless they are rare hydro-classes and/or high condition • re-prioritising Schedule C [Schedule F3?] to include the highest value sites for biodiversity. Then restructure the schedule to locate relevant sites in the whitua chapters.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/277	Schedule F3a: Contents of restoration management plans	Oppose	Delete Schedule F3a
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/278	Schedule G: Principles to be applied when proposing and considering mitigation and offsetting in relation to biodiversity	Amend	Delete; alternatively specify the criteria. Amend 2 (b) as follows: offsetting in inappropriate where... the values of that area are highly vulnerable or irreplaceable
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/279	Schedule H: Contact recreation and Maori customary use	Support in part	This schedule sets the benchmark for others: we recommend this template be adopted more consistently though the pNRP.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/280	Map 20: Significant primary contact recreation rivers and lakes (Schedule H)	Support in part	Amend Map 20 to mark the monitoring points.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/281	Schedule H2: Priorities for improvement of fresh and coastal water quality for contact recreation and Maori customary use	Support in part	Amend Schedule H2 as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fresh water bodies for primary contact: regionally significant primary contact recreation rivers at or below the NOF minimum acceptable state at flows below 3x median flow, and at one or more sites <u>during the bathing season (November -March)</u> • Fresh water bodies for secondary contact: fresh water bodies with water quality assessed in the NOF C band, based on five year monitoring records.

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/282	Schedule I: Important trout fishery rivers and spawning waters	Amend	<p>That WRC be required to undertake a more rigorous analysis of evidence against specified criteria preliminary to re-drafting schedule I and Map 22</p> <p>Pending that analysis, we suggest Schedule I could be restructured to show indicative priorities, and relevant rivers/reaches located in whitua chapters for whitua consideration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indicative regionally important trout fishery rivers: Hutt, Ruamahanga • Indicative locally important trout fishery rivers: Wainuiomata, Waikanae, Waiohine • Indicative first priority spawning reaches: Collins, Whakatikei, Wainui, Rahui, Catchpool, Mangatarere • Indicative second priority spawning reaches: Maungakotukutuku, Blakes and perhaps others based on clear evidence from spawning surveys.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/283	Map 22: Trout fishery rivers and trout spawning waters (Schedule I)	Amend	see submission point s352/282
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/284	Schedule M: Community drinking water supply abstraction points	Amend	<p>That WRC undertake more detailed mapping and risk analysis alongside cost-benefit analysis of options for source/ treatment/zone controls, in consultation with Federated Farmers and territorial authorities, prior to the hearing to provide additional guidance to the hearing panel.</p> <p>That Schedule M be amended as follows, or to similar effect: Schedule M: Community Drinking Water Supply-Abstraction Points</p> <p>Regionally important drinking water supplies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - community supplies as currently listed; and - identify priority supplies with substantive non-compliance with primary health determinands <p>Locally important drinking water supplies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - list smaller rural supplies and - identify priority supplies where bacteriological standards are not met <p>Groundwater drinking water quality</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - map domestic drinking water takes - identify priority areas with elevated groundwater nitrate relative to the standard

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/285	Map 26: Surface water community drinking water supply protection areas (incorporates Schedule M1)	Amend	See submission point S352/284
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/286	Schedule M1: Surface water community drinking water supply abstraction points	Amend	See submission point S352/284
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/287	Schedule M2: Groundwater community drinking water supply abstraction points	Amend	See submission point S352/284
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/288	Map 27a: Groundwater community drinking water supply protection areas - Wairarapa (incorporates Schedule M2)	Amend	See submission point S352/284
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/289	Map 27b: Groundwater community drinking water supply protection areas - Hutt Valley (incorporates Schedule M2)	Amend	See submission point S352/284
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/290	Map 27c: Groundwater community drinking water supply protection areas - Kapiti Coast (incorporates Schedule M2)	Amend	See submission point s352/284

Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/291	Schedule P: Classifying and managing groundwater and surface water connectivity	Amend	Amend Schedule P as follows, or to similar effect: Category A and B groundwater takes that are directly connected to surface water are subject to the same core allocation and restrictions as surface water takes, <u>and may be subject to restrictions in low-flows.</u> [Strongly recommend additional work to inform Schedule P; see original submission p150 for detail].
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/292	Schedule Q: Reasonable and efficient use criteria	Amend	Amend Schedule Q [as set out in original submission p151 or to similar effect].
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/293	Schedule S: Guideline for measuring and reporting of water takes	Amend	Amend Schedule S to specify that stepdowns don't apply to stored water Delete the following: measuring and reporting for small takes may be required for small takes less than 5L/sec After health needs, add <u>stock drinking water and rootstock protection.</u>
Federated Farmers of New Zealand	S352/294	Entire Plan	Amend	[Prepare a s32 report for primary production prior to the hearing; provide clear criteria, evidence and cost-benefit analysis of the pNRP schedules of significant sites; prepare explicit cost-benefit analysis of pNRP water quality and allocation proposals prior to the hearing]
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/001	Contaminated land	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/002	Fertiliser	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/003	Field capacity	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/004	Good management practice	Amend	Practices, procedures or <u>use of tools</u> (including rules) that are effective at achieving the desired performance while providing for environmental outcomes <u>responsibility</u> . Good management practice evolves through time and results in continuous improvement as new information, technology and awareness of particular issues are developed and disseminated. <u>Industry agreed</u> good management practice guidelines can be found on the Wellington Regional Council's website: http://www.gw.govt.nz/good-management-practice/

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/005	Hazardous substances	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/006	Health needs of people	Oppose	Delete
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/007	High risk soils	Oppose	Amend the definition of high risk soils to include a description of the risk presented by the soils. A suggested amendment is as follows: <u>High risk soils means: soils at risk of erosion, or increased nutrient leaching loss. These are identified as: soils with a high degree of preferential flow, artificial drainage or coarse structure with infiltration or drainage impediments, or soils on rolling/sloping country.</u> Or similar.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/008	Property	Oppose	Delete the definition of 'Property' as notified and replace with the following definition: <u>Property means any contiguous area of land, including land separated by a road or river, held in one or more than one ownership that is utilised as a single operating unit, and may include one or more certificates of title.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/009	Objective O2: Importance of land and water	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/010	Objective O4: Intrinsic values	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/011	Objective O5: Fresh and coastal water	Amend	Amend Objective O5 as follows: Fresh water bodies and the coastal marine area, as a minimum, are managed to: (a) safeguard aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai, and (b) provide for contact recreation and Māori customary use, and (c) in the case of fresh water, provide for the health needs of people. <u>(d) in the case of freshwater, provide for primary production uses.</u> Consider amendments to address concerns raised above.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/012	Objective O7: Water for livestock	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/013	Objective O8: Allocation regime	Support	Retain

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/014	3.2 Beneficial use and development	Amend	Include two new Objectives under 3.2 Beneficial use and development as follows, or similar: <u>Objective OX</u> <u>The use of land for cultural, social and economic activities that benefit the community and the Region is enabled and provided for within the Plan.</u> <u>Objective OX</u> <u>Efficient and productive use of land for primary production that contributes to the economic wellbeing of the Region and New Zealand.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/015	Objective O19: Natural processes	Oppose	Delete
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/016	Objective O23: Maintain or improve water quality	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/017	Objective O24: Contact recreation and Maori customary use	Support	Retain provided that primary production objectives are included in the plan.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/018	Objective O25: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Amend Objective O25 as follows: To safeguard aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai in fresh water bodies and coastal marine area including by: (a) <u>managing</u> water quality, flows, water levels and aquatic and coastal habitats are managed to maintain aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai, and (b) <u>encouraging</u> restoration of aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai is encouraged , and ... Amend Tables 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7 and 3.8 to include more directive and measurable and feasible objectives/standards.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/019	Objective O28: Extent of wetlands	Amend	Amend Objective O28 as follows: The extent of natural wetlands is maintained or increased and their condition is restored, <u>where degraded</u> .
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/020	Objective O30: Trout	Amend	Amend Objective O30 as follows: The habitat of trout identified in Schedule I (trout habitat) is maintained and <u>or</u> improved, <u>where degraded</u> .

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/021	Objective O42: Soil health and erosion	Oppose	Delete Objective O42 and replace with the following: Soils are healthy and productive, and accelerated soil erosion is reduced. <u>Soil health and function are protected and soil erosion is managed.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/022	Objective O43: Contaminated land	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/023	Objective O44: Land use impacts on soil and water	Amend	Amend Objective O44 as follows: The adverse effects on soil and water from land use activities are minimised <u>avoided, remedied or mitigated.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/024	Objective O46: Discharges to land	Amend	Amend Objective O46 as follows: Discharges to land are managed to reduce <u>control levels of</u> runoff or leaching of contaminants to water.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/025	Objective O47: Sediment runoff	Amend	Amend Objective 047 as follows: The amount of sediment-laden runoff entering water is reduced <u>controlled.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/026	Objective O51: Hazardous substances	Amend	Amend Objective 051 as follows: The discharge of hazardous substances is managed to protect <u>avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects on</u> human health, property and the environment.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/027	Policy P1: Ki uta ki tai and integrated catchment management	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/028	Policy P3: Precautionary approach	Oppose	Rewrite Policy P3 as follows: Use and development shall be managed <u>within a coherent integrated framework including risk identification, impact assessment, potential mitigation, assessment of alternate options, and cost-benefit analysis.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/029	Policy P4: Minimising adverse effects	Oppose in part	Delete Policy P4 and include a definition of 'minimisation' and 'best practicable option' as [per original submission p 16-17] .

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/030	Policy P7: Uses of land and water	Support in part	Amend Policy P7 as follows: The cultural, social and economic benefits of using land and water for:.....(f) food production <u>primary production</u> and harvesting, and shall be recognised <u>enabled and provided for.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/031	Policy P10: Contact recreation and Maori customary use	Amend	Amend Policy P10 as follows: The management of natural resources shall have particular regard to the actual and potential adverse effects on contact recreation and Māori customary use in fresh and coastal water, including by: (a) providing water quality and, in rivers, flows suitable for the community's objectives (<u>as set out under Objective 024 for contact recreation and Māori customary use, and.....</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/032	Policy P22: Ecosystem values of estuaries	Support in part	Amend Policy P22 as follows: Significant adverse effects on the ecosystem values of estuaries, including their importance as habitat for indigenous plants, birds and fish including diadromous species, and as a nursery for important fish stocks, shall be avoided, <u>and all other effects shall be avoided, remedied or mitigated.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/033	Policy P24: Outstanding natural character	Amend	Amend Policy P24 as follows: ... (e) avoiding the adverse effects of activities, including those located outside the area, that individually or cumulatively detract from the natural character values of the outstanding natural character area.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/034	Policy P25: Natural character	Support in part	Amend Policy P25 as follows: Use and development shall avoid significant adverse effects on natural character in the coastal marine area (including high natural character in the coastal marine area) and in the beds of lakes and rivers, and avoid, remedy or mitigate other adverse effects of activities, taking into account:....
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/035	Policy P26: Natural processes	Amend	Delete.

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/036	Policy P31: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Amend Policy P31 as follows: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai shall be maintained or restored by managing the effects of use and development on physical, chemical and biological processes to: (a) minimise <u>avoid, mitigate or remediate</u> adverse effects on natural flow characteristics and hydrodynamic processes, and the natural pattern and range of water level fluctuations in rivers, lakes and natural wetlands, and (b) minimise <u>avoid, remedy or mitigate</u> adverse effects on aquatic habitat diversity and quality, including the form, frequency and pattern of pools, runs, and riffles in rivers, and the natural form of rivers, lakes, natural wetlands and coastal habitats, and (c) minimise <u>avoid, remedy or mitigate</u> adverse effects on habitats that are important to the life cycle and survival of aquatic species, and (d) minimise <u>avoid, remedy or mitigate</u> adverse effects at times which will most affect the breeding, spawning, and dispersal or migration of aquatic species, and (e) <u>avoid, remedy or mitigate the adverse effects of</u> creating barriers to the migration or movement of indigenous aquatic species, and restore the connections between fragmented aquatic habitats where appropriate, and (f) minimise <u>avoid, remedy or mitigate</u> adverse effects on riparian habitats and restore them where practicable, and (g) avoid the introduction, and restrict the spread, of aquatic pest plants and animal
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/037	Policy P32: Adverse effects on aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Amend Policy P32 as follows: Significant a <u>Adverse</u> effects on aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai shall be managed by: (a) avoiding significant adverse effects, and (b) where significant adverse effects cannot be avoided, remedying <u>remedying or mitigate</u> them. And <u>(c) all other effects shall be avoided, remedied or mitigated, and</u> (c) where significant adverse effects cannot be remedied, mitigating them, and (d) where <u>significant</u> residual adverse effects remain after appropriate avoidance <u>or remediation or mitigation</u> m_inimisation and on-site rehabilitation has taken place, it is appropriate to consider the use of biodiversity offsets. Proposals for mitigation and biodiversity offsetting will be assessed against the principles listed in Schedule G (biodiversity offsetting).
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/038	Policy P33: Protecting indigenous fish habitat	Amend	Amend Policy P33 [to refer to avoidance of significant adverse effects rather than more than minor adverse effects; see original submission p22-23 for suggested wording]

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/039	Policy P37: Values of wetlands	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/040	Policy P39: Adverse effects on outstanding water bodies	Amend	Amend Policy P39 as follows: <u>Avoid</u> The any adverse effects <u>of use and development on the significant values of the outstanding water bodies listed in Schedule A and their margins.</u> of use and development on outstanding water bodies and their significant values identified in Schedule A (outstanding water bodies) shall be avoided, <u>and Avoid</u> remedy or mitigate adverse effects on all other values that contribute to the water body and its margins being outstanding. It would also assist if the Regional Council provided <u>the assessment undertaken to identify the outstanding water bodies in Schedule A.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/041	Policy P40: Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Amend	Amend Policy P40 as follows: Protect and restore, <u>where degraded</u> , the following ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values: (a) the rivers and lakes with significant indigenous ecosystems identified in Schedule F1 (rivers/lakes), and (b) the habitats for indigenous birds identified in Schedule F2 (bird habitats), and (c) significant natural wetlands, including the significant natural wetlands identified in Schedule F3 (significant wetlands), and (d) the ecosystems and habitat-types with significant indigenous biodiversity values in the coastal marine area identified in Schedule F4 (coastal sites) and Schedule F5 (coastal habitats).

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/042	Policy P41: Managing adverse effects on ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Amend	<p>Amend Policy P41 as follows: If the ecosystem or habitat cannot be avoided, the adverse effects of activities shall be managed by:</p> <p>(a) avoiding more than minor <u>significant</u> adverse effects, and (b) where more than minor <u>significant</u> adverse effects cannot be avoided, <u>remedying or mitigating them</u>, and <u>(c) all other effects are to be avoided, remedied or mitigated, and</u> (c) where more than minor adverse effects cannot be remedied, mitigating them, and (d) where <u>significant</u> residual adverse effects remain <u>after appropriate avoidance or remediation or mitigation has taken place</u>, it is appropriate to consider the use of biodiversity offsets.</p> <p>... Where more than minor <u>significant</u> adverse effects...</p>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/043	Policy P42: Protecting and restoring ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Oppose	Delete
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/044	Policy P63: Improving water quality for contact recreation and Maori customary use	Amend	<p>Amend Policy P63 as follows: ...<u>(a) improving water quality in all first priority water bodies for secondary contact with water in Schedule H2 (priority water bodies)</u> in accordance with Method M27, and...</p> <p>FANZ also seeks clarification of why the water bodies identified for contact recreation are also being managed for Maori customary use.</p>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/045	Policy P65: Minimising effects of nutrient discharges	Amend	<p>Amend Policy P65 as follows The effects of nutrient discharges from agricultural activities that may enter water shall be minimised <u>managed</u> through the use of:</p> <p>(a) good management practices, and (b) information gathering, monitoring, assessment and reporting, and (c) integrated catchment management within the Wellington Region at Council and</p>

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/046	Policy P66: National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management requirements for discharge consents	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/047	Policy P67: Minimising effects of discharges	Amend	Amend Policy P67 as follows: The adverse effects of discharges of contaminants to land <u>where it may enter water and water will be minimised <u>managed</u> by...</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/048	Policy P69: Human drinking water supplies	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/049	Policy P71: Quality of discharges	Support in part	Amend Policy P71 as follows: The adverse effects of point source discharges to rivers shall be minimised <u>managed</u> by the use of measures that result in the discharge meeting the following water quality standards in the receiving water after the zone of reasonable mixing:....
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/050	Policy P73: Minimising adverse effects of stormwater discharges	Support in part	Amend Policy P73 as follows: The adverse effects of stormwater discharges shall be minimised <u>managed</u> , including by:....
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/051	Policy P89: Discharges from contaminated land	Support	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/052	Policy P90: Discharges of hazardous substances	Amend	Amend Policy P90 as follows: The discharge of a hazardous substance to land (including accidental discharges), fresh water, including groundwater, or coastal water from the use, storage and transport of hazardous substances shall be managed by <u>compliance with the HSNO Act, its associated regulations and where applicable, the use of <u>industry approved</u> good management practices.</u>

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/053	Policy P95: Discharges to land	Amend	Amend Policy P95 as follows: The discharge of contaminants to land shall be managed by: (a) ensuring the discharge does not result in more than minor adverse effects to soil health, and (b) avoiding discharges that would create contaminated land, and (c) not exceeding the natural capacity of the soil to treat, use or remove the contaminant, and (d) not exceeding the available capacity of the soil to absorb and infiltrate the discharge, and <u>(e) minimising effects on public health and amenity, and (f) ensuring any adverse effects not resulting in a</u> <u>from a discharge that enters water are avoided, remedied or mitigated.</u>
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/054	Policy P96: Managing land use	Support in part	Amend Policy P96 as notified. Rural land use activities shall be managed using <u>industry agreed</u> good management practice
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/055	Rule R42: Minor discharges - permitted activity	Support in part	Retain Rule R42 as notified but may need to review once significant wetlands have been mapped.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/056	5.2.2 Water discharges	Support	Retain Rules R48, R49 and R53 as notified.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/057	Rule R55: Discharges from contaminated land - permitted activity	Amend	Delete Rule 55 (b) (ii) and further review acceptable limits which should apply.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/058	5.2.8 All other discharges	Support in part	Retain Rules R67 and R68 as notified.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/059	Rule R82: Application of fertiliser from ground-based or aerial application - permitted activity	Amend	Amend Rule R82 as follows: Rule R82: Application of fertiliser from ground-based or aerial applications - permitted activity. The discharge of fertiliser onto or into land or into air is a permitted activity, provided the following conditions are met: (a) the discharge is <u>not directly</u> onto or into a surface water body or beyond the boundary of the property including as a result of wind drift , and...

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/060	Rule R85: Application of compost to land - permitted activity	Amend	Amend Rule R85 as follows: The discharge of compost onto or into land, and the associated discharge of odour, is a permitted activity provided the following conditions are met: ... (c) nitrogen loading on the discharge area from all sources is less than 150kg N/ha/year, and
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/061	Method M10: Water quality investigations and remediation actions	Amend	Amend Method M10 as follows:Wellington Regional Council will further investigate effects, establish or confirm causality, and develop appropriate remediation and/or containment programmes <u>and engage with industry and community groups</u> to address water quality issues in the catchments and/or groundwater zones for the following priority areas:
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/062	Method M2: Kaitiaki information and monitoring strategy	Amend	Amend Method M12 as follows:Wellington Regional Council will encourage sustainable rural land management by:(a) providing research, advice and promoting good management practices, developed in partnership with landowners and rural industries, and(b) working in partnership with affected landowners to <u>help them</u> identify Category 1 surface water bodies and Category 2 surface water bodies, and
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/063	Method M28: Development of good management practice guidelines.	Amend	Amend Method M28 as follows:Wellington Regional Council will continue to develop practices, procedures and use of tools in collaboration with industry, other relevant organisations and stakeholders to support the implementation of policies which rely on good management practice to achieve desired environmental <u>sustainable management outcomes</u> .

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/064	Schedule F: Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Oppose	FANZ seeks that the Council acknowledge its concern with the streams, rivers and lakes listed in Schedule F1 that are additional to those in Table 16 in the RPS.FANZ also seeks that the pre-amble to Schedule F be reworded to ensure consistency with the RPS:Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values are those that meet <u>have been assessed against the criteria set down in Policy 23 of the Regional Policy Statement for representativeness, rarity, diversity, and ecological context; and where GWRC has engaged directly with landowners to identify areas, undertake field evaluations and assess significance in accordance with Policy 23 and Method 32 of the Regional Policy Statement.</u> FANZ suggests that the Council restructure Schedule F1 to locate relevant sites and maps in the whitua chapters.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/065	Schedule F3: Identified significant natural wetlands	Oppose	FANZ seeks that the Council provide the criteria used to identify the wetlands as outstanding.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/066	Schedule F3: Identified significant natural wetlands	Oppose	FANZ seeks that consideration is given to the potential conflict between Schedule F1 and Schedule I.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/067	Method M27: Improving water quality in priority water bodies	Amend	Amend Method M27 as follows:Wellington Regional Council will develop and implement a programme to improve water quality for contact recreation and Māori customary use in the first priority fresh and coastal water bodies identified in Schedule H-4 <u>2</u> .
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/068	5.3.6 Fertiliser and animal effluent	Amend	Introduce a new rule as follows: <u>Rule R94 - Application of fertiliser from ground-based or aerial applications - restricted discretionary activity</u> <u>The discharge of contaminant from ground-based or aerial applications that does not meet the conditions of Rule R82 is a restricted discretionary activity.</u> <u>Discretion is restricted to the following matters: The effects of discharge of fertiliser directly onto or into a surface water body. The nature, effect and duration of any objectionable odour.</u> Or similar.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/069	Rule R57: Discharge of hazardous substances - non-complying activity	Support in part	Retain

Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/070	Rule R92: All discharges to land within community drinking water protection areas - restricted discretionary activity	Support in part	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/071	Rule R93: All other discharges to land - discretionary activity	Support in part	Retain
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/072	5.2.4 Contaminated land and hazardous substances	Support in part	Retain Rules R54 and R56 as notified.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/073	Schedule F3: Identified significant natural wetlands	Amend	Map the significant wetlands listed in Appendix F3.
Fertiliser Association NZ	S302/074	Rule R86: Application of compost to land - restricted discretionary activity	Amend	Amend Rule R86 as follows: The application of compost onto or into land and the associated discharge of odour into air that is not permitted by Rule R85 is a restricted discretionary activity. Matters for discretion...3. Nitrogen loading rates...
Fiona Apanui-Kupenga	S263/001	Rule R199: Motor vehicles in the fossil forest at Titahi Bay - prohibited activity	Oppose	Amend provision to allow blanket resource consent for motor vehicles in the boat shed areas at the end of the beach.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/001	Entire Plan	Oppose	Revise all provisions of the PNRP in order to appropriately address and enable coastal and river/stream hazard mitigation measures, particularly in relation to areas of significant existing development.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/002	3.4 Natural character, form and function	Amend	Revise all provisions of the PNRP in order to appropriately address and enable coastal and river/stream hazard mitigation measures, particularly in relation to areas of significant existing development.

Fiona Jean Heron	S150/003	3.4 Natural character, form and function	Amend	Include objectives that recognise the importance and benefits of coastal hazard mitigation activities (including protection), especially in areas of significant existing development.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/004	4.4 Natural form and function	Amend	Include policies that recognise the importance and benefits of coastal hazard mitigation activities (including protection), especially in areas of significant existing development.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/005	3.4 Natural character, form and function	Amend	Include objectives that, if a resource consent is required for hazard mitigation activities, support that consent being obtained, and remove provisions that would hinder consent being obtained.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/006	4.4 Natural form and function	Amend	Include policies that, if a resource consent is required for hazard mitigation activities, support that consent being obtained, and remove provisions that would hinder consent being obtained.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/007	5.7.6 Seawalls	Amend	Provide for appropriate coastal hazard mitigation activities (including protection) as permitted or controlled activities.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/008	5.7.6 Seawalls	Amend	Provide for coastal hazard mitigation activities (including protection) to be no greater than discretionary activities and ensure that no coastal hazard mitigation activity is non-complying or prohibited.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/009	3.4 Natural character, form and function	Amend	Revise the PNRP to clarify that, in contrast to risk management, hazard identification/risk assessment is an objective process and that any scientific or expert reports are to be scientific and objective (not policy-based or precautionary) and report not only likely estimates but also their uncertainties, to enable submitters to participate in an informed way and to enable decision-makers to make informed decisions.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/010	Entire Plan	Amend	Ensure that the provisions of the PNRP comply with the RMA 1991, NZCPS and RPS.
Fiona Jean Heron	S150/011	3.4 Natural character, form and function	Amend	Undertake appropriate s32 evaluations and prepare revised s32 reports including in relation to the implications of the PNRP for coastal hazard mitigation (including protection) activities. Have regard to those revised reports.

Fiona Jean Heron	S150/012	Entire Plan	Amend	The decisions sought in the submission of Coastal Ratepayers United Inc. [S93] are supported and adopted in addition to, and as they may overlap with, this submission.
Fish and Game	S308/001	1.6 Values of water in the Plan	Support in part	<p>Include full suite of values in section 1 and table 1.1 including but not limited to primary recreation, angling, trout fishery and trout spawning, amenity, aesthetic, natural character, natural form and function. At a minimum, identify which waterbodies support the RMA Schedule 3 values and the compulsory values and secondary values set in the NPSFWM.</p> <p>The values identified in the schedules of the plan and as amended by this submission should also be included in table 1.1</p>
Fish and Game	S308/002	2.1.6 Definitions, schedules and maps	Support in part	Fish and Game seek changes to definitions that are consequential to relief sought elsewhere in its submission in addition to any relief sought directly in relation to specific definitions.
Fish and Game	S308/003	2.1.6 Definitions, schedules and maps	Support in part	Include definitions and references to them in the Plan including for "life-supporting capacity"
Fish and Game	S308/004	Aquatic ecosystem health	Support in part	Amend the definition of aquatic ecosystem health to ensure that the definition requires that the aquatic ecosystem is in a state of health such that it retains its form and function and processes within its natural ranges, is resilient to anthropogenic impacts and climate change, and that it provides habitat and processes which support healthy macroinvertebrate communities and fish populations and their life stages and cycles, including recreational species.
Fish and Game	S308/005	Mahinga kai	Support in part	<p>Amend the definition for Mahinga Kai to incorporate the definition proposed/ used by Iwi and Hapu.</p> <p>The definition should include the cultural values of mahinga kai which describes areas of significance to iwi/hapū for their qualities as food-gathering areas.</p>

Fish and Game	S308/006	2.1.6 Definitions, schedules and maps	Amend	Include a new definition for the natural productive capability of land and soils. An allocation based on the productive capacity of the land including soil type, slope, and rainfall. It is ties to the land rather than existing land uses. The Natural capital based allocation system is the most economically efficient allocation approach and provides the greatest nutrient loss to the elite soils that will produce the most per kg of N loss/ Ha/yr
Fish and Game	S308/007	2.1.6 Definitions, schedules and maps	Amend	Include a new Definition for Natural Character: <u>The Natural Character of rivers lakes and wetlands may include such attributes and characteristics as:</u> <u>a) natural elements, processes and patterns, chemical, biophysical, ecological, geological, geomorphological and morphological aspects,</u> <u>b) natural landforms;</u> <u>c) the natural movement of water and sediment including hydrological and fluvial processes;</u> <u>d) places that are wild and scenic</u> <u>e) a range of natural character from pristine to modified</u>
Fish and Game	S308/008	Entire Plan	Amend	Include or amend objectives policies and rules to recognise and protect the natural character of rivers, lakes, wetlands and their margins from land use activities, discharges, water takes, and the management of the beds and margins of waterbodies.
Fish and Game	S308/009	Natural wetland	Amend	Amend the definition of natural wetland. (b) areas of <u>artificially created</u> wetland habitat... Schedule may need to be amended to identify wetlands with significant riparian values and the extent of that habitat in relation to sheep exclusion

Fish and Game	S308/010	Significant natural wetland	Support in part	Amend the definition of 'significant natural wetland' to delete reference to 'significant natural wetlands' listed in Schedule F3. Cattle, deer, and pigs should be excluded from natural wetlands greater than 0.1ha. Amend the definition so that sheep should be excluded from wetlands listed in schedule F3. Schedule may need to be amended to identify wetlands with significant riparian values and the extent of that habitat in relation to sheep exclusion.
Fish and Game	S308/011	3. Objectives	Support	Objectives not covered specifically [elsewhere in the original submission] are supported and Fish and Game seeks that they are retained as proposed
Fish and Game	S308/012	3.5 Water Quality	Amend	<p>Include objectives policies and standards and where applicable rules which recognise and protect regional sports fish and gamebird populations and their habitats, and which recognise and provide for recreational hunting and angling.</p> <p>Include numerical and narrative freshwater objectives/standards/limits/targets which protect the life supporting capacity, ecological health and processes of freshwater and which provide for recreational sports fish species and which provide for primary contact recreation of freshwater environments.</p> <p>Include new objective or amend existing objectives (such as objective 030) and policies and rules to the effect that.</p> <p><u>" sports fish and angling values of fresh water bodies and the coastal marine area identified in schedule I are recognised and provided for; aquatic ecosystem health and natural character of freshwater bodies are protected; policies, limits and methods including rules are established in relation to water quality, natural character, hydrological variability, core allocations and minimum flows such that the habitat of trout and recreational angling values are protected; where an objective/ standard/ or limit set in tables 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 , new freshwater objective 3.1a, or sections 4 or 5 are currently achieved they are maintained; where an objective or standard or target set in tables 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 , new freshwater objective 3.1a, or sections 4 or 5 are not achieved the parameter is improved over time to meet the objective, standard or target."</u></p>
Fish and Game	S308/013	Objective O2: Importance of land and water	Amend	<p>Include recognition of ecosystem health, ecological processes, natural character, and ecosystem services to the economic, social, and cultural aspects within Objective O2.</p> <p>Also include human health as an aspect within objective O2</p>

Fish and Game	S308/014	Objective O4: Intrinsic values	Amend	Amend to ensure that the intrinsic values of aquatic freshwater and marine ecosystems and their life supporting capacity and natural character are recognised and protected.
Fish and Game	S308/015	Objective O5: Fresh and coastal water	Amend	Amend Objective 05 to recognise and protect the natural character of fresh waterbodies and the coastal marine area, and where degraded restore natural character. Fresh water bodies and the coastal marine area, as a minimum, are managed to: (a) safeguard <u>life supporting capacity and aquatic ecosystem health</u> (aa) safeguard and mahinga kai, and (b) recognise and provide for <u>primary contact recreation and Māori customary use,</u> and (c) in the case of fresh water, provide for the health needs of people <u>and</u> (d) <u>recognise and protect Natural character including:</u> <u>(i) natural elements, processes and patterns;</u> <u>(ii) biophysical, biochemical, ecological, geomorphological and morphological aspects;</u> <u>(iii) the natural movement of water and sediment including hydrological and fluvial processes.</u>
Fish and Game	S308/016	Objective O7: Water for livestock	Amend	Amend objective O7 to ensure that provision of water for livestock is not contrary to s14(3)(b) and that it does not cause significant adverse effects on aquatic life and occurs within water quantity limits
Fish and Game	S308/017	Objective O8: Allocation regime	Amend	Amend objective O8 to ensure that the take and use of water including its assimilative capacity occurs within environmental limits which achieve the freshwater objectives in relation to non-consumptive values including safeguarding life supporting capacity and ecosystem health and processes, cultural values, natural character, mahinga kai, indigenous species, and the habitat of trout, and recreational values including primary contact recreation and angling

Fish and Game	S308/018	Objective O17: Natural character	Amend	<p>Amend section 3.4 and objectives O17, O19, and O22 to:</p> <p><u>Recognise and preserve aquatic habitat diversity and quality, including the form, frequency and pattern of pools, runs, and riffles in rivers, and the natural form of rivers, lakes, natural wetlands and coastal habitats.</u></p> <p><u>Recognise and preserve freshwater habitats that are important to the life cycle and survival of aquatic species</u></p> <p><u>Avoid effects of land use activities and activities on the margins of freshwater bodies and their beds at times which will affect the breeding, spawning, and dispersal or migration of aquatic species avoid activities and the placement of structures in the bed of freshwater environments which would create barriers to the migration or movement of indigenous aquatic species restore natural character including the connections between fragmented aquatic habitats where degraded</u></p> <p>Specifically require that flood protection and river management activities are undertaken in a manner which recognises and protects the natural character of freshwater and enhances natural character where degraded such that the provisions listed above are achieved and the natural character narrative and index in Table 3.4 Appendix 3 to this submission is met.</p>
Fish and Game	S308/019	Objective O19: Natural processes	Amend	Amend section 3.4 and objectives O17, O19, and O22 [see submission point S308/018 for detailed amendments requested].
Fish and Game	S308/020	Objective O22: Hard engineering	Amend	Amend section 3.4 and objectives O17, O19, and O22 [see submission point S308/018 for detailed amendments requested].
Fish and Game	S308/021	3.5 Water Quality	Amend	Include water quantity freshwater objectives

Fish and Game	S308/022	3.5 Water Quality	Amend	<p>Amend Objective 023 or include new objectives in section 3.5 which ensures that: <u>Water quality of aquifers, lakes, rivers, natural wetlands and coastal water is managed to ensure that:</u> <u>I. Water quality is maintained where the existing water quality is at a level sufficient to support the values of freshwater (listed)</u> <u>II. Water quality is restored where the existing water quality is not at a level sufficient to support the values of freshwater (listed)</u> <u>III. Accelerated eutrophication and sedimentation of waterbodies in the region is prevented</u> <u>IV. The special values of waterbodies protected by water conservation orders are maintained or where degraded are restored</u></p> <p>Such other or further relief as addresses the issues raised by this appeal point</p>
Fish and Game	S308/023	Objective O24: Contact recreation and Maori customary use	Amend	<p>Amend objective 024 to ensure that: <u>Water quality and quantity of aquifers, lakes, rivers, natural wetlands and the coastal water is managed including through land use provisions to ensure that life supporting capacity and ecosystem health are protected and that water quality and quantity is suitable for primary contact recreation and Maori customary use including by:</u> <u>(a) maintaining water quality and quantity where it current meets the freshwater objectives (numerical states) set in tables 3.1 to 3.4 and 3.4a</u> <u>(b) Improving water quality and quantity where it currently is more degraded than the freshwater objectives (numerical state) set in tables 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4 and 3.4a are met by 2030</u> <u>(c) Maintain macroinvertebrate community health where the table 3.4 and 3.4a freshwater attribute states are achieved and where degraded are improved to achieve the freshwater attribute states by 2030</u> <u>(d) Reduce the frequency and duration of algal and cyanobacteria blooms to achieve the attribute states listed in table 3.1, 3.2, 3.4, and 3.4a by 2030.</u></p>

Fish and Game	S308/024	3.5 Water Quality	Amend	Amend the objectives, policies and rules so that numerical water quality and quantity limits and standards are included which ensure that the life supporting capacity and ecosystem health and processes, cultural, primary recreation, the habitat of trout are protected, and that land use activities are managed to achieve these freshwater objectives/standards/ targets over time. Standards/ limits/ targets should be included within the rules to ensure that both non-point and point source discharges and water takes are managed in an integrated way to achieve the freshwater objectives in tables 3.1, to 3.4 and 3.4a, and ensure compliance with the standards set in Schedule 3 of the RMA.
Fish and Game	S308/025	3.5 Water Quality	Amend	<p>Include new objective to ensure that the water quality and quantity of groundwater is maintained or where degraded improved over time.</p> <p><u>The quality and quantity of groundwater is managed including through land use provisions and rules to ensure that groundwater continues to provide a sustainable source of high quality water, and surface flow recharge, to protect the life supporting capacity, ecological health and cultural and recreational values of freshwater bodies.</u></p>
Fish and Game	S308/026	3.5 Water Quality	Amend	Amend tables 3.1 to 3.4 as shown in appendix 4 and 3 of original submission and include new table 3.4a as shown in appendix 2.
Fish and Game	S308/027	Objective O25: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	<p>Amend objective O25 to safeguard life supporting capacity and ecosystem health and processes, protect natural character, and also to safeguard mauri of freshwater and mahinga kai. These values should be recognised and provided for separately as they may not be the same things.</p> <p>Amend the objective to ensure that the freshwater attribute states are maintained where they are currently achieved or where degraded are improved to achieve the attribute state by 2030.</p> <p>Amend the note and include provisions to ensure that the relevant Whaitua sections of the plan should be subservient to section 3.</p>
Fish and Game	S308/028	Objective O27: Riparian margins	Amend	Amend to ensure that the ecological values of healthy functioning riparian margins are recognised and provided for, including through protection and establishment.

Fish and Game	S308/029	Objective O28: Extent of wetlands	Amend	Amend to ensure that existing natural wetlands are protected and where degraded are restored. That no further degradation or losses of wetlands occur in the region, and that wetland enhancement and restoration is encouraged and enabled.
Fish and Game	S308/030	Objective O30: Trout	Amend	Amend the plan to be consistent with the Sports Fish and Game Management Plans of the Wellington Fish and Game region. Include objectives policies and standards and where applicable rules which recognise and protect regional sports fish and gamebird populations and their habitats, and which recognise and provide for recreational hunting and angling.
Fish and Game	S308/031	Objective O31: Outstanding water bodies	Amend	Amend the objective, policies and rules to ensure that outstanding waterbodies are identified based on a full assessment of their values. Set out the criteria for identifying outstanding waterbodies. <u>Outstanding fresh water bodies and their margins are identified and included in Schedule A, and are protected or if degraded are restored to protect and enhance their values</u>
Fish and Game	S308/032	Objective O42: Soil health and erosion	Amend	Amend Objective 042 to ensure that: <u>Land use is sustainably managed to protect the life supporting capacity of soils and where degraded to improve soil health and structure. That land use is sustainably managed so as to prevent loss of soils to freshwater habitats to achieve the freshwater objectives set in table 3.4 and 3.4a by 2030.</u>
Fish and Game	S308/033	3.9 Soil	Amend	Include new objective which will ensure that: <u>Hill country land uses, intensive farming, horticulture, cropping and plantation forestry are regulated to good management practice and output based standards which avoid discharges of sediment to freshwater habitats.</u> Ensure that these land use activities include provisions which establish appropriate riparian setback distances.
Fish and Game	S308/034	Objective O44: Land use impacts on soil and water	Amend	Amend objectives O44, O46, and O47, or create new objectives, and create associated policies and rules to manage the impacts of water takes, land use and ancillary discharge activities on freshwater [See original submission p34-36 for further details].

Fish and Game	S308/035	Objective O46: Discharges to land	Amend	Amend objectives O44, O46, and O47, or create new objectives, and create associated policies and rules to manage the impacts of water takes, land use and ancillary discharge activities on freshwater [See original submission p34-36 for further details].
Fish and Game	S308/036	Objective O47: Sediment runoff	Amend	Amend objectives O44, O46, and O47, or create new objectives, and create associated policies and rules to manage the impacts of water takes, land use and ancillary discharge activities on freshwater [See original submission p34-36 for further details].
Fish and Game	S308/037	Objective O45: Livestock access to waterbodies	Amend	Amend objective O45, and associated policies and rules to ensure that deer, cattle, and pigs are excluded from all waterbodies within 3 years on land under 16 degrees slope; on land over 16 degrees slope and for extensively farmed stock exclude cattle from areas which form a critical source of contaminant and sediment losses or which have sensitive instream values within 5 years. Exclude cattle, deer and pigs from all natural wetlands. Exclude sheep from natural wetlands with significant riparian values.
Fish and Game	S308/038	Objective O52: Efficient allocation	Amend	Amend objective O52 to ensure that water take and use is 1) necessary, 2) reasonable, and where it is both necessary and reasonable it is 3) efficient. Include numerical criteria for technical efficiency and for what is considered reasonable. [See original submission p37-38 for further detail].
Fish and Game	S308/039	3. Objectives	Amend	Include new objectives, policies and rules to ensure that flood protection and river and lake management activities are undertaken in a manner that recognises and protects the natural character of freshwater bodies and achieves the natural character index freshwater objectives set in table 3.4. [See original submission p38 for suggested wording of new objective]
Fish and Game	S308/040	4. Policies	Amend	Retain, delete, or amend policies in Section 4 of the Plan and the rules in section 5 of the plan to ensure that they will, individually and collectively, direct how the objectives, as retained or amended by the Wellington Fish and Game submission, are to be achieved.

Fish and Game	S308/041	4. Policies	Amend	Amend provisions which allow significant adverse impacts to be remedied or mitigated as policy P32, P74, P89, and rule R42, R48, R59, do, so that adverse effects are first avoided, and where they cannot be avoided are remedied or mitigated, and that significant adverse effects are avoided. Ensure that the policies set out clearly the management outcomes to be achieved so that the objectives of the plan are achieved and in particular the section 3 tables. Recommend inclusion of "and where degraded enhanced" to policies and rules. Include methods including rules which ensure that over allocation is phased out over time (water takes and point and non-point sources discharges of contaminants from land to water bodies including groundwater)
Fish and Game	S308/042	Policy P3: Precautionary approach	Support	Retain as notified
Fish and Game	S308/043	Policy P4: Minimising adverse effects	Oppose	Delete and replace with a new policy that ensures that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sustainable management is achieved • adverse effects are avoided, remedied, and mitigated, and that • significant adverse effects are avoided, and that • the outcomes from the policy are clear; and that • application of the policy is consistent with achieving the freshwater outcomes set in section 3 tables • Avoid adverse effects outstanding habitats; • Avoid adverse effects on natural wetlands • Avoid adverse effects on riparian vegetation • Avoid adverse effects on natural character • Avoid adverse effects on ecosystems and habitats with significant biodiversity values • Avoid adverse effects on fish spawning and juvenile rearing habitats and fish migration.
Fish and Game	S308/044	Policy P5: Review of existing consents	Amend	Amend policies so that common catchment expiry dates are set for each catchment (water management unit) and which will be applied for consent review periods and expiry dates. Delete provisions which allow consents to be granted which would cause a catchment or freshwater management unit to become over allocated.

Fish and Game	S308/045	Policy P6: Synchronised expiry and review dates	Amend	Amend policies so that common catchment expiry dates are set for each catchment (water management unit) and which will be applied for consent review periods and expiry dates. Delete provisions which allow consents to be granted which would cause a catchment or freshwater management unit to become over allocated.
Fish and Game	S308/046	Policy P7: Uses of land and water	Oppose	Delete in its entirety
Fish and Game	S308/047	Policy P8: Beneficial activities	Amend	Amend to include activities which result in enhancement of sportfish and gamebird habitats (wetlands, lakes, and rivers), including restoration of spawning and juvenile rearing habitats. Include removal of structures which impede fish migration and flow. Amend clause (h) to ensure that it is only structures which have a beneficial role in enhancing or protecting the habitat and its ecological values which are recognised as beneficial and generally appropriate.
Fish and Game	S308/048	Policy P9: Public access to and along the coastal marine area and the beds of lakes and rivers	Amend	Amend the policy such that the access to and along rivers, lakes, wetlands, and the coastal marine area are provided for and enhanced
Fish and Game	S308/049	Policy P10: Contact recreation and Maori customary use	Amend	Amend policy so that water quality is managed for primary contact recreation and to achieve the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables including E.coli, periphyton, cyanobacteria, and visual clarity.
Fish and Game	S308/050	Policy P11: In-stream water storage	Oppose	Delete in its entirety.
Fish and Game	S308/051	Policy P15: Flood protection activities	Amend	Amend policy P15 and P16 to ensure that river management and flood protection activities are undertaken in a manner which is consistent with safeguarding the life supporting capacity and ecological health and processes of freshwater and which protect the natural character of rivers, lakes, wetlands, and their margins. [See original submission p41-42 for detailed amendments].

Fish and Game	S308/052	Policy P16: New flood protection and erosion control	Amend	Amend policy P15 and P16 to ensure that river management and flood protection activities are undertaken in a manner which is consistent with safeguarding the life supporting capacity and ecological health and processes of freshwater and which protect the natural character of rivers, lakes, wetlands, and their margins. [See original submission p41-42 for detailed amendments].
Fish and Game	S308/053	Policy P23: Restoring Te Awarua-o-Porirua Harbour, Wellington Harbour (Port Nicholson), and Lake Wairarapa	Amend	Ensure that the policy directs maintenance or where degraded enhancement of freshwater habitats to achieve the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables. Amend so that it refers to the regulation of farming land uses to output based leaching standards and application of GMP to ensure the health of lake Wairarapa is restored to TLI of 3 by 2030.
Fish and Game	S308/054	Policy P25: Natural character	Amend	Amend policy P25 so that it is consistent with the principles [listed in original submission p43-44]
Fish and Game	S308/055	Policy P31: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Amend the policy so that it applies to life supporting capacity, aquatic ecosystem health, the habitat of trout, and mahinga kai Amend the policy to replace minimise with avoid Amend the policy so that it manages water quality and quantity and natural character to continue to achieve the numerical and narrative freshwater objectives in the section 3 tables (table 3.4 and table 3.4a) or where degraded improves water quality, water quantity, and natural character over time to achieve the section 3 table freshwater objectives by 2030
Fish and Game	S308/056	Policy P32: Adverse effects on aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Oppose	Delete in its entirety
Fish and Game	S308/057	Policy P37: Values of wetlands	Amend	Include recognition of the recreational and gamebird hunting values of wetlands, and as habitat for gamebird species

Fish and Game	S308/058	Policy P38: Restoration of wetlands	Amend	Include restoration and creation of gamebird habitat and recreational hunting opportunity to the policy.
Fish and Game	S308/059	Policy P62: Promoting discharges to land	Amend	Include life supporting capacity, and the habitat of trout
Fish and Game	S308/060	Policy P63: Improving water quality for contact recreation and Maori customary use	Amend	Amend so that the policy requires water quality to be managed for primary contact recreation and not secondary contact recreation.
Fish and Game	S308/061	Policy P96: Managing land use	Oppose	Include policies which ensure that [outcomes relating to water allocation, nitrogen leaching rates, nutrient budgets, livestock exclusion, intensified use in over-allocated catchments, nitrogen and phosphorous trading, and costs of reducing over-allocation are achieved; see original submission p46-47 for details].
Fish and Game	S308/062	Policy P65: Minimising effects of nutrient discharges	Oppose	Include policies which ensure that [outcomes relating to water allocation, nitrogen leaching rates, nutrient budgets, livestock exclusion, intensified use in over-allocated catchments, nitrogen and phosphorous trading, and costs of reducing over-allocation are achieved; see original submission p46-47 for details].
Fish and Game	S308/063	Policy P70: Managing point source discharges for aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Ensure that the policy also manages point source discharges to safeguard the life supporting capacity of freshwater and for the protection of the habitat of trout as recognised in Schedule I. Ensure that point source discharges are managed to continue to meet section 3 tables freshwater objectives where they are achieved, or are progressively improved over the life of the consent to achieve the section 3 tables freshwater objectives.

Fish and Game	S308/064	Policy P81: Minimising and improving wastewater discharges	Amend	Ensure that the policy also manages point source discharges to safeguard the life supporting capacity of freshwater and for the protection of the habitat of trout as recognised in Schedule I. Ensure that point source discharges are managed to continue to meet section 3 tables freshwater objectives where they are achieved, or are progressively improved over the life of the consent to achieve the section 3 tables freshwater objectives.
Fish and Game	S308/065	Policy P71: Quality of discharges	Amend	Amend the receiving water standards to include the standards in table 3.4 and 3.4a as appended to this submission, and the parameters and standards identified [in the original submission p47-49] along with the values.
Fish and Game	S308/066	Policy P99: Livestock access to surface water bodies	Amend	Create new policies, and amend existing policies to ensure that the provisions stated are achieved [regarding exclusion of livestock and riparian setback distances; see original submission p49-50 for details].
Fish and Game	S308/067	Policy P100: Riparian margins for cultivation and break-feeding	Amend	Create new policies, and amend existing policies to ensure that the provisions stated are achieved [regarding exclusion of livestock and riparian setback distances; see original submission p49-50 for details].
Fish and Game	S308/068	Policy P101: Management of riparian margins	Amend	Create new policies, and amend existing policies to ensure that the provisions stated are achieved [regarding exclusion of livestock and riparian setback distances; see original submission p49-50 for details].
Fish and Game	S308/069	Policy P102: Reclamation or drainage of the beds of lakes and rivers	Oppose	Delete. Reclamation or drainage of the beds of rivers and lakes should be prohibited
Fish and Game	S308/070	Policy P105: Protecting trout habitat	Amend	[Amend Policy P105 as per p70-71 of original submission].
Fish and Game	S308/071	Policy P107: The framework for taking and using water	Amend	Amend the policy so that the water quantity standards/ limits/ targets are clearly stated. This should include minimum flows, core allocations, and requirements to maintain hydrological processes and variability, and protect flows which provide for fish migration and spawning, and which manage periphyton and cyanobacteria growths.

Fish and Game	S308/072	4.9 Taking, using, damming and diverting water	Oppose	Policies in the whaitua chapters on water quantity, minimum flows, core allocations, and provisions around hydrological variability should not be more lenient than those set out in policy P107 and should achieve the freshwater objectives in section 3 including table 3.4
Fish and Game	S308/073	Policy P111: Water takes at minimum flows and water levels	Amend	Amend policies to ensure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • takes below minimum flow are consistent with section 14(3)(b) of the RMA and do not result in significant adverse impacts on aquatic life including cumulative impacts • life supporting capacity and ecological health and processes are safeguarded • natural character including hydrological variability is protected • water saving measures are undertaken before minimum flows are reached • necessary water takes are efficient • water storage during high flows is considered in order to provide for essential needs during periods of low flow and which may also be used to supplement flows • limits are not breached and that further allocation does not occur Delete provisions which allow takes below minimum flow for root stock and encourage water saving and storage options.
Fish and Game	S308/074	Policy P112: Priorities in drought and serious water shortage	Amend	[See submission point S308/073].
Fish and Game	S308/075	Policy P113: Core allocation for rivers	Amend	[See submission point S308/073].
Fish and Game	S308/076	Policy P114: Priorities when demand exceeds supply	Amend	[See submission point S308/073].
Fish and Game	S308/077	Policy P115: Authorising takes below minimum flows and lake levels	Amend	[See submission point S308/073].

Fish and Game	S308/078	Policy P116: Reallocating water	Amend	[See submission point S308/073].
Fish and Game	S308/079	Policy P118: Reasonable and efficient use	Amend	[See submission point S308/073].
Fish and Game	S308/080	Schedule Q: Reasonable and efficient use criteria	Amend	[See submission point S308/073].
Fish and Game	S308/081	Schedule Q: Reasonable and efficient use criteria	Oppose	Amend policies and Schedule Q to incorporate provisions which ensure takes and uses of water are first necessary, second reasonable, and where they are both necessary and reasonable are used efficiently.
Fish and Game	S308/082	Policy P117: Supplementary allocation amounts at flows above the median flow	Amend	<p><u>Supplementary water allocation</u> <u>In addition to the core allocations, a supplementary allocation from rivers may be provided:</u></p> <p><u>(a) in circumstances where water is only taken when the river flow is greater than the median flow, and the total amount of water taken by way of a supplementary allocation does not exceed 10% of the actual flow in the river at the time of abstraction, and</u> <u>(b) in circumstances where it can be shown that the supplementary allocation will not:</u></p> <p><u>(i) increase the frequency or duration of minimum flows</u> <u>(ii) lead to a significant departure from the natural flow regime, including the magnitude of the median flow and the frequency of flushing flows</u> <u>(iii) cause any adverse effects that are more than minor on the freshwater environment including ecosystem health, freshwater fish, and Mahinga Kai and Maori values;</u> <u>(iv) limit the ability of anyone to take water under a core allocation</u></p>
Fish and Game	S308/083	4. Policies	Not stated	Include new policies and rules to ensure that water takes and use are managed in an integrated manner with water quality and the impacts of the land use on aquatic ecosystems processes and the in stream and recreational values of freshwater, and that this informs whether or not permitted activity status is appropriate and also decision making in relation to consented activities.

Fish and Game	S308/084	5. Rules	Oppose	Retain, delete, or amend the rules in section 5 of the plan and schedules in section 12 of the plan to ensure that they will, individually and collectively, direct how the objectives, as retained or amended by the Wellington Fish and Game submission, are to be achieved.
Fish and Game	S308/085	5. Rules	Oppose	Amend the rules so that they are consistent with s70, ensure adverse effects including cumulative adverse effects are avoided, remedied or mitigated and that significant adverse effects are avoided. Amend the activity status of permitted activity rules to controlled where they are not consistent with s70.
Fish and Game	S308/086	Rule R42: Minor discharges - permitted activity	Amend	Give effect to relief sought for policy P71 and apply the standards as amended in relation to policy P71
Fish and Game	S308/087	Rule R59: Existing pumped drainage schemes	Amend	Give effect to relief sought for policy P71 and apply the standards as amended in relation to policy P71
Fish and Game	S308/088	Rule R61: Existing wastewater - discretionary activity	Amend	Amend the rule so that existing activities are required to achieve the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables including table 3.4 and 3.4a. Where the activity currently causes or contributes to over allocation then the activity must be managed in a manner consistent with improving the quality and reducing the quantity of its discharge so that the freshwater objectives including section 3 table objectives are achieved by 2030 Insert a new rule that makes existing discharges non-complying after 2030 where freshwater outcomes in section 3 tables are not achieved.
Fish and Game	S308/089	Rule R69: Minor contaminants - permitted activity	Amend	Amend to include " <u>shall not enter water either directly or indirectly</u> "

Fish and Game	S308/090	Rule R79: Discharge of treated wastewater - controlled activity	Amend	Amend the rule so that activities are required to achieve the freshwater objectives. Insert a new rule that makes existing discharges non complying after 2030 where freshwater outcomes in section 3 tables are not achieved. New activities which would cause or contribute to the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables being exceeded should be prohibited Give effect to relief sought policy P71 and apply the standards as amended in relation to policy P71
Fish and Game	S308/091	Rule R81: Drinking water treatment plant supernatant waste - controlled activity	Amend	Amend the rule so that under matters of control activities are required to achieve the freshwater objectives by 2030 Give effect to relief sought policy P71 and apply the standards as amended in relation to policy P71
Fish and Game	S308/092	Rule R83: Discharge of collected animal effluent onto or into land - controlled activity	Amend	Amend the rule so that under matters of control activities are required to achieve the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables including table 3.4 and 3.4a. Where the activity currently causes or contributes to over allocation then the activity must be managed in a manner consistent with improving the quality and reducing the quantity of its discharge so that the freshwater objectives including section 3 table objectives are achieved by 2030 Give effect to relief sought policy P71 and apply the standards as amended in relation to policy P71
Fish and Game	S308/093	Rule R89: Farm refuse dumps - permitted activity	Amend	Amend to include " <u>shall not result in discharges entering water either directly or indirectly</u> "
Fish and Game	S308/094	Rule R90: Manufacture and storage of silage and compost - permitted activity	Amend	Amend to include " <u>shall not result in discharges entering water either directly or indirectly</u> "
Fish and Game	S308/095	Rule R91: Offal pit - permitted activity	Amend	Amend to include " <u>shall not result in discharges entering water either directly or indirectly</u> "

Fish and Game	S308/096	Rule R92: All discharges to land within community drinking water protection areas - restricted discretionary activity	Amend	Rule should be discretionary or matters of discretion should be included which ensure that the objectives in section 3 including tables are achieved
Fish and Game	S308/097	5. Rules	Oppose	Amend rules so that they are both land use and ancillary discharge rules (both section 9 and 15 rules), and the rules and methods ensure that the freshwater objectives including section 3 table objectives continue to be met where they are currently achieved and that existing land use activities are managed to ensure that the objectives (including section 3 table objectives) are met by 2030 where they are currently exceeded, and that new land use activities in catchments which are over allocated, and which would cause or contribute to the over allocation or reduce the ability for the over allocation to be reduced, are prohibited.
Fish and Game	S308/098	5. Rules	Oppose	Include new rules which ensure [outcomes relating to sustainable nitrogen leaching rates, nutrient budgets, livestock exclusion, intensified use in currently over-allocated sub-catchments, nitrogen and phosphorus trading, allocation principles from Beef and Lamb; see original submission p60-62 for details]
Fish and Game	S308/099	Rule R94: Cultivation or tilling of land - permitted activity	Oppose	Amend the rules so permitted activities are only applied where clear measureable and enforceable standards are able to be set which ensure that s70 RMA is met, and that significant adverse effects will not occur.
Fish and Game	S308/100	Rule R99: Earthworks-permitted activity	Oppose	Amend the rules so permitted activities are only applied where clear measureable and enforceable standards are able to be set which ensure that s70 RMA is met, and that significant adverse effects will not occur.
Fish and Game	S308/107	Rule R100: Vegetation clearance on erosion prone land - permitted activity	Amend	Amend the rules so permitted activities are only applied where clear measureable and enforceable standards are able to be set which ensure that s70 RMA is met, and that significant adverse effects will not occur.

Fish and Game	S308/108	Rule R102: Plantation forestry harvesting on erosion prone land - permitted activity	Amend	Amend the rules so permitted activities are only applied where clear measureable and enforceable standards are able to be set which ensure that s70 RMA is met, and that significant adverse effects will not occur.
Fish and Game	S308/109	Rule R97: Access to the beds of surface water bodies by livestock - permitted activity	Oppose	Amend the rule[s] to ensure that stock is not permitted to have access to the beds of rivers, lakes, and wetlands, with the exception of extensively farmed stock in the hill country [See original submission p63-64 for details of timeframes, livestock types, and setback distances requested].
Fish and Game	S308/110	Rule R103: Plantation forestry harvesting - controlled activity	Oppose	Amend so that the activity is either RD with appropriate matters of discretion which would ensure that the activity [ies] were consistent with achieving the freshwater objectives in section 3 including section 3 tables, or amend the activity so that it is discretionary
Fish and Game	S308/111	5. Rules	Amend	The provisions [of Section 5.5] which are not specifically addressed [in the original submission from p64 onwards] are supported and Fish and Game seek that they be retained as notified.
Fish and Game	S308/112	5.5.2 Wetlands general conditions	Amend	<p>5.5.2 Activities in wetlands general conditions Wetlands general conditions Wetland general conditions for activities (a) ... (c) ... removed from the natural wetland every night <u>where practicable</u> and on completion of ... (e) ... between 1 March and 31 May <u>31 April - 31 May</u>, and ...</p> <p>General conditions and standards terms and conditions of activities should be included in the rules to ensure that these provisions are achieved. Consents for activities which breach these provisions should be declined.</p>
Fish and Game	S308/113	Rule R114: River crossing structures - permitted activity	Oppose	Amend the rules so that the natural character of rivers, lakes, and wetlands and their beds is protected [according to list of principles in original submission p66].

Fish and Game	S308/114	Rule R117: New structures - permitted activity	Oppose	Amend the rules so that the natural character of rivers, lakes, and wetlands and their beds is protected [according to list of principles in original submission p66].
Fish and Game	S308/115	Rule R122: Removing vegetation - permitted activity	Oppose	Amend the rules so that the natural character of rivers, lakes, and wetlands and their beds is protected [according to list of principles in original submission p66].
Fish and Game	S308/116	5.5.5 Activities in beds of lakes and rivers	Amend	Insert a new rule for flood and river management activities undertaken by the Regional Council which includes requirements to operate under a code of practice for river management which establishes best management practices and which requires that activities maintain or improve natural character and recognise and provide for trout habitat, recreational values, and indigenous fish values.
Fish and Game	S308/117	5.5.4 Beds of lakes and rivers general conditions	Support	Retain clauses (e) and (f) as notified
Fish and Game	S308/118	Rule R112: Maintenance, repair, replacement, upgrade or use of existing structures (excluding the Barrage Gates) - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified
Fish and Game	S308/119	Rule R113: Diversion of flood water by existing structures - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified
Fish and Game	S308/120	Rule R115: Culverts - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified
Fish and Game	S308/121	Rule R118: Removing or demolishing structures - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified.

Fish and Game	S308/122	Rule R120: Minor sand and gravel extraction - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified
Fish and Game	S308/123	Rule R123: Planting - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified.
Fish and Game	S308/124	Rule R124: Entry or passage over bed (excluding livestock access) - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified.
Fish and Game	S308/125	Rule R121: Maintenance of drains - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified
Fish and Game	S308/126	Rule R116: Establishing a small dam and existing dams - permitted activity	Oppose	Amend rule so that it only applies to existing small dams. New small dams should be discretionary activity.
Fish and Game	S308/127	Rule R119: Clearing flood debris and beach recontouring - permitted activity	Oppose	Delete Amend so that the activity is discretionary activity

Fish and Game	S308/128	5. Rules	Oppose in part	Amend the rules so that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • they are consistent with the relief sought under policies P107, P111 to P118, and Schedule Q; • takes below minimum flow are consistent with section 14(3) (b) of the RMA; • the life supporting capacity and ecological health and processes of freshwater are safeguarded and that natural character is protected; • water saving measures are undertaken before minimum flows are reached and to significantly reduce takes which cause minimum flows to be exceeded and the river to flatline; • necessary water takes are efficient • water storage during high flows is considered in order to provide for essential needs during periods of low flow and which may also be used to supplement flows; • limits are not breached and that further allocation does not occur; • provisions are deleted which allow takes below minimum flow for root stock and encourage water saving and storage options; • permitted activity takes do not cause or contribute to over allocation and are within limits.
Fish and Game	S308/129	Rule R136: Take and use of water - permitted activity	Amend	Include condition/ standard that the take and use will not cause or contribute to the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables being exceeded or further exceeded. New takes in over allocated catchment should be prohibited.
Fish and Game	S308/130	Rule R137: Farm dairy washdown and milk-cooling water - permitted activity	Amend	Include condition/ standard that the take and use will not cause or contribute to the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables being exceeded or further exceeded. New takes in over allocated catchment should be prohibited
Fish and Game	S308/131	Rule R138: Water races - permitted activity	Oppose	Delete
Fish and Game	S308/132	Rule R139: Pumping test - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified.

Fish and Game	S308/133	Rule R141: Take and use of water not permitted - controlled activity	Amend	Include condition/ standard that the take and use will not cause or contribute to the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables being exceeded or further exceeded. New takes in over allocated catchment should be prohibited Include conditions/ standards to ensure that the take and use is necessary, reasonable and efficient and meets the requirements of policy 107 and relief sought for Schedule Q.
Fish and Game	S308/134	Rule R143: Temporary water permit transfers - controlled activity	Amend	Include condition/ standard that the take and use will not cause or contribute to the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables being exceeded or further exceeded. New takes in over allocated catchment should be prohibited Include conditions/ standards to ensure that the take and use is necessary, reasonable and efficient and meets the requirements of policy 107 and relief sought for Schedule Q.
Fish and Game	S308/135	Rule R144: Transferring water permits - restricted discretionary activity	Amend	Include condition/ standard that the take and transfer and use will not cause or contribute to the freshwater objectives in section 3 tables being exceeded or further exceeded. New takes in over allocated catchment should be prohibited Include conditions/ standards to ensure that the take and use is necessary, reasonable and efficient and meets the requirements of policy 107 and relief sought for Schedule Q.
Fish and Game	S308/136	Rule R146: Geotechnical investigation bores - permitted activity	Support	Retain as notified
Fish and Game	S308/137	Rule R147: Drilling, construction or alteration of any bore - controlled activity	Support	Retain as notified
Fish and Game	S308/138	Method M28: Development of good management practice guidelines.	Oppose	Amend method M28 to include narrative and numerical parameters for good management practice. This should include those elements set out in appendix 10 to this submission, and must include specified management practices [identified in submission].
Fish and Game	S308/139	6. Methods	Oppose	Include a new method to monitor and report on the natural character of rivers and their natural character index in assessing how the natural character provisions of the plan and table 3.4 natural character narrative and numerical freshwater objectives are being met.

Fish and Game	S308/140	Entire Plan	Amend	Amend the Whaitua sections to ensure that provisions including rules and establishment of limits/ targets must be consistent with achieving the freshwater objectives in section 3 and in particular the freshwater objectives in the section 3 tables. Amend the Whaitua sections to ensure that the provisions of the relevant Whaitua sections of the plan are subservient to the section 3 and the freshwater outcomes including tables 3.1 to 3.4 and 3.4a, and that the provisions recognise and provide for the values set in the freshwater plan including but not limited to trout habitat, outstanding waterbodies, Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values, and cultural values.
Fish and Game	S308/141	Entire Plan	Amend	Accept the relief requested under the specific submission points; make any consequential restructuring or amendments to the plan arising from the material amendments sought; and undertake a s32 analysis of the beds of rivers and lakes, natural character and farming provisions. [See original submission p13-16 for further detail].
Fish and Game	S308/142	Schedule I: Important trout fishery rivers and spawning waters	Amend	Amend Schedule I as shown in Appendix 1 [of the original submission.]
Fish and Game	S308/144	3.6 Biodiversity, aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	<u>Amend Table 3.6 to delete the narrative in relation to nitrate levels and replace with numerical states for acceptable groundwater drinking concentrations, and insert requirements to maintain water quality and quantity, and where degraded such that the ecosystem health of connected surface waterbodies is impacted, groundwater quality and quantity is improved.</u>
Fish and Game	S308/145	3.6 Biodiversity, aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Amend	Amend Table 3.5 to include a Trophic Level Index for the lake type either at current state if the lake is healthy (oligotrophic) or where degraded set the TLI at mesotrophic. Amend the plan so that Lake Wairarapa is managed to achieve a TLI set at mesotrophic.
Fish and Game	S308/146	Schedule A: Outstanding water bodies	Amend	Include the list of waterbodies [in the original submission p32-33] in Schedule A as outstanding waterbodies.
Fish and Game	S308/147	3.7 Sites with significant values	Amend	Include provisions to protect high naturalness sites and natural character.

Fish and Game	S308/148	3.5 Water Quality	Amend	Delete Table 3.2 in its entirety.
Fish and Game	S308/149	3.5 Water Quality	Amend	Include a new objective which recognises and provides for the protection of the habitat of trout and trout fisher and spawning values as identified in schedule 1 as amended in appendix 1 and 2 of the original submission.
Fish and Game	S308/150	Schedule Q: Reasonable and efficient use criteria	Amend	Amend Schedule Q to incorporate provisions which ensure takes and uses of water are first necessary, second reasonable and, where they are both necessary and reasonable, are used efficiently. Include numerical standards to define what is meant by efficient and which defines technical efficiency.
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/001	Erosion prone land	Amend	Definition and rules around erosion prone land for forestry should remain constant with current soil plan for: "any land within Area 1 with a slope of greater than 23 degrees; and any land within Area 2 with a slope of greater than 28 degrees".
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/002	Policy P7: Uses of land and water	Amend	The value of Forestry as a major contributor to the regional economy needs to be recognised. Forestry should be included as a beneficial use of land and water resources
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/003	Rule R42: Minor discharges - permitted activity	Amend	Remove i.50g/m3 and ii. 100g/m3 tolerances and concentrate on zone of reasonable mixing
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/004	Rule R99: Earthworks-permitted activity	Amend	Differentiate and maintain current plan rules for forestry harvesting related earthworks or align with NES-PF rule for earthworks with provision for an erosion and sediment control plan on erosion prone land and available to the council on request.
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/005	Rule R100: Vegetation clearance on erosion prone land - permitted activity	Amend	Add variation to plantation forestry rules to include desiccation spraying as permitted activity.
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/006	Rule R101: Earthworks and vegetation clearance - discretionary activity	Amend	Vegetation clearance on non-erosion prone land needs to be outlined as a permitted activity.

Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/007	Rule R102: Plantation forestry harvesting on erosion prone land - permitted activity	Amend	Propose two sets of rules, one for harvesting on erosion prone land and one for harvesting on non-erosion prone land.
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/008	Rule R102: Plantation forestry harvesting on erosion prone land - permitted activity	Amend	See Rule 5.5 Submission [submission point s275/010].
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/009	Rule R102: Plantation forestry harvesting on erosion prone land - permitted activity	Amend	We would like to insert "is not deliberately placed" instead of "is not placed"
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/010	5.5.4 Beds of lakes and rivers general conditions	Not stated	We recommended that extracting logs via cable hauling across streams/rivers including associated stream bed disturbance is a permitted activity on the provision all conditions under Rule 102 are met.
Forest Enterprises Growth Ltd	S275/011	Rule R122: Removing vegetation - permitted activity	Not stated	We want to exclude plantation forestry from Rule 122, subsection K.
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/001	Policy P3: Precautionary approach	Amend	Clarify what the precautionary approach is towards, which is the natural environment through minimizing the impact on the environment.
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/002	Policy P7: Uses of land and water	Not stated	[Do not provide blanket support for aquaculture practices].
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/003	Policy P32: Adverse effects on aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Not stated	[Add option to "minimize" adverse effects to Policy P32]

Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/004	Policy P7: Uses of land and water	Amend	Remove or soften the part of P7 [relating to] the use of fresh water body as cleaning, dilution and disposal of waste water.
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/005	Policy P7: Uses of land and water	Amend	Include a catchment-based approach to stormwater management in Policy P73
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/006	Rule R127: Reclamation of the beds of rivers or lakes - non-complying activity	Support	[Retain]
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/007	Rule R153: Removal or demolition of a structures or part of a structure - restricted discretionary activity	Not stated	[Decision unclear; refer to original submission for details.]
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/008	Rule R191: Disturbance associated with beach grooming - permitted activity	Not stated	Make beach grooming at least a Discretionary or Restricted Discretionary activity (if not non-complying) within the marine reserve areas and other sites of significance.
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/009	Schedule F2c: Habitats for indigenous birds in the coastal marine area	Amend	Include the entire south coast, critical for penguins in particular, and dotterels in some places, in Schedule F2c, and make shore-based activities non-compliant.
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/010	Method M22: Integrated management of the coast	Not stated	[Decision unclear; refer to original submission for details.]
Friends of Taputeranga Marine Reserve Trust	S69/011	Schedule F5: Habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values in the coastal marine area	Not stated	Add Moa Point to the giant kelp beds (in particular in the bay across from the dog pound).

Friends of the Otaki River Inc	S319/001	Rule R121: Maintenance of drains - permitted activity	Not stated	Rule R121 conditions are impractical and time consuming.
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/001	Rule R48: Stormwater from an individual property - permitted activity	Amend	That any discharge of sediment or stormwater [assumed to refer to Rule R48] to the Wainui Catchment Streams (and other significant streams in the Region listed in Schedule F) is a discretionary activity (and not permitted as proposed)
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/002	Schedule F: Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Support	Retain Wainui Catchment Streams as listed in Schedule F as having "high macroinvertebrate community health".
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/003	10 Kapiti Coast Whaitua	Not stated	Include the Friends [of the Paekakariki Streams] as members of the Kapiti Coast Whaitua Committee.
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/004	Rule R42: Minor discharges - permitted activity	Amend	That any discharge of sediment [under Rule R42?] or stormwater to the Wainui Catchment Streams (and other significant streams in the Region listed in Schedule F) is a discretionary activity (not permitted as proposed).
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/005	Entire Plan	Not stated	Include riparian protection and setbacks in the plan.
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/006	Method M12: Sustainable land management practices	Not stated	Encourage landowners to restore margins with stable indigenous vegetation wherever possible [no reference to a provision given]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/007	3.1 Ki uta ki tai: mountains to the sea	Support	[Not stated]

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/008	Objective O3: Mauri	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/009	Objective O4: Intrinsic values	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/010	Objective O5: Fresh and coastal water	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/011	Objective O15: Kaitiakitanga	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/012	Objective O17: Natural character	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/013	Objective O18: Low energy receiving environments	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/014	Objective O21: High hazard areas	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/015	Objective O22: Hard engineering	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/016	Objective O23: Maintain or improve water quality	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/017	Objective O24: Contact recreation and Maori customary use	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/018	Objective O26: Mahinga kai	Support	[Not stated]

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/019	Objective O27: Riparian margins	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/020	Objective O28: Extent of wetlands	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/021	Objective O29: Fish passage	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/022	Objective O31: Outstanding water bodies	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/023	Objective O32: Outstanding natural features and landscapes	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/024	Objective O35: Significant indigenous biodiversity values	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/025	Objective O42: Soil health and erosion	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/026	Objective O44: Land use impacts on soil and water	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/027	Objective O45: Livestock access to waterbodies	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/028	Objective O46: Discharges to land	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/029	Objective O47: Sediment runoff	Support	[Not stated]

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/030	Objective O48: Stormwater networks	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/031	Objective O49: Wastewater discharges to land	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/032	Objective O50: Wastewater discharges to fresh water	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/033	Objective O51: Hazardous substances	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/034	Objective O58: Noise and underwater noise	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/035	Policy P1: Ki uta ki tai and integrated catchment management	Support	[not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/036	Policy P3: Precautionary approach	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/037	Policy P4: Minimising adverse effects	Support	[not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/038	Policy P5: Review of existing consents	Support	[not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/039	Policy P8: Beneficial activities	Support	[not stated]

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/040	Policy P10: Contact recreation and Maori customary use	Support	[not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/041	Policy P24: Outstanding natural character	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/042	Policy P25: Natural character	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/043	Policy P26: Natural processes	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/044	Policy P29: Climate change	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/045	Policy P30: Natural buffers	Support	[not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/046	Policy P31: Aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/047	Policy P32: Adverse effects on aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/048	Policy P33: Protecting indigenous fish habitat	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/049	Policy P34: Fish passage	Support	[Not stated]

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/050	Policy P35: Restoring fish passage	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/051	Policy P36: Effects on indigenous bird habitat	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/052	Policy P37: Values of wetlands	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/053	Policy P38: Restoration of wetlands	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/054	Policy P39: Adverse effects on outstanding water bodies	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/055	Policy P40: Ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/056	Policy P41: Managing adverse effects on ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/057	Policy P42: Protecting and restoring ecosystems and habitats with significant indigenous biodiversity values	Support	[Not stated]

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/058	Policy P48: Protection of outstanding natural features and landscapes	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/059	Policy P52: Managing ambient air quality	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/060	Policy P60: Agrichemicals and fumigants	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/061	Policy P63: Improving water quality for contact recreation and Maori customary use	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/062	Policy P65: Minimising effects of nutrient discharges	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/063	Policy P67: Minimising effects of discharges	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/064	Policy P68: Inappropriate discharges to water	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/065	Policy P70: Managing point source discharges for aquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/066	Policy P73: Minimising adverse effects of stormwater discharges	Support	[Not stated]

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/067	Policy P84: On-site domestic wastewater management	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/068	Policy P85: Biosolids and treated wastewater to land	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/069	Policy P96: Managing land use	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/070	Policy P97: Managing sediment discharges	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/071	Policy P98: Accelerated soil erosion	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/072	Policy P99: Livestock access to surface water bodies	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/073	Policy P100: Riparian margins for cultivation and break-feeding	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/074	Policy P101: Management of riparian margins	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/075	Policy P103: Management of gravel extraction	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/076	Policy P106: Management of plants in the beds of lakes and rivers	Support	[Not stated]

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/077	Policy P107: The framework for taking and using water	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/078	Policy P108: Integrating groundwater and surface water	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/079	Policy P150: Noise and lighting	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/080	Policy P151: Underwater noise	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/081	Rule R41: All other discharges - discretionary activity	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/082	Rule R111: Reclamation of outstanding natural wetlands - prohibited activity	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/083	Method M12: Sustainable land management practices	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/084	Method M14: Maintenance of drains	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/085	Method M15: Regional stormwater working group	Support	[Not stated]

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/086	Method M20: Wetlands	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/087	Method M21: Fish passage	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/088	Method M28: Development of good management practice guidelines.	Support	[Not stated]
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/089	Rule R36: Agrichemicals - permitted activity	Amend	Change to Discretionary
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/090	Rule R37: Agrichemicals into water - permitted activity	Amend	Change to Discretionary
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/091	Rule R39: Fumigation - permitted activity	Amend	Change to discretionary
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/092	Rule R40: Discharge of other fumigants - controlled activity	Amend	Change to discretionary
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/093	Rule R50: Stormwater from a local authority network at plan notification - controlled activity	Amend	Change to discretionary
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/094	Rule R82: Application of fertiliser from ground-based or aerial application - permitted activity	Amend	Change to discretionary

Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/095	Rule R97: Access to the beds of surface water bodies by livestock - permitted activity	Amend	Change rule to discretionary
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/096	Rule R99: Earthworks-permitted activity	Amend	Change rule to discretionary
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/097	Rule R100: Vegetation clearance on erosion prone land - permitted activity	Amend	Change rule to discretionary
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/098	Rule R102: Plantation forestry harvesting on erosion prone land - permitted activity	Amend	Change to discretionary
Friends of the Paekakariki Streams	S112/099	Rule R121: Maintenance of drains - permitted activity	Amend	Change to discretionary